"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, colder to-day; fair to-morrow; moderate north winds.
For full weather report see Page 16.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,481. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1914.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark, Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

GARRISON ASKS FOR A LIEUT.-GENERAL

Requests Revival of Higher Army Grade to Match Navy's Vice Admirals.

EYE TO JOINT OPERATIONS

Army Should Not Play Second Fiddle to Navy, Says Hay, to Whom War Secretary Writes.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Lindley M. Garrison, Secretary of War, has sent to Representative James Hay of Virginia, Chairman of the House Committee on Military Affairs, a letter that promises to have an important bearing on legislation now pending before Congress providing for the creation of six Vice Admirals for the navy.

In this letter Secretary Garrison says that if the grade of Vice Admiral is to be revived for the navy the grade of Lieutenant General ought to be restored to the army. Unless this is done the Secretary says that the navy, by reason of having the superior grade of Vice Admiral, will outrank the army in joint service matters.

Under this condition, Secretary Garrison points out, "it is easy to see that the army will perforce be looked upon as a subordinate branch, and this is too inequitable to be contemplated with equanimity."

The fact that Secretary Garrison had written such a letter was known to-day to very few men at the Capitol, but when members of the House Committee on Naval Affairs became aware of it, they were considerably perturbed through fear that the appeal for the revival of the Lieutenant General grade might defeat the appeal of Secretary Daniels and other friends of the navy for the creation of six new Vice Admirals.

The Senate passed a bill on Feb. 12 providing for the creation of the latter, three of whom would have command of the Atlantic, the Asiatic, and the Pacific fleets. The Senate bill is now pending before the House Naval Committee. The Senate, having in former years always opposed the revival of the Vice Admiral grade, friends of the measure in the House have felt rather confident that the bill would become law without delay. The Garrison letter, however, has injected a new important element into the situation.

Chairman Hay informed the Secretary of War in reply that he was in hearty accord with the latter's views, and said that if the Vice Admirals bill was pressed he [Mr. Hay] would insist that it be amended so as to provide also for Lieutenants General for the army.

Here is the text of the Garrison letter:

Garrison's Letter.

War Department, Washington.
Feb. 18, 1914.

Hon. James Hay, Chairman Committee on Military Affairs,
House of Representatives.

My dear Mr. Hay: I am writing about the subject matter contained in this letter because of your legislative connection with the army in your capacity as Chairman of the Military Affairs Committee of the House. I am bringing this matter to your attention at this time to avoid the possibility of criticism which might otherwise be leveled at the department. I do not wish to be open to the suggestion that I was silent when I should have spoken, and that during the pendency of legislation which indirectly affected my department, I did not frankly disclose the views which I held concerning the matter and which should have been made known to those who were considering it.

I refer to Senate Bill 4,247, which passed that body on Feb. 13 and is now in the House of Representatives, in the hands, I think, of the Naval Committee. The effect of that bill is to create the grade of Vice Admiral in the navy. This grade corresponds with that of Lieutenant General in the army, and this latter grade has been, as you know, abolished in the army.

The effect, therefore, of the passage of this bill would be to create a grade in the navy superior to any grade existing in the army. The obvious injustice and detrimental effect of this as to the army is too clear to require more than statement. All the reasons which can legitimately be urged for the creation of this grade in the navy, so as to efficiently handle the units properly composing a command to be under the direction of such an officer in the navy, are present in at least an equal degree in the army. If, therefore, Congress in its wisdom and after full consideration, sees the desirability of giving the navy this grade, so that it may be properly and efficiently officered, Congress should do so in view of the fact that a similar grade for a similar purpose is needed in the army and should be accorded to it. I do not elaborate upon this, because my purpose now is simply to call attention to the existing situation and to suggest the necessity of the legislation, the character of which I have spoken of, and I will be pleased to furnish, if called upon, the proper measure to carry this into effect, together with the reasons which should induce its enactment.

My present purpose, as above indicated, is to suggest the necessity of considering at the same time both services whose interests are involved, and to indicate that grave injury will be done to the branch of the service which I have the honor to represent if a superior grade is created for the other service, and also to indicate the necessity of providing for similar grades in both services. The embarrassment which arises when either branch of the service is brought in contact with officers of foreign service of superior grade to any existing in our service, is identical; but the constant embarrassment which would arise between the two services is too apparent to call for more than mention. If, in all those joint matters in which the army and navy are concerned, the navy, by reason of the possession of the superior grade, should be entitled

Continued on Page 2.

DR. AKED DERIDES CRITICS.

Calls Heresy Controversy a Hurricane in a Demi-Tasse.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 19.—The Rev. Dr. Charles F. Aked, pastor of the First Congregational Church, San Francisco, and formerly pastor of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, New York, declares in a signed statement in to-morrow's Philadelphia Public Ledger that sensational reporting started the nation-wide controversy over his alleged heretical pronouncement regarding the miraculous birth of Christ and that "persons who cannot distinguish between the birth of a woman and the birth of her own son are not those to whom philosophical, theological, or critical questions should be referred."

The minister also says that the declarations to which so much exception has been taken recently were made by him previously in the New York church in the presence of John D. Rockefeller and John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and other members of the more orthodox Baptist Church, and "no such silly controversy" as the present one was started.

"There is nothing original in my views," he says. "They are the common property of educated men and women in all the Protestant Churches of the world. There is nothing new in them. All the people who write books and all the people who read books have for long been familiar with them.

"If I had never assailed the Barbary Coast you would never have heard a word about my alleged heresies. My critics of themselves could not have broken into the front page of the daily newspapers with an axe. In itself the whole business is trivial. It is not big enough to be called a tempest in a teapot. It is only a hurricane in a demi-tasse."

CHARITY ROW OVER BABIES.

Greenwich Town Meeting to Judge Between Rival Organizations.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Feb. 19.—As a result of differences of opinion between the Executive Committee of the United Workers, the town's fashionable charitable organization, and the committee which has had charge of the Emily Bruce House, better known as the Babies' Home, as to what is best for the homeless babies and for the community at large, a special town meeting has been called for Wednesday evening of next week.

This meeting will be asked to terminate the privileges granted to the United Workers at a town meeting held Oct. 7, 1912, for the use of the Bruce Memorial Home and to turn the building over to a new and independent organization, the Emily Bruce Shelter, Incorporated, for practically the same purposes for which it has been used for about a year.

There are sixteen babies in the institution at this time, and the United Workers argued that they should be placed with families in the town. The Emily Bruce House Committee would not agree to this.

Mrs. W. A. Stevens, district visitor of the United Workers, has resigned to-day to accept a similar position with the rival organization, which will be composed chiefly of Greenwich Republican women of influence. Mrs. Henry Paull, wife of a New York lawyer, who has conducted the work of publicity for the United Workers has also resigned. More friction is expected to-morrow.

Many New York society women are interested in the controversy, among them Mrs. Nathaniel Witherill, Mrs. E. N. Blanke, Mrs. Nelson Macy, Mrs. George E. Nichols, Mrs. F. C. Hyde, Mrs. Eton H. Hooker, Mrs. W. H. Truesdale, Mrs. R. Jay Walsh, Mrs Albert W Johnston, Miss Marian E. Mead, Mrs. Charles E. Peck, Mrs. Julian Curtiss, Mrs. James C. Green, Mrs. E. N. Chapman, Mrs. Seymour Runk, Miss Elizabeth Leonard, Miss Julia B. Mead, Mrs. F. C. Bursch, Mrs. E. D. Pouch, Mrs. Henry Dayton.

Mrs. D. J. Holden, Mrs. C. D. Lanier, Mrs. G. C. St. John, Mrs. Dwight Boyden, Mrs. Charles F. Taylor, Mrs. M. B. Carrowes, Mrs. F. H. Nichols, Mrs. F. M. Curson, Mrs. Henry Schwarz, Mrs. Leslie Bruce, Mrs. Frederic Gotthold, Miss Louise C. Mead, Mrs. Charles A. Moore, Mrs. F. Kissam Brown, Mrs. Joseph Holland Hunt, Mrs. William S. Coney, Mrs. Duncan Edwards, Mrs. Percy A. Rockefeller, Mrs. William G. Rockefeller, Mrs. A. A. Anderson, Mrs. George F. Dominick, Mrs. H. Durant Cheever, and Mrs. C. M. Chester, Jr.

CARNEGIE REFUSES TO AID.

Tells Aero Club That Airships Don't Mean Peace to Him.

If the aeroplane has any possibilities as a harbinger of universal peace, Andrew Carnegie has so far failed to observe them and his failure he noted rather emphatically in a letter he sent yesterday to Henry Woodhouse, a member of the Committee on Water Flying of the Aero Club of America.

Mr. Carnegie's letter was in response to an appeal to him to assist the Panama-Pacific Exposition's plan for an aeroplane race around the world on the ground that the race would constitute a great peace-promoting expedition across all known frontiers.

In declining to aid in promoting the race Mr. Carnegie wrote:

New York, Feb. 19, 1914.
Henry Woodhouse, Esq.,
297 Madison Avenue,
New York City.
Dear Sir:
Yours of February 14 received. I hav hitherto been concernd in regard to the airship becoming an instrument of destruction like submarines, and hav expected a movement for debarring them from being used for projectiles or bombs which could be dropt from above to destroy. They should be ultra vires.
Very truly yours,
ANDREW CARNEGIE.

Other prominent leaders in the peace movement indorsed the idea of an around-the-world race as a peace-promoting expedition. Hamilton Holt wrote that he favored the plan because of what aeroplanes did to make military surprises impossible during the recent Balkan war.

A number of letters have been received at the Aero Club of America from European aero clubs, offering all possible help in organizing an around-the-world race if such an event should be sanctioned. President Hawley of the Aero Club said these letters were especially significant since they indicated that in Europe, where the art of flying is much more advanced than it is in this country, they considered such a race to be practicable.

MRS. LINDSEY IN HOSPITAL.

Denver Judge's Bride Has Slight Attack of Heart Trouble.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Feb. 19.—Mrs. Benjamin B. Lindsey, bride of Judge Lindsey, was taken to St. Luke's Hospital this morning suffering from a slight attack of heart trouble. Her illness is not serious. Her physician said it was necessary for her to have absolute quiet for a short time and advised that she be taken to the hospital.

Mrs. Lindsey has entered actively into the social life of the city since she came here a few weeks ago, and it is believed that this overtaxed her strength.

ALL "EAST COAST" POINTS REACHED
BY "N. Y. & FLORIDA SPECIAL."
Atlantic Coast Line. 12:35 noon. 2 other Ltd. Trains daily. 1218 B'way. Tel. Mad. Sq. 1600. —Adv.

ASSEMBLY TO RAKE RECORD OF GLYNN

Sullivan Graft Hunters Will Delve Into His Acts as Controller and Governor.

SIFT ALL ELECTIVE PLACES

Dix and Sulzer to be Included—Osborne Will Hear Hennessy on Asphalt Charges Involving Delaney.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 19.—All State departments headed by elective officials will come in for a searching inquiry by the Assembly Graft Investigating Committee. John Leo Sullivan, the Chairman, before leaving for his home in Dunkirk to-day, declared that the official acts of Governors Dix, Sulzer, and Glynn would be closely scrutinized. In connection with the contemplated investigation of the Controller's office it was said that the Assembly graft hunters would carry their inquiry back far enough to take in the term of Mr. Glynn as Controller during the first Hughes Administration.

The office of the State Engineer, Chairman Sullivan believes, should come in for a searching investigation. Frederick Skene, the Democrat, who was at the head of that department during the first Hughes Administration, was indicted many times in connection with alleged irregularities involving highway contracts. These indictments were subsequently quashed by the courts in this county.

John A. Bensel, the present incumbent, during his first term was a member of the Reel Highway Commission, against which much damaging evidence has been produced before District Attorney Whitman and James W. Osborne. The Sullivan Committee will investigate the actions of Mr. Bensel as a member of the Highway Commission at the period in 1912 when Democratic bagmen were roaming the State, and the success of contractors bidding for work on the highways seemed dependent upon their willingness to make liberal contributions to the Democratic campaign fund.

In addition, the Sullivan Committee plans an investigation of the Barge Canal work along lines suggested by Majority Leader Harold J. Hinman of the Assembly. The Democratic Legislature of last year, after Mr. Hinman had complained of the tardiness and high cost of Barge Canal construction, instructed the Frawley Committee to investigate the matter, with the result that Hr. Bensel, after a meeting of that body lasting less than fifteen minutes, received a clean bill of health.

The elective State officials thus far have been immune from investigation from the fact that neither Gov. Sulzer nor Gov. Glynn, under the existing law, had any right to send investigators into body's department.

Largely at the instigation of John A. Hennessy, the Sullivan Committee probably will investigate the "printing ring." When James W. Osborne was counsel to the Bayne Investigating Committee ten years ago investigating Albany County affairs, grilled William Barnes, Jr., Republican State Chairman, who, like Gov. Glynn, owned a newspaper and printing plant here, regarding his connection with the lucrative business of supplying forms to the State. Mr. Barnes refused to produce his books, and his attitude was upheld by the courts. Mr. Sullivan, an anti-Barnes Republican, said to-day that if necessary he would not hesitate to call Mr. Barnes, who, he said, would be "treated like any other witness."

The committee held a brief executive session this morning, at which it was decided to begin the taking of testimony next Tuesday evening. The committee will sit two nights a week throughout the Summer and Fall, until the beginning of the Gubernatorial compaign. The committee will hold a meeting in New York Saturday, which District Attorney Whitman is expected to attend. At that meeting the mass of evidence adduced before him with reference to graft in the State departments will be analyzed for the benefit of the members.

OSBORNE TO HEAR HENNESSY.

Asphalt Conspiracy Inquiry Here Tuesday—A $600,000 Road Waste.

ALBANY, Feb. 19.—The charge that a conspiracy existed to secure favorable specifications for the use of asphalt and oil in the building of roads by the State will be investigated next Tuesday in New York by James W. Osborne, Gov. Glynn's investigator. It is alleged that John H. Delaney, before his appointment as State Commissioner of Efficiency and Economy, agreed to use his influence to secure the favorable specifications.

The testimony in relation to this charge will be given by John A. Hennessy, who has asked Mr. Osborne to subpoena the books of the Warner-Quinlan Asphalt Company, declaring that they would tend to prove his assertions. Mr. Hennessy will deny the allegation in the charges filed with Gov. Glynn that he received money from agents of the Barber Asphalt Company to aid him in conducting the investigation ordered by Gov. Sulzer. Mr. Hennessy says that before his departure for Europe he wants to give his story of the incidents referred to in the charges filed by Henry A. Rubino, attorney for the Warner-Quinlan Company, and directed against John N. Carlisle and Mr. Hennessy. It is said by Mr. Hennessy that Mr. Rubino was retained by the Warner-Quinlan Company at the suggestion of Mr. Delaney.

John Martin, efficiency expert in the State Highway Department, when a witness to-day before Mr. Osborne, estimated that the State lost $400,000 in the purchase of stone from highway contractors who had produced inferior stone than their contracts called for. This stone was banked up at the sides of the roads and was bought by the State to be used in maintenance work. Mr. Martin said the stone was too large for maintenance work and that the amount paid by the State was virtually lost.

The State lost $200,000 more, Mr. Martin testified, in asphalt and oil for the repair of roads. He declared that from what he had observed on eighty-four roads he judged that 111,500 gallons of oil had been wasted and left along the roads. Judging the roads in the twenty counties he investigated by the eighty-four he examined as to oil, Mr. Martin said the total loss on oil was about $200,000.

Joseph Curran, who was employed by John A. Hennessy to examine new roads, brought out that two roads in Chautauqua County built by the Kerwin Construction Company of Albany had not been built according to specifications. He declared that a black, loamy clay had been used instead of gravel.

John A. Stephens, formerly law partner of the late David B. Hill, appeared for the Kerwin Company, but before he was permitted to make a statement Mr. Osborne gave directions to his assistant to refer the case of the two roads to the Chautauqua County Grand Jury.

"You can't scare me by sending the case to the Grand Jury," Mr. Stephens said. "I couldn't be scared. I could only be disgusted. It's too bad that you have not finished the whole farce. You are a fine investigator."

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Lily Dashing Cups are Disposable. White Paper Service Cup Co., Times Bldg. Phone and write. —Adv.

The Mother of Washington

A reproduction in four colors of the only known portrait of Mary Ball Washington, ready for framing, will be part of NEXT SUNDAY'S NEW YORK TIMES.

The Pictorial Section will include reproductions of part of the Morgan collection, some striking views of the volcanic eruption in Japan, and other photographs of wide interest.

HUERTA WILL EXILE CRITIC OF WILSON

Tells O'Shaughnessy That Miron, Fire-Eating Editor, Will Be Sent Abroad.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 19.—Salvador Diaz Miron, editor of El Imparcial, against whose anti-American editorials Nelson O'Shaughnessy, the American Chargé d'Affaires, has protested, is to sent out of the country, according to President Huerta, who has assured Mr. O'Shaughnessy that Miron will go on a foreign mission.

Gen. Huerta to-day celebrated the anniversary of his accession to the Presidency with a review of the garrison and the formal decoration of the regimental colors of the Twenty-ninth Regiment, the organization which, under command of Gen. Blanquet, placed Madero under arrest. The President conferred decorations on several officers for distinguished service.

The ceremony was attended by Mr. O'Shaughnessy and the other members of the Diplomatic Corps. The troops reviewed numbered 3,500, and included a regiment of lancers recently created, which branch of the service it is the intention of the President to enlarge.

El Imparcial, in an editorial to-day, referred to the events of the first year of Gen. Huerta's administration, bestowing upon him high praise for his efforts to restore peace.

Notwithstanding the fact that Gen. Felix Diaz has sent word to friends here that he has no intention of participating in the rebellion, there are some who profess to have information that he intends to join the oConstitutionalists.

The agreement between Gen. Huerta and Gen. Huerta and Gen. Villa for the maintenance of a neutral zone at Torreon is not so vital to foreigners as it would have been a few months ago, because there are now left in Torreon not more than a dozen Americans and only a few more Spaniards. Gen. Huerta, although he promises to aid the plan, smiles when it is mentioned, as he professes to believe that there will be no battle at Torreon. He appears confident that his forces will be able to check the rebels [illegible] Gen. Velasco, commander at Torreon, has strongly fortified the town.

TRYING TO SAVE BENTON.

British and American Officials Labor with Villa—Castillo Jailed.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Feb. 19.—All the machinery of the British Foreign Office has been set in motion to save the life of William S. Benton, a British subject, and a ranch owner in the State of Chihuahua.

Benton went to Juarez on Wednesday to see Villa on business. Hot words were exchanged between him and the rebel General. A revolver was drawn, and a woman who happened in the room stepped between the two. What followed is still a mystery. Villa will not say more than that Benton is not in Juarez, and that he has a revolver that belonged to the Scotchman.

Relatives here have wired to the Foreign Office in London, to the British Ambassador in Washington, and to Secretary Bryan. The British Consul is being sent here from Los Angeles to investigate. The special State Department representative is working hard to save Benton, and Villa is being urged to release him. To-night Benton is reported to be free, but he has not yet communicated with his family.

William Bausch, a German railroad man, is also being held as a spy. He is said to have been caught with Federal papers on him, and Villa has announced that he will have him shot before he departs for Torreon.

Maximo Castillo was brought to Fort Bliss to-night and locked in the prison guardhouse with Gen. Salazar. He was heavily guarded, and was accompanied by the nine men and one woman who crossed with him at Dog Springs. He still insists that he had nothing to do with the Cumbre Tunnel tragedy.

NEUTRAL ZONE ASSURED.

Villa and Huerta Consent to Establish One Near Torreon.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Establishment of a neutral zone in which noncombatants of Torreon and vicinity may find safety when the Federals and Constitutionalists meet in the next great battle of the Mexican revolution was assured to-day when Gen. Villa agreed to the plan. Gen. Huerta had already been approached on the subject through the American Embassy at Mexico City, and he readily assented with the stipulation that binding assurances that the zone would be respected be obtained from the Constitutionalists.

This idea originated with the State Department as the result of expressions of apprehension from several foreign Embassies and Legations here for the safety of their citizens.

Gen. Hugh L. Scott, at Fort Bliss, was charged to lay the matter before Gen. Villa, and he broached the subject yesterday in a personal talk on the International Bridge, which was followed up by a formal agreement to-day.

Incidentally it is understood that Gen. Scott has been instrumental in influencing Gen. Villa to adopt civilized methods of warfare, and in advising him as to the International treating prisoners of war and non-combatants within the zone of military operations. The rebel leader is said to have shown himself very amenable to suggestions.

Because of the peculiar location of Torreon, in a rough and hilly country, it has been found that to obtain a location of perfect safety for the non-combatants it will be necessary to remove them some distance from the town proper. Such a location has been found at Tlahualilo, about four or five miles from Torreon, and the site has been approved by the military experts. It is estimated that at least twenty-four hours will be required to transfer the inhabitants of the city to this sheltered ranch, but from the leisurely manner in which the campaign is being developed it is thought that there will be ample notice of a general engagement.

At the instance of the British Em-

Continued on Page 2.

CALIFORNIA FLOODS SPREAD WIDE RUIN

Two Lives Lost and Damage Estimated at $500,000 to $1,000,000.

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 19.—Two lives were lost and damage estimated at from $500,000 to $1,000,000 was wrought by the storm which brought a record rain to six Southern California counties yesterday and to-day. At several points near Los Angeles a precipitation of from six to eight inches was recorded between midnight Tuesday and 8 o'clock this morning. The orange growing section and the railroads suffered most.

The three trunk lines entering Los Angeles, the Southern Pacific, the Santa Fé, and the Salt Lake Railroads, were compelled to route all trains over a Santa Fé branch line. Santa Barbara and the towns in the foothills region were still cut off, although the former was expected to regain rail communication late to-night.

At Covina, in the fruit growing section, the storm caused damage estimated at $100,000. Orange orchards there were washed out. The body of Harold Seitz, a rancher drowned there, was recovered. The body of Emmet Osterman, the 13-year-old boy drowned at Santa Barbara, was believed to have been swept out to sea.

Many residences were destroyed in this city. In the low-lying section in Orange County hundreds of acres were inundated. The homes of thirty Mexican families in that district were swept away.

At Venice, a resort on Ocean Shore, the canals flooded the town, and a motor boat cruising through the streets came into collision with an automobile in which Mayor Holbrook was making a tour of investigation.

All the electric suburban lines radiating out of Los Angeles were crippled and some of them will not be in operation for another day or two. The entire country between the city and the harbor at San Pedro was under water yesterday and to-day.

GLENDORA, Cal., Feb. 19.—Frank [illegible] caused by the storm yesterday. Pancake, Charles Gordon, and Samuel Riser were riding in a motor car, when a retaining wall gave way and loosed a wall of water five feet deep on them. The car was overturned and the men swept through an orchard, near Chance's place.

Chance witnessed the accident, and procuring ropes, floated them down to where the imperiled men were clinging to trees. All managed to grasp the ropes and were dragged to safety.

RUSH PULMOTOR TO RESCUE

Churned the Slush in Streets to Mitchell Weiss, a Suicide.

Its tire chains throwing the slush on Harlem streets high into the air, a Consolidated Gas Company motor emergency wagon made a record run from 111th Street and First Avenue yesterday, bearing a pulmotor to Dr. Edgar L. Spitzer, who was working over Mitchell Weiss, owner of two apartment houses, 16 and 18 West 113th Street, whose wife had found him unconscious, with a gas tube in his mouth. After two hours Dr. Spitzer relieved the pulmotor crew of their work, saying that Weiss could not be resuscitated.

The crew of the emergency wagon were busy with some repair work when the call for the pulmotor came in. They threw the apparatus into the body of the wagon, cranked their engine, and got under way in a few seconds. As they turned the first corner the heavy wheels churned the loose snow to a froth, and, once bound west over 110th St. to Fifth Ave., the high speed and zigzagging around wagons, made spectators halt in wonder at the chances taken. The trip was finished, however, without mishap.

Mrs. Rebecca Weiss, who lived with her husband on the first floor of 16 West 113th Street, told the police that she had gone out yesterday at noon to do some shopping. When she returned at 3 o'clock she found her husband in the parlor, a handkerchief knotted tightly about his neck and a gas tube in his mouth. She called Dr. Spitzer, who said there was still a chance to save Weiss. He telephone the telephone and asked that the pulmotor be sent.

Weiss was 49 years old, and had been married twice, as had his wife, whose son lived with them.

The police decided that there was nothing suspicious about Weiss's death, and permission was given to remove the body to a private morgue.

C., B. & Q. WAGES INCREASED

Trainmen Get Advance of $100,000 a Year Through Arbitration.

CHICAGO, Feb. 19.—Wage increases approximating $100,000 a year were granted to the 5,000 trainmen on the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad by a board of arbitration to-day. The award provided for full payment for all services performed, either in miles or hours, but in almost every instance denied requests for extra payments for service incidental to regular duties. No reductions in pay were made.

A minimum wage for passenger trainmen was established for the first time. The monthly rates are as follows:

Conductors, $134.20; baggagemen, $80.05; brakemen and flagmen, $74.90. The minimum pay for Chicago suburban trainmen was increased to the following: Conductors, $112.34; collectors, $85; brakemen, $72.

With few exceptions the award placed the compensation of way-freight trainmen on the mileage basis, conductors to receive 4.75 cents and brakemen 3.25 cents a mile, 100 miles or less, ten hours or less to constitute a day.

The railroad is bound by the agreement not to reduce passenger crews or increase their mileage to offset the increase in wages.

Sunbeam Florida Limited—10:30 A. M. Daily equipped Florida train—2 other fast trains for Florida, Carolina Resorts, Atlanta, Birmingham. Seaboard Office, 1184 B'way.—Adv.

SURE OF CURE WITH KOCH TUBERCULIN

Dr. Bonime Teaching Improved Consumption Treatment He Has Proved a Success.

HOSPITAL TO OPEN DOORS

Polyclinic to Receive All Sufferers Who Apply—Cure Limited to First Two Stages.

More than fifty physicians received their first lesson in the treatment of tuberculosis with Koch tuberculin by an improved method on Monday at the Polyclinic Hospital, the first medical institution in the United States to provide a course of instruction in the use of this remedy. Under the supervision of Dr. John A. Wyeth, former President of the American Medical Association and President of the Polyclinic Hospital, the course was begun by Dr. Ellis Bonime of 24 East Forty-eighth Street, who has had an unbroken record of success in the treatment of cases of lung, bone, and gland tuberculosis at the hospital during the last eighteen months.

When the tuberculin of the late Dr. Robert Koch of Germany was first administered in 1891 it was a disastrous failure. To-day by the new method of treatment, however, Dr. Bonime told his students, tuberculin effects a cure in practically 100 per cent. of bone and gland cases. It also cures 100 per cent. of cases of tuberculosis of the lungs in the first stage, 90 per cent. of cases in the second stage, but it cannot be used successfully in the third stage. When it is used during the last stage its effect is likely to hasten death.

"The reason that the remedy was a failure during the first years after its discovery is that the dosage was too great. Formerly from one-tenth of a milligramme to a milligramme of the tuberculin was the initial injection. This is from 1,000,000 to 10,000,000 times as great as the first dose now administered. The large dose produced a reaction which made the disease more virulent than before.

To Treat All Who Apply.

During the last 18 months Dr. Bonime has cured about 100 bone and gland cases at the Polyclinic Hospital. This institution specializes on surgical cases and for this reason fewer cases of consumption of the lungs have been treated. Dr. Bonime, however, has cured with tuberculin nine cases of tuberculosis of the lungs at the hospital and more than thirty patients whom he treated privately.

Now, since the course of instruction has been started treatment will be accorded to all sufferers from tuberculosis of the lungs who apply for it. When Dr. Bonime was warned yesterday that such an announcement would [illegible] to bring [illegible] to the hospital, he replied: "We will treat them all. Those in the first and second stages of consumption will receive the tuberculin and those in the third stages will be given such relief as medical science now affords.

"What is now being attempted is to get the general practitioner to use the remedy. Many physicians who have made use of it have been unsuccessful because they have used coarse measures in determining the size of a dose. The measurement of the dosage is one of the most essential things to the treatment. You can see, when the dose must be corrected to the millionth part of a milligramme, what care is necessary.

"A great deal of misunderstanding exists as to the nature of the tuberculin. This ought to be explained exactly to anticipate another possible sensation for the anti-vivisectionists. The bacilli of bovine tuberculosis are introduced into blood serum. In a short time the bacilli have multiplied and fed on the blood serum until it has become a solid mass of bacteria. In the manufacture of Koch's 'Old Serum,' which is that used in these cases, the bacteria, after they have consumed all the serum, are starved for a year or more. Then the bacteria are killed by being pasteurized, that is, being kept for several hours at a temperature of 155 degrees. After that an extract is obtained by filtering the bacteria through porcelain so that none of the bodies of the bacteria enter the tuberculin.

How the Tuberculin Acts.

"It was discovered by Koch that the extract had the same effect on the body that the bacteria themselves has. An injection of the tuberculin causes the body to produce a supply of its protective agent. The nature of this protective agent is not well known. A common name for it is 'anti-bodies.' Its effect, anyhow, is to increase the power of the white corpuscles in the blood to destroy the tubercles in the body.

"When the body responds to an injection of tuberculin, the defensive forces thus called out have no enemy to conquer in tuberculin, since it is only an extract of the bacteria, and so they assist in the war which the body is already waging against the tuberculosis bacilli in the body.

"But the effect of too strong a dose of the tuberculin is to overwhelm the protective agent. The protective agent is paralyzed temporarily, at least, and the body deprived of its natural defense, so that it suffers more from the tuberculosis bacilli than if the tuberculin had not been injected at all.

"Here we have the need of careful measuring comes in. Physicians who have not determined their dosage with exactness have found that their patients suffered the dangerous reaction, and the frequency of such cases has made many general practitioners skeptical of the remedy.

"The treatment cures curable cases within a period of from four to seven months. The cure is practically certain except where the bodily structure is wasted so that it can no longer perform its functions. In the third stage, where the lungs are practically gone, it seems impossible to make the dose so minute that no reaction follows. A reaction in such cases, of course, hastens death.

"The only time that a reaction is ever sought is when the tuberculin is used as a diagnostic to identify obscure gland cases. The reaction here can do no harm. Its only effect is to make the gland suppurate sooner than it otherwise would, but the suppuration would come sooner or later anyway, and when the presence of the disease is thus detected it can be treated. If the suspicion of gland tuberculosis was unfounded the injection of the tuberculin has no bad results whatever."

DU PONT RADIUM FREE.

Delaware Man to Give Away Product of His Colorado Ore.

DENVER, Feb. 19.—The work of extracting the radium from 150 tons of Colorado ore began here to-day. Hospitals are to receive the refined product, and none of it is to be sold, according to instructions received from A. I. du Pont of Delaware, owner of the ore.

The value of the radium contents cannot be estimated with any degree of accuracy, but it should be worth about $360,000.

Deerfoot Farm Sausages
Made of the tender meat of fifth year old choice spring lambs. You have never tasted perfect sausage until you have tried them. New York depot, 218 Church Street. Tel. 2241 Cortlandt.—Adv.

BRITISH MUSEUMS ROBBED.

Several Pictures Stolen—Man Arrested in Paris—Other Suspects.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, Feb. 20.—The Paris correspondent of The Times says the Paris police yesterday arrested at the Gare du Nord a Belgian, believed to be a member of an international gang of thieves, who are said to have stolen several pictures from British museums.

Of the exact identity of the pictures nothing is yet known. Four other arrests are believed to be imminent.

The police refuse further information for fear of placing the suspected men on their guard.

Detectives have been investigating the case for some days. The arrested man was identified by parcels that he left in the cloak room.

NEW TORPEDO RECORD.

Cruiser California Makes 5½ Hits Out of 7 Shots, One a Missfire.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Feb. 19.—Scoring 5½ hits out of 7 shots, the United States cruiser California established a new world's record for torpedo firing in battle practice off the coast here Tuesday. The seventh torpedo stuck in the tube and under the rules was counted as a shot.

The firing took place at a range of 3,000 yards while the cruiser was steaming ten knots an hour. The first five shots were bull's-eyes.

MRS. C. H. MACKAY SILENT.

Won't Talk of Divorce by French Courts Except to Admit the Fact.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Feb. 19.—Mrs. Clarence H. Mackay, when questioned to-day concerning the mutual divorce granted to her and her husband by the French courts on Feb. 11, would not talk except to admit that the divorce had been granted.

There is nothing in the available court records concerning the details of the divorce proceedings, the suit having been held in camera.

By The Associated Press.

PARIS, Feb. 19.—Coudert Brothers, the attorneys of Mr. Mackay, while confirming the report of the divorce, were unwilling to give any details.

The French newspapers are forbidden by law to publish reports of divorce suits.

The decision of the court was so drafted as to avoid reflections on either party.

FLAW IN TRADE BOARD?

McReynolds Said to Doubt Constitutionality of Parts of the Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Attorney General McReynolds is said to have raised a point as to the constitutionality of some of the provisions of the bill to create an Interstate Trade Commission. It was reported to-day that he had told President Wilson that some parts of the bill would not stand the test of judicial scrutiny.

No definite statement to confirm or refute this report could be obtained at the Department of Justice. At the White House the suggestion that the constitutionality of the trade commission idea had been brought into question was scouted, but it was admitted that the Attorney General was examining decisions of the courts that had a bearing on the proposed law.

Two points are involved in the legal question. One relates to the proposal to limit the jurisdiction of the Trade Commission, and to corporations doing a gross business under $3,000,000 a year. The other point relates to the power of the commission to seize the books and papers of corporations.

YALE, '14, PREFERS TIMES.

Class Votes for Football as Spectacle, Tennis as Pastime.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 19.—The likes and dislikes of the present senior class at Yale were aired to-day through their class votes. The class voted football their favorite game to watch, 215 favoring that sport as against 62 who voted for baseball, and voted tennis their favorite game to play, with 108 votes, baseball again being second, with 61 votes; golf third, with 38, and football fourth, with 24.

Almost unanimously Princeton was voted the favorite college, next to Yale. Old Nassau receiving 200 votes to 47 for Harvard, which was third.

The theatre was voted the class's favorite amusement, with 84 votes, the "movies" 19, reading 17, bridge 18, dancing 12, tennis 12, golf 8, and motoring 7.

Following the lead of Yale classes for five years, 1914 voted THE TIMES the favorite New York newspaper, with 118 votes; The Sun second, with 85; The Tribune third, with 37, and The Evening Post next, with 28.

Of the class which numbers 278, a total of 46 men are sons of fathers who were Yale graduates. Next come Michigan, with 6, and Columbia with 4. There are 26 members whose fathers hold the degree of Bachelor of Arts.

THIEF'S LOOT IN HIS POCKET

Barocklo Found Four Watches in His Coat After Getting Shaved.

Something jingled when John Barocklo, foreman of the Andrew McLean Net Manufacturing Company of 116 East Thirteenth Street, took off his overcoat after a visit to a nearby barber shop. Barocklo looked in the left pocket of the coat and found three sterling silver extension watch bracelets and a lady's gold watch.

The discovery bewildered him. He looked the coat over carefully to make sure he had not taken another man's by mistake when he left the barber shop. Then he went back and interviewed the barber. No one had complained of losing the jewelry. Barocklo then visited Police Headquarters and surrendered the articles.

The police expressed the opinion that they formed part of a general haul of some thief who, fearing detection, had slipped them into Barocklo's coat pocket.

Latest Shipping News.

BY MARCONI WIRELESS.

SS St. Paul, New York for Southampton, was 374 miles west of Lizard at 9:30 P. M. Due Plymouth 20th, late. American Line.

THE ALLTOGETHER POUCH
Holds pipe and tobacco. At Schulte's Cigar Stores.—Adv.

GOETHALS SILENT ON POLICE PLACE

Here from Panama, Doesn't Know Whether He Stands by His Famous Letter or Not.

GETS LETTER FROM MITCHEL

Mayor's Messenger Hands It to Him Down the Bay—Then Tries to Shoo Away Reporters.

COLONEL TALKS OF CANAL

Panama Railroad Boat Will Be the First Through, He Says—Off to Washington.

Col. George W. Goethals, Chairman of the Isthmian Canal Commission, who on April 1 next will take the oath of office as the first civil Governor of the Panama Canal Zone, arrived in New York on the United Fruit Company's liner Metapan last night. The canal builder greeted the newspaper men like old friends and talked about everything except the Police Commissionership of New York, a post that Mayor Mitchel insists the Colonel has accepted despite the fact that Col. Goethals has recently accepted the appointment of the Canal Governorship from President Wilson.

Col. Goethals said that he was "hot in politics," and said that his coming to the United States at this time was to appear before the Committee on Appropriations of the House in Washington with reference to the appropriation of money for the canal, and also to talk with the President and Secretary of War Garrison regarding the civil government of the Canal Zone. He will return to the Isthmus, he added, just as soon as his mission here is accomplished.

Robert S. Binkerd, Secretary of the City Club, went down the bay on the rev

the big steamers owned by the Government, and are now running in the New York-Cristobal service of the Panama Railroad Line.

Col. Goethals appeared enthusiastic over the coming institution of civil government, and there is no doubt but that he is anxious to get back to the Canal Zone and begin its installation. He will have many problems to solve, among them a readjustment of the wage scale to conform with the new law which requires that salaries must not be more than 25 per cent. greater than in the United States for the same work, and the organization of the army of about 3,000 employes who will be needed in the administration of the civil government and the operation of the canal and railroad.

"I hope," said Col. Goethals, "that I will be able to persuade President Wilson to come down to Panama and take a look at the canal before long."

John Burke Coming Here.

Speaking of the charges against John Burke, former manager of the Commissary Department of the Panama Railroad, Col. Goethals said that the matter was now out of his hands and in that of the Department of Justice in the United States.

Col. Goethals said that Burke was due in New Orleans yesterday and that he understood he would come immediately to New York and ask that an immediate hearing of the case be had. The matter is in the hands of United States District Attorney Marshall. Col. Goethals said that Burke was not accused of misappropriating funds but of accepting bonuses from companies to which contracts had been awarded.

Col. Goethals was accompanied by his daughter-in-law, Mrs. George W. Goethals, Jr., wife of Lieut. Goethals of the Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., and W. H. May, his private secretary.

At the pier he was met by his wife, ex-Secretary of War Henry L. Stimson, and Chester S. Lunger. Mr. Stimson said that his visit to the pier had absolutely no political significance.

To Washington at Midnight.

Col. Goethals arrived at the Pennsylvania Station at 11:50 o'clock last night in a taxicab. He was alone and carrying hand baggage. He bought his own ticket for Washington and secured his own Pullman reservations. He said that, while he had intended to take the 9:30 train, he had decided to take the later train so that he would not arrive in Washington so early in the morning.

He was asked about his movements since his arrival in the city, and was extremely vague except to say definitely that he had not seen Mayor Mitchel.

"I have talked to a United States District Attorney and with a man whose name I do not care to announce," he said. "I talked with this man on private business."

He said he had been speaking to some one on commissary matters connected with the canal work. It had been said when he left the boat that he was going to the Vanderbilt, but he did not go to that hotel.

MITCHEL SURE OF GOETHALS.

But Must Have Police Bills, He Tells Chamber of Commerce.

Mayor Mitchel told the members of the Chamber of Commerce yesterday that Col. George W. Goethals would become Police Commissioner of New York upon the physical completion of the Panama Canal, provided that certain conditions were met. The Mayor addressed the Chamber on the police bills now pending at Albany, which, if passed, will carry into effect certain suggestions that Col. Goethals made, and he let his audience know that on their enactment into law depends the decision of the canal builder.

"On the completion of the canal, if the President will retire Col. Goethals, upon his request," said Mr. Mitchel, "and I doubt if anybody thinks that the President would refuse that request after thirty-four years' service in the army, and if also the power be conferred upon the Police Commissioner to deal with removals and with disciplinary measures in the Police Department finally, without review or the possibility of reversal by the courts, without the possibility of having reinstated over the Commissioner's decision men whom he had considered unfit for service in the department—in that event Col. Goethals will accept the Police Commissionership of this city, and will come to serve the people of New York as he served the people of the United States on the Panama Canal.

"Col. Goethals will be here to-day. He will speak for himself, and, I have no doubt, reaffirm, if it be necessary, what he has already stated in his letter to me, and there the matter lies.

No Man Too Big for This Place.

"I know it has been argued—argued editorially and privately—that it is a shame to ask a man of the record and the attainments and the size of Col. Goethals to come here and put the reputation that he has built up in jeopardy in the Police Department. Gentlemen, just so long as we regard the problem in that light, we will get the kind of administration in the Police Department that we do not want. It seems to me that there was no man who was so big or whose reputation was so high that he was too good for the Police Commissionership of this city, nor did I think that the task was too difficult for solution by a man of the attainments and the experience and the character of Col. Goethals, and so Mr. Perkins, as you know, very kindly and very generously undertook a mission to Panama, and went down and reviewed this whole case again with Col. Goethals, and asked him if he would accept the Police Commissionership. His reply you are all, no doubt, familiar with."

The Mayor switched his talk to a discussion of the police bills, and recounted the provisions embodied in them. He said that an argument made against the measures was that they would give to the Police Commissioner powers that he might abuse for political purposes. Mr. Mitchel thought that, with high standards to which public officers were now obliged to conform the day had gone by when either the Mayor or the Police Commissioner could use the power of removal from office to further his own ends in any way.

Electric Shock for Police.

"With these bills," he said, "I think an electric shock will pass through the Police Department. They will create a totally different attitude in mind toward the Commissioner, toward the administration, toward the duty of the members of the force of the City of New York, and in place of supineness and resistance to the policy of administration, we will find active support among the men, and it is to effect that, to teach the great body of men against whom the Police Commissioner cannot proceed to-day, against whom he will not want to proceed if he once gets those bills—but whom he does want to inspire with a spirit of service and willingness to work for his policy, that we want these bills enacted into law.

"Now, I believe that with these bills and Col. Goethals we can break the system in the Police Department, that we can solve the problem of the Police Department that has wrecked administration after administration in this city, and that we can give to the people of New York the protection against the crimes of violence that they have a right to demand, and a control of vice conditions that they have a right to demand, and that we can purge the department of the charge and the suspicion and the facts of graft, and we can make it a responsible force, organized genuinely in spirit and in fact for the service of the people of the city."

BURKE WILL MEET CHARGES.

Panama Commissary's Lawyer to See U. S. Attorney To-day.

Ex-Judge Lorin C. Collins of the Supreme Court of the Panama Canal Zone, who is counsel for John Burke, former Manager of the Commissary Department of the Panama Railroad, who has been charged with accepting bonuses from companies to which contracts for canal supplies had been awarded, arrived in New York on the United Fruit Company's liner Metapan last night. The charges against Burke are being investigated by United States District Attorney Marshall. Judge Collins may seen Mr. Marshal to-day.

"The charges against John Burke," said Judge Collins, "have never been made openly. They originated with a disgruntled subordinate, and the whole thing is an attempt to discredit the administration of the Canal Zone. I have been in Panama since Feb. 5 last, and have gone thoroughly into the matter. There is not a single specified charge against him. It is every bit hearsay, and Burke is now on his way to New York to demand a complete investigation of every charge, no matter how veiled and indefinite it may be.

"I talked with Col. Wilson and he told me that he had never known Burke to make a contract at a rate that was too high or that was disadvantageous to the United States. Burke has six weeks in which to prepare his case and he will be ready at the proper time to refute any and all charges that may be made against him. He is due in New Orleans to-day and will come straight to New York."

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 19.—John Burke, until recently manager of the Commissary Department of the Panama Railroad arrived here late to-day aboard the steamer Cartago and left for Washington to-night. Mr. Burke refused to make any statement, further than to say that when the proper time came he would clear himself of all charges.

Lieut. Col. E. T. Wilson, U. S. A., who recently was relieved of supervision over the Subsistence Department on the Canal Zone departed last night for Washington.

STOP GOETHALS GIFT PLAN.

Postal Authorities Arrest Engineer for Seeking Contributions.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Robert Andrew Hamilton, 37 years old, who says he is a civil engineer employed by the Canadian Pacific Railway, was arrested here to-day by Post Office Inspectors on a charge of having used the mails with intent to defraud. They accused him of being connected with the mailing of circulars to the Mayors of 700 cities soliciting contributions to a $50,000 fund to buy a home for Col. George W. Goethals.

Hamilton protested to the Post Office authorities and the police that he was a great admirer of Col. Goethals and intended to withhold from the funds collected only enough to pay his expenses in arranging for the gift to the Panama Canal builder.

ENLISTED MEN AS OFFICERS

Daniels's Plan Includes Appointments as Midshipmen and Ensigns.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Secretary Daniels renewed his attack on the prejudice in the navy against the promotion of enlisted men to commissioned rank and the appointment of civilians to positions in the commissioned personnel. In the five years before March 4 last only five enlisted men were appointed Ensign. Since Mr. Daniels became Secretary of the Navy, five such appointments have been made. To-day, in announcing that Gunner Maxwell Case had passed the examination for appointment as Ensign, Mr. Daniels said:

"The law allows the appointment of twelve Ensigns from the warrant and chief warrant officers of the navy every fiscal year, and I shall try to see that the entire quota is appointed."

Secretary Daniels has sent to the House Committee on Naval Affairs a bill providing that the Secretary of the Navy may appoint each year twenty-five men from the navy at large as midshipmen at the Naval Academy, after a competitive examination, open to enlisted men of two years in the service. The age limit would be 22.

HER "INTELLECTUAL LOVE."

Mrs. Rantoul in Reopened Suit Recites Her Affection for Rumrill.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 19.—The Rantoul divorce case was reopened this afternoon with Mrs. Lois Burnett Rantoul, granddaughter of the poet Lowell, on the stand, telling a tale of alleged cruelties on the part of her husband, Edward Rantoul, who comes from a prominent Salem family.

Two instances of alleged cruelty stood out particularly in the young woman's story. First she said that while she and Rantoul were guests at the home of Mrs. James F. Codman, at Wareham, she had a struggle with her husband after he had called her opprobrious names.

She also told of another occasion on which he tried to tear her wedding ring from her finger, to prevent which she had to sit upon her hand.

Late in the afternoon the Rumrill phase of the case was reached. In the former hearing Mrs. Rantoul told of her "intellectual love" for Chester C. Rumrill of Springfield, who was a classmate of her husband at Harvard. This afternoon she again calmly recited her affection for Rumrill. She said that he had kissed her, but she denied any breach of her marriage vows. He had made her many presents, and they had corresponded daily, all without the knowledge of her husband.

ALABAMA TRAIN HELD UP.

Three Masked Men Run Off with Baggage and Express Cars.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 19.—A Queen & Crescent passenger train was held up soon after 9 o'clock to-night between Irondale and Trusville, about twelve miles from here.

Three masked men boarded the engine, forced the engineer to cut off the baggage and express cars from the rest of the train, and started south with them.

A special is being made up here to take special officers and bloodhounds to the scene.

DANIELS HITS BACHELORS.

Says They Encumber the Earth—Aids a Navy Marriage.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—"Bachelors encumber the earth," remarked Secretary Daniels to-day, when he ordered Lieut. Harrison E. Knauss to be detached from the yacht Mayflower, so he could be married. The Mayflower is going to Mexican waters.

"I am in favor of matrimony for all navy officers," said the Secretary, "and I shall do all in my power to help such a good cause along."

Victoria Hotel to Close.

It was announced last night that the Victoria Hotel, at Broadway and Twenty-seventh Street, would close on Thursday. The building will give way to a twenty-four-story loft building.

Smoky Fireplaces
Made to Draw
Cooking Odors
Carried Out of the House
Payment Conditional on Success.
FREDERIC N. WHITLEY Engineer and Contractor
211 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Heating—Ventilating—Air Filtering

Omega Oil
for
Sore Throat
and
Cold in Chest
First rub the chest or throat with Omega Oil; then soak a piece of flannel with the Oil and put it around the neck or throat, and cover with a piece of dry flannel. This simple treatment usually gives relief. Trial bottle 10c.

HUNT GRAFT TO-DAY IN AQUEDUCT LAND

New Trail Opens for Whitman in the Condemnation Proceedings Scandal.

TO SEARCH FOR SPLIT FEES

More Than $2,000,000 Spent to Acquire Property—Lawyers from Kingston Under Subpoena.

District Attorney Whitman will open a new line of inquiry when the John Doe graft investigation is resumed to-day. It will have to do with the condemnation of the land for the Catskill Aqueduct. This land, it has been estimated, was worth about $1,900,000. The condemnation proceedings themselves, however, cost the city more than $2,000,000. The work extended from 1906 to 1911. Occasionally in that period a protest was made against the excessive charges of the condemnation Commissioners, the appraisers, and the lawyers engaged by the city's agents. Mayor Gaynor himself protested, but no systematic investigation was ever instituted.

An investigation covering certain phases of the matter, it was announced yesterday, would begin to-day. Twelve subpoenas have been served upon men who worked under the direction of condemnation Commissioners, and it is expected that these men will be on hand when the hearing is resumed in the Criminal Court Building at 2:30 P. M.

The City of Kingston, the home of Everett Fowler, the bagman for the Democratic machine in 1911 and 1912, was a favored city when appraisers were chosen. Most of the men who have been subpoenaed for to-day's hearing live in Kingston. Everett Fowler himself served as a member of condemnation commissions, and there is a case on file, it has been said, wherein he collected a fee of $140,000 for appraising land. But Fowler will not be among those who will testify to-day. Mr. Fowler is under indictment for extorting a campaign contribution from a contractor, and Mr. Whitman does not desire to place him on the witness stand just at present.

Most of the prospective witnesses, it is understood, are lawyers. They will be asked to tell about their commissions and what they did to earn them. Several of these lawyers are known as "title searchers," and information has reached the District Attorney that title searching for New York City was a very profitable business in 1908 and 1909. The witnesses, it is said, will be asked if they split fees with men "higher up," if condemnation work was not duplicated over and over again, and if the City of New York did not pay gross overcharges. It will take much, it is said, to show the public how $100,000 fees could be earned in a few days and how Condemnation Commissioners, sitting an hour or less a day, could earn $50 a day.

The new inquiry logically follows the investigation of the awarding of contracts for the Catskill Aqueduct.

Five witnesses testified yesterday before the Supreme Court Grand Jury about the awarding of contracts for the aqueduct. They were William G. Sloane, Chief Engineer of McArthur Brothers, builders of the Ashokan Dam; John R. McArthur, head of the firm of McArthur Brothers; William E. Bradley and Henry Steers, contractors, and Henry Wheeler, an engineer in the employ of James E. Gaffney, Murphy's intimate friend.

John R. McArthur is a warm friend of State Engineer John A. Bensel. Mr. McArthur got the contract for the Ashokan Dam at a bid more than $2,000,000 higher than the bid of John Price, another contractor. McArthur got the contract in the time that Mr. Bensel was head of the Board of Water Supply.

Mr. Bradley was once a partner of James E. Gaffney, and Mr. Steers was once a partner of both Mr. Bensel and Mr. Gaffney. The investigation, it is believed, related to the Ashokan Dam contract, and had to do with Mr. Bensel's relations with the contractors. The Grand Jury sat until late, but did not finish its work. The investigation will be resumed next week.

HASSETT DEMURS.

Friends Sure Bensel's Ex-Secretary Won't Tell of Graft.

Thomas Hassett, ex-Secretary of the Board of Water Supply, and later secretary of State Engineer John A. Bensel, did not plead yesterday to the indictment charging him with the attempted grand larceny of $50,000 from Anthony C. Douglass, a contractor on the Catskill Aqueduct. Instead, through his attorney, Thomas Gilleran, Hassett demurred to the indictment. Argument on the demurrer will be heard before Justice Davis to-day, and if it is not sustained, Hassett must plead. Hassett alleged that the indictment against him was irregular and that the offense set forth did not constitute a crime.

A crowd had assembled in the courtroom intent upon seeing Hassett. The rumor that the prisoner would plead guilty and turn State's evidence was responsible for the interest in the case. Mr. Gilleran, when asked whether any negotiations were under way for a plea of guilty, said that there was no foundation for such a report. In conjunction with John D. Lindsay, counsel for Hassett, Mr. Gilleran issued this statement:

"The attorney and counsel for Thomas Hassett wish it stated that there is only a professional desire to protect his legal rights; that there is nothing whatever in any suggestion of a confession, and that there is nothing to confess. Nor is it quite fair that adroit and indefinite matter which places Hassett and his counsel in a false light should be published. We are proceeding in an orderly way, and hope to continue to do so, and we shall be ready to meet every requirement of the court when called upon."

Friends of Hassett said yesterday that Hassett was not of the "squealing" kind. They said that Hassett had been advised that District Attorney Whitman would never be able to prove the case against him, and that he had everything to gain by fighting the case.

PRESS REALTY CHAIN SUITS.

Carmody Wants Two New York Concerns Put Out of Business.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 19.—Attorney General Carmody says he will press to early trial actions instituted against realty companies in New York City alleged to be doing business in violation of the State Banking law. Mr. Carmody will ask the court to dissolve the corporations and to declare their charters forfeited in the cases of the Manhattan Mutual Realty Company and the Monaton Realty Investing Corporation of New York City, and will ask for a receiver for each company.

John F. Linton, President of the Manhattan Mutual Realty Company, had a large office in New York City. Persons under contract with him paid him $1 each a week, and he bound himself to obtain for each a piece of property and build a house on it. Attached to each contract were twenty coupons and each coupon provided for the application of a new member. If a patron secured twenty new members it was agreed to pay him $1 for each. In addition, he was to receive 50 cents for each new member coming from the original twenty. The same amount was to be given if each of the 400 sent in twenty names for membership. This would give the original patron a total return of $4,220, or 4,200 per cent. on his investment for one week if the chain should be completed.

Linton's attorney, it is stated, offered to have Linton stop issuing such contracts and to pay all he could to meet the terms of outstanding contracts if the Attorney General would stop the suit. The offer was denied. Mr. Carmody says he has received many complaints from individuals who declare they cannot induce the companies to perform the conditions of their contracts or to return the money paid.

GRADE CROSSING BILL AGAIN

Red and Black Parade Flags Barred by Another Albany Measure.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 19.—Senator Wilson, for Senator Pollock, introduced to-day an amendment to the charter of New York City providing for the appointment by the Board of Education of a director and an assistant director of reference and research in the Education Department.

A bill appropriating $300,000 for the elimination of grade crossings within the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission of the First District and a similar sum for the elimination of crossings in the jurisdiction of the Second District Commission was introduced by Senator Peckham. The bill is the same as that introduced a year ago by Senator Frawley. It was passed, but Gov. Sulzer vetoed it.

All red and black flags and all banners and signs with inscriptions offensive to organized government, to morals or sacrilegious in character are forbidden in public parades and assemblages by a bill introduced by Assemblyman Phelps. The use of the national flag on such occasions is made obligatory.

ELECT TREASURER FEB. 25.

Party Caucuses To-day Choose Candidates for Vacant State Office.

ALBANY, Feb. 19.—A joint session of the Senate and the Assembly will be held Feb. 25 to select a successor to the late John J. Kennedy, as State Treasurer.

Caucuses to select candidates will be held to-morrow by the three parties. The men whose names are heard most in connection with the position of Treasurer are William Archer of Westchester, Republican; George W. Batten of Lockport, present Deputy Treasurer, Democrat, and Ernest Cawcroft of Chautauqua, Progressive.

VETERAN OF 110 YEARS DIES

Wife Kept Death Secret Because She Couldn't Pay for a Funeral.

CAMDEN, N. J., Feb. 19.—Complaints of neighbors led Frederick George, clerk of the Camden County Board of Freeholders, to go last night to a small house at 1,807 South Tenth Street, where he learned from a seventy-year-old woman that her husband, Theodore Harris, who was more than 110 years old, had died on Feb. 13 and that his body had been uncared for because she lacked the means to bury him.

For the last twenty years the old woman had supported herself and her husband by doing housework, and since his death she had continued as before to go out daily to work in the hope that she might get money enough to bury him. She said that she had been afraid to tell any one that he was dead.

It was verified from the records of the United States Navy that the old man had been born on May 20, 1813, at Eastern Shore, Maryland. He had served in the navy throughout the civil war. He married near the close of the war, his wife being than 20 years old.

HITS AT CARNEGIE AND ANGERS ROOT

O'Gorman Tells Senate the Peace Foundation Aims at an Anglo-American Alliance.

WANTS TREATIES AMENDED

Friends of Arbitration Opposed to Excluding Free Tolls, Japanese Immigration and Monroeism.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—The Senate for five hours in secret session this afternoon considered the renewal of the general arbitration treaties without coming to a vote.

Confidence is general that the treaties will be ratified overwhelmingly in the near future, but a brisk campaign was waged this afternoon by the opponents of the treaties to amend them so as to exclude from arbitration acute questions like Panama tolls, Japanese immigration, and the Monroe Doctrine.

The supporters of the treaties, however, headed by Mr. Root of New York and Mr. Lodge of Massachusetts on the Republican side and most of the Democrats of the Committee on Foreign Relations, took the position that no treaties at all would be better than amended treaties, and they will insist upon ratification without change.

Mr. Chamberlain of Oregon, Chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs, assisted aggressively by Mr. O'Gorman of New York, led the fight for amending the treaties. Most of the afternoon's debate was devoted to Mr. Chamberlain's proposal excluding specifically from arbitration the tolls dispute, Japanese immigration, the right of Japanese pupils to attend white schools, and the Monroe Doctrine. But even Mr. Chamberlain admitted that the treaties must be textually identical to avoid the appearance of discrimination, and by grouping all his exceptions in a single amendment, while he rallied some support to his standard, he also ranged against him every supporter of the general principle of arbitration.

There was a lively tilt when Mr. O'Gorman of New York asserted that the prime motive of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace was a "corrupt one"; that it did not seek to promote international peace, but to create an international alliance between Great Britain and the United States to the benefit of individuals, who would profit from such a consummation.

Mr. Root is President of the Foundation, and he sharply resented the suggestion, which he characterized as personally offensive to him.

Mr. O'Gorman said he intended no offense, but when he concluded his explanation Mr. Root declared that his statement was still offensive. The debate was growing sharper every minute when Mr. Williams of Mississippi, who is a member of the Foundation's Governing Board, interrupted in a humorous vein.

"The suggestions of the Senator from New York, (Mr. O'Gorman,)" he said in effect, "are merely the result of his Irish exuberance. I can sympathize with him fully to that extent, for there is Irish blood in my veins, too."

Mr. Lodge spoke earnestly in favor of the treaties. He has felt all along that the United States, which was in the vanguard of the original movement for international arbitration, had dealt an almost mortal blow at the cause by failing to accept Great Britain's request for the arbitration of the Panama Canal tolls dispute.

Mr. Lodge pointed out that all the treaties must stand or fall together. Last Spring, before the issue was sharply drawn, he secured the ratification of the convention renewing the arbitration treaty with France. The existence of that convention was used as a strong argument this afternoon in favor of ratifying the others. The supporters of the treaties, who have the warm backing of the President, are determined to press the treaties until ratification is obtained.

Mr. Shively of Indiana, who is acting as Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, announced that he would ask the Senate to renew consideration of the treaties soon after the Senate convened to-morrow.

WORLD FAITH CONFERENCE.

To be Called by a Joint Commission of the P. E. Church.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 19.—Senator White introduced a bill to-day by request incorporating the joint commission of the Protestant Episcopal Church to arrange for a World Conference on Faith and Order. The corporation is to be deemed a charitable organization and may hold such property as is necessary for its purposes.

The incorporators mentioned in the bill include the Right Rev. David H. Green, Bishop of the New York Diocese; Charles P. Anderson, Philip Rhinelander, Reginald H. Weller, Hughell E. W. Fosbroke, Francis J. Hall, Alexander Mann, William T. Manning, Robert H. Gardiner, George Wharton Pepper, Francis Lynde Stetson and George Zabriskie.

THIRD MURDER IN FEUD.

Lazzarai, Once Held for Partner's Death, Stabbed in Harlem.

Just as two policemen started on a run at 11:30 o'clock last night to where two men were attacking a third two blocks away at First Avenue and 108th Street one of the assailant's drew a six-inch butcher knife and inflicted a long jagged cut on their victim. He then wiped the knife with a piece of cloth and threw it bright and clean into a snowbank.

When the policemen, Flaherty and Nau of the East 104th Street Station, arrived the two assailants, who had run east on 108th Street, were out of sight. Their victim, who was dead, proved to be Louis Lazzarai, 62 years old, proprietor of a stable at 337 East 108th Street.

Shortly after midnight Lieut. Haerle and Detectives Kahn and Caputo arrested Angelo Lasco, a saloon keeper, in front of 301 East 108th Street. Lasco had been drinking, and his strange actions attracted the attention of the detectives. The police said they found a bloody handkerchief in his pocket and that his hands bore what appeared to be blood stains. They also said he made confusing statements. After their examination they lodged a charge of homicide against him, pending the action of the Coroner.

The murdered man was a partner of Mrs. Paquale Spinelli, who was known as the "Hetty Green of Little Italy." She was shot to death in the stable in March, 1912, and the murdered man and Emilio Prisco, a stable boy, were arrested, charged with killing her. Both were later discharged. The police said last night that Mrs. Spinelli's murder followed the shooting of Chick Monaco by Mrs. Mary Lenare, her daughter. Mrs. Lenare was acquitted. They professed to believe that the attack on Lazzarara was an incident of the vendetta which began with the killing of Monaco on Oct. 30, 1911.

DISHONEST ADVERTISING.

Attempt at Albany to Defeat the Newspaper Protection Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 19.—The Senate Codes Committee will give a public hearing on Wednesday at 2 o'clock on the Murtaugh-Adler bill designed to protect newspapers from those who would use them for the circulation of unauthorized advertising matter. The bill makes it a misdemeanor to tuck into a newspaper or periodical any advertising matter not authorized by the publisher of the newspaper, a practice of certain persons who wish to avoid payment of the newspaper's advertising charges, or to circulate questionable advertisements as seemingly a part of the newspaper, which the newspaper would reject if offered for regular insertion.

The Newspaper Publishers' Association of New York City will send a representative delegation to the hearing to advocate the passage of the bill. Some newsdealers of the State are opposing the bill because it cuts off a source of revenue. In their efforts to sway the lawmakers, a majority of whom favor the bill, the newsdealers have written letters telling members of the Codes Committee that if the bill becomes law it will be impossible for them to circulate the campaign literature of candidates for office with newspapers. Some newsdealers, in their letters to legislators, even hold out the alluring promise that if the bill is defeated they will circulate free of charge campaign literature in favor of legislators seeking re-election.

GARRISON ASKS FOR A LIEUT.-GENERAL

Continued from Page 1.

to outrank the army, it is easy to see that the army will perforce be looked upon as a subordinate branch, and this is too inequitable a situation to be contemplated with equanimity.

May I ask you to give this matter the consideration which I feel sure you will appreciate that it deserves, and act as you may be advised with respect to bringing this to the attention of those who are charged with this legislation? Very truly yours,

LINDLEY M. GARRISON,
Secretary of War.

Support for Both Grades.

Some members of Congress will be willing to vote for both Vice Admirals and Lieutenants General. A number of members are opposed to reviving either rank. Others favor the creation of Vice Admirals, but are opposed to the revival of the grade of Lieutenants General.

Until the Spanish War there had been only five Lieutenants General in the army. Since that war there have been six. In recent years members of the House Military Committee have been opposed to the retention of the rank of Lieutenant General. This opposition resulted in 1907 in legislation which made the late Lieut. Gen. Arthur MacArthur the last general officer of the army to hold the rank in active service. The legislation provided that when the office of Lieutenant General should become vacant, it should not thereafter be filled, without interfering with those Lieutenants General on the active list.

It was then argued that the rank was not necessary and that if it were retained there would be nothing in sight for any great officer who might distinguish himself on the field of battle. No attempt has been made by the House Military Committee to revive the grade, but committee members, including Chairman Hay, asserted to-night that if Vice Admirals are to be created, the army should not play second fiddle to the navy.

HUERTA WILL EXILE CRITIC OF WILSON

Continued from Page 1.

bassy, the State Department has interested itself in behalf of William S. Benton, the English ranch owner and miner, who is said to have been imprisoned by Gen. Villa for making disrespectful remarks about him. Instructions have been telegraphed to Consul Edwards at Juarez to investigate the case and make proper representations to Gen. Villa to obtain the release of Benton.

DE LA LAMA TELLS OF LOANS.

Returning, Says He Has Raised $25,000,000 in Europe.

Adolfo de la Lama, Mexican Minister of Finance, who went to Europe recently to raise loans for the Huerta Administration, arrived yesterday on the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinzessin Cecilie, on his way to Mexico City.

He said he had obtained a loan of $5,000,000 from French financiers for the immediate needs of the Government, and had also negotiated a loan of $20,000,000 to be available when called upon by the Mexican Government.

When asked about conditions in Mexico, the Finance Minister said that President Huerta was the only man powerful enough to restore peace and order, which he would be able to do with the funds lent to him by the French financiers.

Señor de la Lama declined to discuss President Wilson's Mexican policy.

Tarahuma Indians Join Rebels.

CHIHUAHUA, Feb. 19.—A strange sight was witnessed in the streets here to-day when a band of seventy Tarahuma Indians, clad only in loin cloths and blankets and armed with bows and arrows, arrived to enlist with the Constitutionalist forces. These Indians are known as tireless runners and will probably be used as scouts and messengers.

Federals Move Upon Matamoras.

LAREDO, Texas, Feb. 19.—Simultaneous movement of several bodies of Mexican Federal troops against Matamoras, opposite Brownsville, Texas, were reported to-day. Three columns of Federals were said to have left Monterey, each taking a different route for Matamoras. One thousand Federals at Nuevo Laredo began preparations to march with heavy ammunition supplies.

FIX CONTRACTORS' CREDIT.

Building Trades Association Warns Against "Dead Beats."

Nearly a thousand sub-contractors and building material men attended a mass meeting at Cooper Union last night under the auspices of the Credit Association of the Building Trades of New York, and listened to a discussion of ways and means of forcing general contractors to pay for contracts completed by them.

According to Milton Schnaier, President of the Credit Association, the members of that organization have received a list of 1,274 general contractors from whom payment may be obtained "under difficulty," and 550 "unfair" builders with whom they are advised not to enter into contracts. Mr. Schnaier said that the building industry was not sufficiently organized for its own protection in this city, and he said that there perhaps, was no other industry in which credit was extended so readily without investigation of the persons to whom material was furnished.

RAID TONG HEADQUARTERS.

Police Act When They Hear Chinamen Plan to Renew Hostilities.

Rumors of a resumption of hostilities between the Hip Sing and On Leong tongs resulted yesterday in the raiding by the police of the Hip Sing quarters at 16 Bowery and the seizure of some 500 pounds of cartridges, several sharp-edged hatchets, some daggers, and two revolvers. As a result of the raid two Hip Sing men were held in $500 bail for violations of the Sullivan law by Magistrate Marsh in the Tombs Court.

The tip that the peace agreement, signed recently, was about to be broken came to Commissioner McKay through a laundryman who was arrested several weeks ago for carrying a revolver. He told District Attorney Whitman that he was in fear of his life because of preparations to renew the tong war in the end of February.

In the dragnet that Commissioner McKay spread in Chinatown Lung Ling, 68 years old, and Yung John, 46 years old, were caught yesterday. The confusion attending the entrance of Detectives Sherb, Crosson, Leibig, Johnson, and Chandel through a demolished door allowed several of the Hip Sings to escape through a back window. Most of the weapons and ammunition were found under the mattresses of the beds on which Lung Ling and Yung John were lying.

Lung Ling, according to the police, is warden in the joss ceremonies and keeper of the brass symbols. The other, they say, came here from Philadelphia in the interests of th Hip Sings.

FOSTER IS ILL HERE.

Man Indicted for Running Away with Miss Bradley, Confined to Hospital.

Through dispatches received last night from Mobile, Ala., it was learned that Joel M. Foster, the poultry farmer of Brown's Mills, N. J. who was arrested on Jan. 8 in Mobile on a charge of white slavery, is a patient in the Post Graduate Hospital in this city, where he is recovering from a serious operation. Foster deserted his wife and ran away with sixteen-year-old Delilah Bradley of Pemberton, N. J., last December. They were found in Mobile and arrested.

When the case against him was called yesterday before Judge Semmes in Mobile, this telegram was produced in court:

New York Post Graduate School and Hospital, New York, Feb. 16, 1914.

To whom it may concern: This is to certify that Mr. Joel M. Foster is confined in this hospital, where he has undergone a serious operation to relieve him of a condition from which he has for a long period been afflicted. Mr. Foster will, in all probability, be confined here for a month or so.

(Signed) EUGENE FULLER, M. D.,
Visiting Surgeon.

At the hospital last night all information was refused in the absence of the Superintendent.

ANNOYER GETS 10 DAYS.

Oscar Ray Says He Touched Woman Accidentally in Passing.

A man who said he was Oscar Ray, 35 years old, a musician, of 310 West Thirty-fourth Street, was sentenced to the Workhouse for ten days by Magistrate Appleton in the Men's Night Court last night after he had been found guilty of disorderly conduct on the complaint of Mrs. Eugenie Nugent of 448 West Forty-second Street, who said the man touched her on the arm and spoke to her while she was walking in Forty-second Street near her home last night.

Ray told the Magistrate he had struck the woman accidentally as he walked along and that when he spoke to her he was merely trying to apologize for his carelessness. The Magistrate said he did not believe him and sentenced him to ten days in the Workhouse. Ray fought against having his finger prints taken, and still fighting and shouting was led to a cell.

Mr. TAFT

After reading ex-President Taft's remarkable article on the Republican Party in last week's "Saturday Evening Post" you ought to read THE OUTLOOK'S editorial comment upon Mr. Taft's interpretation of Mr. Roosevelt. On news stands to-day.

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AN ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY JOURNAL
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Dewar's
"WHITE LABEL"
Scotch Whisky

TOLLS REPEAL SOON, PRESIDENT ASSURED

Leaders Promise Action After Treaties Are Ratified and Before Trust Legislation.

CANAL OPEN IN THE FALL

Plan for Navigation Before Jan. 1, 1915, May Explain the Desire to Expedite Repeal.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Although it had been indicated by administration officials that President Wilson was in no hurry for the enactment of legislation repealing the free-tolls provision of the Panama Canal act, it was stated at the White House to-day that the President expected the repeal bill to be passed at the present session of Congress, which probably will end before Summer. The President told callers that he regarded the tolls exemption as a violation of the treaty with Great Britain, and it was in order to right a wrong and not to placate the British Government that he was anxious to have the repeal legislation enacted as soon as possible.

The President showed that he did not care to have the repeal legislation pressed ahead of other important matters, but was content to wait until the latter were disposed of by Congress. He expressed confidence that the repeal would be accomplished before all the trust bills had been placed on the statute books. In fact, the President, in conferring to-day with leaders of both houses about the tolls issue, was assured by them that they would vote to repeal the exemption for American ships after the pending arbitration treaties had been ratified.

Senator Kern, majority leader, said afterward that the Senate first would dispose of the arbitration treaties promptly and probably take up the tolls question immediately thereafter. He thought the Senate would act on the repeal before the House did.

Although Mr. Kern voted for the exemption, he said the President had told him of various international phases of the question which were not before the Senate when the Panama Canal Act was passed. He added that he was not prepared to announce his position. Friends of the Administration say he will be among the Administration supporters.

Representative Underwood, it is understood, while still believing in the tolls exemption, will not organize any opposition to the President in the House.

Representative Palmer, Chairman of the Democratic caucus, said that, while he had voted against the exemption, he would work actively for its repeal.

Chairman Henry of the House Rules Committee went to the White House and offered the President his help in expediting the tolls question. He said he believed both the House and Senate would repeal the exemption clause within sixty days.

Senators Simmons and Overman talked with the President and, although both voted for the exemption, they said they would change their positions because they believed the country's foreign policy required it. Senator Shively of Indiana took the same stand.

The President again stated that he would not send any message to Congress on the question.

The President's expectation that free tolls repeal would be disposed of soon created some surprise in view of an understanding that he had told Democratic Congressional leaders that there was no necessity for haste. It was the impression that the President had no anxiety over delay because the alleged discrimination could not be applied until after the Panama Canal was formally opened to the shipping of the world next January.

But it came out to-day that the Government intended to open the canal to the navigation of all ships before Autumn.

The idea had become general that it was the purpose of Col. George Goethals, the Chief Engineer of the canal, to utilize the period until January, 1915, in drilling his pilots, engineers, lockkeepers and other employes in their duties, and that ships would not be free to pass through the great waterway until after the formal opening. In order to accomplish this training it would be necessary to have a certain number of vessels navigate the canal this year, but the understanding was that these ships would be few and specially selected.

From what was said authoritatively to-day, it was clear that the Government intended that the canal should be open to general navigation several months before the date set for the formal opening, Jan. 1, 1915. This will detract somewhat from the sentiment of the ceremonies on the day of the formal opening, when, according to the plan under consideration, the old battleship Oregon, or some other vessel of romantic interest, would lead the way from one end of the canal to the other for the first fleet of merchantmen.

PANIC IN CAR AFIRE.

Passengers Flee Helter Skelter from Second Avenue Elevated Train.

One of the cars of a Second Avenue south-bound elevated train caught fire from the third rail at 7:15 yesterday morning as the train approached the Ninety-second Street station. Many of the passengers were hurt in the struggle to get out. Beneath the car flame roared like a blast furnace.

The car was the second of the train. When its occupants saw the flames curl about it they stormed the gates and jumped to the boardwalk which runs alongside the tracks. The passengers in the other cars followed their example. The train had come to a halt and many of the passengers reached the station platform. When the excitement was over the trainmen found a dozen hats, which had been torn from the heads of women.

The police reserves from the East Eighty-eighth Street Station helped a number of persons who had been bruised. Policeman Bolger called the firemen, but when the arrived the current of the third rail had been cut off and the fire had been extinguished.

An investigation showed that the scraper attached to the second car to clear the ice from the third rail became loose and caused a short circuit. The car was so badly damaged that it had to be sent to the repair shops. Traffic was interrupted for forty minutes on the downtown line.

CUNARD'S HUNGARIAN LINE.

Must Have Native Stockholders to Do Adriatic Business.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

VIENNA, Feb. 19.—According to the new contract between the Cunard Steamship Company and the Hungarian Government, the former is obliged to found a Hungarian stock company to carry on the busines of the line between Fiume and New York.

Washington's Birthday Service.

The Sons of the Revolution in the State of New York will commemorate the 182d birthday of George Washington on next Sunday at 4 P. M. at St. Thomas's Church, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-third Street, and on Monday evening by a dinner at Delmonico's. The sermon on Sunday will be preached by Bishop Charles Sumner Burch. The speakers at the dinner will be Ambassador Jusserand, ex-Lieut. Gov. Horace White of New York, and Martin W. Littleton.

OIL DEAL ALARMS JAPAN.

Influential Chinese Protesting Against the Agreement.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, Feb. 20.—The Daily Telegraph's Peking correspondent says in a dispatch dated yesterday:

"While it is incorrect to say that Japan has lodged a formal protest against the comprehensive nature of the Standard Oil concessions, it is a fact that the Chinese Government is being bombarded with questions from various legations and memorials from influential Chinese requesting the cancellation of the contract.

"As conflicting statements have been published with regard to the nature and scope of the American-Chinese subsidiary company, the following authoritative information is of interest. The capital is 100,000,000 Mexican dolars, ($50,000,000.) To the Chinese Government is allotted $37,500,000 in free shares, and it may take up and pay for within two years $7,500,000 cash shares, while $5,000,000 is reserved for private Chinese subscribers.

"The Standard Oil Company acquires the balance, viz., $50,000,000. Nominally it is a case of share and share alike, but practically this subsidiary Standard Oil concern is a close corporation.

"This arouses Japanese fears, particularly as the language of the agreement may mean other minerals besides oil.

"Incidentally the new company steps in over the most valuable part of the Peking Syndicate's original concession of Shan-Si deposits, retroceded in 1908 against a cash indemnity of 2,750,000 taels."

EARL INSISTS ON HEARING.

Fitzwilliam Doesn't Want Divorce Case Settled Out of Court.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—The Leslie-Melville divorce case, in which Earl Fitzwilliam is cited as co-respondent, is due to come before the courts shortly.

In the past few days suggestions have been made for a settlement, and long consultations between the lawyers have taken place in the last two days.

Lord Fitzwillian emphatically refused to agree to a settlement on the terms proposed, declaring his intention publicly to clear himself of the charges made by the petitioner. He has drawn up for his counsel a lengthy and exhaustive document detailing the whole circumstances connected with the incidents outlined in Mr. Leslie-Melville's allegations and denying in the strongest terms any improper conduct with Mrs. Leslie-Melville.

The case which the lawyers have now worked up is said to be of such a remarkable character that some of the parties concerned would much prefer that there be no public revelations.

Mrs. Leslie-Melville's attitude is similar to that of Earl Fitzwilliam. She has put in a general denial of the charges, saying that the friendship was entirely platonic.

SEEK GOLD IN BAFFIN LAND.

Party of Englishmen to Start in June—$100,000 Syndicate Formed.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—A party of adventurous Englishmen who believe that Baffin Land is a northern El Dorado will start from Liverpool next June with the intention of searching for gold. Capt. H. I. Munn, the leader of the party, says a private syndicate has been formed, and sufficient capital has been subscribed to enable the expedition to make a start. The cost will be roughly $100,000.

The expedition expects to do good business in trading with the natives, apart from gold seeking. Another possible development is a search for the crew of the Karluk.

"If the Canadian Government will help us," says Capt. Munn, "we shall establish a post on Melville Island with a view to affording relief to stranded mariners who may have left the ship and struck out for the mainland."

This will be Capt. Munn's fifth expedition to the arctic regions.

GEORGES DEVAL DEAD.

9-Year-Old Great-Grandnephew of Paul Jones Destined for Navy.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Feb. 19.—The death is announced at Pau of Georges Deval, a great-grandnephew of Admiral Paul Jones, who was destined by his relatives to enter the United States Navy.

A year or two ago a number of prominent Americans interested themselves in him with a view to obtaining his entrance to Annapolis.

On the announcement of his death a collection was made among a few members of the American colony in Paris to enable the destitute mother, who was in Paris at the time, to proceed to Pau to attend the funeral.

NEW THEATRE'S MORAL.

Sir Herbert Tree Thankful for the Lesson Given by Its Failure.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—"One of the most tragic things I know was the failure of the 'millionaires' theatre in New York," said Sir Herbert Beerbohm Tree at the annual meeting of the Actors' Association at His Majesty's Theatre to-day. He went on:

"Much as we may deplore that unhappy result, it shows that you cannot run a theatre by pouring gold into it. It is the artist that must prevail."

Sir Herbert paused, and then added fervently, "Thank God!"

Funeral of John H. Harjes.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Feb. 19.—The funeral of John H. Harjes took place this afternoon in the American Church of the Holy Trinity. The widow and Mr. Harjes's son, H. H. Harjes, were the chief mourners. Among those present were Ambassador and Mrs. Herrick and many members of the American colony.

WON'T DELAY RULING ON RATE ADVANCES

Commerce Commission to Decide Matter Before Summer Recess, Says Harlan.

MORE HEARINGS SCHEDULED

Question of Fixing Charge for Existing Free Services by Roads to Shippers Taxes Commission.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—In order to correct misapprehension that has arisen from the action of the Interstate Commerce Commission in making a further suspension until Sept. 12 of the 5 per cent. advance in rates proposed by the Eastern railroads, Commissioner Harlan stated to-day at a further hearing that there was no intention on the commission's part to delay its decision until the expiration of the given suspension period.

"The order then entered has no significance beyond the fact that the case is not yet ready for decision," Mr. Harlan said. "Recognizing the public importance of an early disposition of the problems before us here, the carriers, shippers, and the commission are using every effort to bring the inquiry to an early conclusion, and there is reason to think the record in the case may be closed and the arguments had in time to enable the commission to dispose of those questions before the Summer recess."

The Commissioners usually begin their vacations early in July.

Commissioner Harlan added that the commission had before it two subjects of inquiry. These were: Are the present revenues of the carriers adequate? And, if not, how may they be supplemented?

"With respect to the first of these issues," said the Commissioner, "the carriers have already offered much testimony, but their witnesses have not been cross-examined; nor have the investigations by the commission on that question been completed. We are also advised that certain shipping interests will submit important testimony touching the adequacy of the present revenues of the carriers. In aid of an understanding of the first question and of a proper solution of the second question the commission, as I explained at a recent hearing, has also addressed certain inquiries to the carriers which they have not yet been able fully to answer. Pending the preparation by the railroads of their replies, we have been hearing the protests of shippers against the proposed increases in the rates on certain particular commodities in which they deal or are otherwise interested. A hearing was also held on Feb. 12, 13, and 14 regarding the propriety of a charge by carriers for certain special services that are now performed by them without charge, in addition to the published rate. At that hearing testimony was offered by the railroads and large shippers regarding free services."

Mr. Harlan enumerated the free services then inquired into, among them the free holding of equipment under load at New York terminals beyond the customary free time allowed at other terminals. He explained also that a hearing would be given in Washington on Feb. 27 and 28 to consider further the matter of making a charge for spotting cars, unloading on private sidetracks, trap or ferry car service, and tunnel and lighterage service in Chicago. It was expected, he said, that the final arguments on these subjects would be heard by the full commission on March 16 and 17.

"Our records disclose," said Mr. Harlan, "that there are some 25,000 private spur tracks and sidings in the territory east of the Mississippi River; and manifestly it is neither desirable nor possible to examine in detail each one of these operations. But typical examples of the different classes of private spur and switch tracks will be helpful in enabling the commission to determine (1) the propriety of a charge by carriers, in addition to the rate, for the spotting and trap car service, and (2) the amount of the charge and the manner in which it should be assessed.

Hearings of commercial and other interests of Chicago, Detroit, Cincinnati, and Indianapolis would be given, Mr. Harlan explained, and the commission's examiners would make a record of conditions of smaller places in official classification territory. Specific local conditions in certain places will be inquired into at the hearings on Feb. 27 and 28. Illustrative cases of various classes of tracks upon which railroads perform free spotting service would afford the commission, said Mr. Harlan, "an ample record upon which to set for argument the question of the propriety of an adequate charge by the carriers for the service."

Mr. Harlan also said that information was desired as to what the amount of the charge should be, if any was to be imposed. The suggestions already made to the commission ranged from 50 cents a car, in cases where the operation was simple, the spur track short, and the district not congested, to $2.50 a car in cases where congestion existed and the service was extensive.

"The commission desires to be fully advised at the hearing on this point," he said. "The matter of making a charge for placing cars for loading on spur tracks leading to coal mines and coke ovens will be taken up for consideration as a separate matter, and March 4 and 5 have been reserved for hearing testimony on this subject. At this time testimony will also be heard touching the propriety of the cancellation by carriers of allowances and divisions to the industrial roads of coal companies and operators.

It was explained also by Mr. Harlan that March 6 and 7 had been reserved for hearing testimony respecting the proposed increase in coal rates, and March 9, 10, and 11 had been set aside for hearing testimony on the general objections to the proposed increase in rates, particularly for hearing representatives of State Railroad Commissions. That part of the case that pertains to the proposed increases in the lake-and-rail rates will be heard at Washington on March 12, 13, and 14.

Separate hearings will be assigned later to consider lighterage and other special services at New York City and in New York Harbor and concerning reconsignments and diversions in transit, free storage, &c.

It was intimated that no further notice would be given of the hearings referred to.

PRESIDENT WILLARD HOPEFUL.

Ready to Accept Better Plan Than Rate Increase if Offered.

Daniel Willard, President of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad and Chairman of the Committee of Railway Presidents in charge of the railroad rate-increase case before the Interstate Commerce Commission, said yesterday that as he understood the feeling of the commission, it was that if the existing railway revenues were inadequate, relief should be obtained by some other means than the 5 per cent. increase in freight rates proposed by the railroads. In part he said:

"It is clearly the duty of the commission in such an important matter as the one now before it to give the whole question the most careful investigation, and should it be found that some of the existing practices—even though they are of many years' standing—have the effect, under present conditions, of working discrimination as between shippers or communities, such practices should be adjusted in harmony with the spirit of the law. I do not fully share the expressed views of the commission as to the sum of money that may be saved to carriers by the changes suggested; however, the carriers will co-operate fully with the commission in the furtherance of any plan intended to increase their net revenues. It should be remembered that the various practices, allowances, &c., which have been under discussion at the recent hearings were all matters of long standing, were all the logical result of competition, that in many instances they were deemed necessary to meet legitimate commercial requirements, and in any event have all been fully covered by tariffs on file with the commission.

"I am confident the Interstate Commerce Commission is earnestly endeavoring to reach a just solution of this problem. I have personally been disappointed because an earlier solution could not be reached, and I say that without criticism of anybody.

"While disappointed, I am not at all discouraged by the situation, and I am in full accord with the commission in its desire to investigate the whole situation, and I believe the railroads in the end will be benefited by the investigation. The carriers feel no special pride in authorship, and if a better plan for sufficiently increasing their net earnings can be found than the one they proposed, they will very willingly accept it."

CASH FOR MAYOR'S OFFICE.

Estimate Board to be Asked To-day to Transfer $16,000.

In order to provide funds for the salaries of the new secretaries, stenographers, and clerks which the Mayor is anxious to obtain in order to concentrate the business of his office, the Board of Estimate will be asked to-day to transfer more than $16,000 from the Departments of Charities and Bridges. The Charities Department will be asked to contribute $12,582.43 from appropriations which it has saved, and the Bridge Department is down for $3,664.12. The Mayor has also asked for an increase of salary for Assistant Secretary Cruger.

The board will also take up the preliminary report of its Organization Committee, which recommended that considerable work now connected with the Controller's office be given to the Board of Estimate. The report provides for the establishment of a Bureau of Public Improvements in charge of Chief Engineer Nelson P. Lewis, a Bureau of Franchises under Harry P. Nichols, and a Bureau of Standards with George H. Tyrrell, now in the Controller's office, in charge. There will be three separate bureaus under the Bureau of Standards, a Standard of Supplies Bureau, an Analyzing and Testing Bureau, and a Standardization of Salaries and Grades Bureau. There will also be a separate Bureau of Contracts and Supervision in charge of Tilden Adamson, who is in the Controller's office.

Some of the Borough Presidents are opposed to the plan, it is said, and may vote against it to-day, on the ground that it limits their powers. The Mayor, the Controller, and the President of the Board of Aldermen are in favor of the scheme, as they say it will greatly increase the efficiency of the Controller's office by concentrating work that is now being done by many officials.

FIVE HURT ON LINER SWEPT BY BIG SEA

Nieuw Amsterdam, Badly Battered by Gales, In After Her Longest Voyage.

HUGE WATERSPOUT SEEN

Two Lifeboats Carried Away—Iceberg Near Westbound Lane—Kronprinzessin Cecilie Arrives.

With battered lifeboats, twisted rails and bent bulkheads the Holland-America liner Nieuw Amsterdam arrived yesterday from Rotterdam three days late. During her tempestuous voyage two passengers and three of the crew were injured. The chief incidents of the crossing were a hurricane, which reduced the liner's speed so much that she only made seventy-three miles in twenty-four hours; a huge waterspout, which passed two miles on her starboard bow, and an iceberg sighted on Feb. 15 in latitude 42.10 longitude 45.54, just north of the westboard ocean lane.

From the time the Nieuw Amsterdam left the chops of the English Channel until she reached Quarantine it was one gale after another from the west and northwest, accompanied by very high seas.

On Feb. 12, the day the liner made only seventy-three miles, two of her lifeboats were carried away and three others were battered in their chocks on the boat deck. Another big sea struck a steel bulkhead forward on the deck and bent it in. At the same time, as the liner heeled over to port, A. Baker, a second cabin passenger, was thrown down in the dining room against an iron stanchion and received a broken leg and several fractured ribs. A first cabin passenger was knocked down on deck and received severe contusions and bruises, and three of the the sailors on watch sustained painful injuries.

The seas became so heavy that Capt. T. Barron had the engines run dead slow, giving the liner just about steerage way to keep head on to the storm. The wind piped so shrilly that it was difficult for the officers to make themselves heard on the bridge, and it also blew the tops off the giant waves, which rose a hundred feet into the air, forming a cloud of fine white spray.

It was the longest voyage the Nieuw Amsterdam has ever made from Rotterdam to New York. Her average speed was twelve knots. Capt. Barron spent the greater part of the trip on the bridge.

Chief Officer Van Den Ent was on the bridge Friday afternoon when the waterspout was sighted about two miles to the north. He described it as a cluster of immense white clouds surrounded by rolling, dense black clouds, around which the seas rose to a great height and then toppled down with a deafening roar.

The Chief Officer decided that the ship was getting all the bad weather necessary without going to look for more, and deviated a little from the course to give the water-spout plenty of sea room.

Capt. Charles Polack of the Kronprinzessin Cecilie, which arrived from Bremen two days late, said it was the roughest voyage he had ever known.

"Commencing on Feb. 12, the morning after leaving Cherbourg," he said, "we had a high, rough sea, with west-southwest swell, and had to reduce speed for seven hours. We were under reduced speed for 100 hours in all during the voyage."

She made the voyage of 3,136 miles in 7 days 17 hours 6 minutes, at an average speed of 16.94 miles. None of the passengers or crew of the Kronprinzessin Cecilie was injured, and the ship did not suffer any damage.

The Franconia of the Cunard Line arrived from Alexandria, and had a fairly good passage from Gibraltar for this season of the year.

KINEO REPORTED SAFE.

Metapan Gets a Wireless Message and Gives Up the Search.

Because reassuring advices were received, the United Fruit steamer Metapan, after stopping for two hours in latitude 37.35, longitude 73.59, while on her way from Panama to New York, early yesterday gave up her search for the five-masted schooner Kineo, reported to be in trouble off Cape Hatteras.

Capt. Spencer of the Metapan reported, on his steamer's arrival here last night, that he had received a wireless from the steamer City of Atlanta, saying that the Kineo was proceeding northward.

TYPHUS SUSPECTS COMING.

163 of Roma's Passengers to be Sent Here by Train.

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 19.—Arrangements were completed to-night for transporting to the New York Quarantine Station the 163 steerage passengers of the Fabre Line steamer Roma, from Marseilles, who have been detained here since Tuesday on account of the discovery of two cases of typhus among Turkish immigrants. The passengers will be forwarded early to-morrow on a special train. After they are removed the Roma will clear for New York to repair damages sustained from her pounding for six hours on the rocks of No Man's Land during the blizzard of last Monday.

As soon as the New York health and immigration officials have decided that there is no further danger of contagion, all but thirteen of the steerage passengers will be returned by the company to this city, where they had intended to land. Because of lack of quarantine accommodations they have been detained on the Roma here, as the authorities would not allow them to go to New York on the steamer because of her damaged condition.

ONE WOMAN IN LIFEBOAT.

Had 15 Men in It When It Left the Monroe, a Sailor Testifies.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 19.—There were fifteen men and only one woman in the lifeboat launched under the direction of Capt. Johnson of the Monroe, according to the testimony of Martin Reinhardtzen, a seaman, at the investigation of the collision which caused the loss of the vessel. Reinhardtzen said there was not one person in the boat that he could positively identify as a passenger when Capt. Johnson gave orders to row away from the doomed ship. The sailor said he learned afterward that the woman in the lifeboat was a passenger, but at the time the lifeboat rowed away he did not know whether she was a stewardess or not.

Reinhardtzen was on duty with Andrew Sjodin as bow lookout on the night of the disaster. He did not see Capt. Johnson from the time the Nantucket rammed the Monroe until he got to No. 5 lifeboat. He heard "some shouting amidship," he said, but he received no orders from an officer to do any specific thing.

Reinhardtzen said he worked frantically at the gear of Lifeboat No. 3, but was unable to lower it.

Albert Lee Thurman, representing the Department of Commerce, said that the department had sent letters to all of the surviving passengers of the Monroe asking them to attend the investigation and testify or to forward affidavits.

$35,000 VERDICT FOR GIRL.

Miss O'Rourke Wins Her Suit Against the Cunard Company.

Miss Catherine O'Rourke, a servant in a Port Washington family, won a verdict of $35,000 against the Cunard Steamship Company yesterday for injuries suffered at the hands of Dr. Robert Bruce, ship's surgeon of the Campania, and a stewardess in April, 1910. Miss O'Rourke, who was represented by Arthur T. O'Leary of 38 Park Row in the trial of her case before Supreme Court Justice Jaycox and a jury at Mineola, was a steerage passenger on the Campania.

Miss O'Rourke testified that a stewardess of the ship aided by several other employes seized her and put her in the ship's hospital. There, she said, she was falsely accused of being the mother of an infant which had been found dead in the steerage. Dr. Bruce, she said, struck her and otherwise treated her roughly in seeking to prove that she was the mother of the child. The public shame of the accusation and the treatment to which she was subjected caused permanent injuries to her nervous organism, the jury was told.

The defense was an assertion that Miss O'Rourke was not publicly accused and was treated with due consideration in the hospital and was released when the real mother of the child was found.

J. L. MARTIN BANKRUPT.

Breach of Promise Judgment for $25,148 Among His Liabilities.

John Leon Martin, whose adventures in matrimony have brought him frequently into public notice, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday in which he listed as his heaviest liability a judgment for $25,148 obtained against him on Nov. 1 by Mrs. Cora Maude Clarke, a widow who alleged that Martin had promised to marry her shortly after divorcing one wife and shortly before taking another.

Martin gave his New York City address as 251 West Eighty-ninth Street, and also gave an address in Beechmont Drive, New Rochelle, where he is living with Mrs. Martin. In addition to the $25,148 judgment, Martin listed debts amounting to $75,145, of which $16,998 is due to his mother, Delia L. Martin, for money advanced to him.

Martin's total resources, as listed by himself, consist of "one old automobile, worth $150," a bank balance of $23, and a note for $200.

Robert Moore's Will Filed.

Robert Moore, the oldest member of the Cotton Exchange, who died on Feb. 13, divided his $110,000 estate between his wife and children. His will was filed for probate yesterday. Mrs. Alice W. Moore, the widow, received $35,000; Constance Moore, his daughter, $35,000, and Grace Martin, an adopted daughter, $5,000. The residue of the estate went to his sons, Clement, Robert R., Edward E., and Kneeland Moore. Mr. Moore was 92 years old when he died.

BRITISH OFFICIAL MULCTED.

Must Pay $10,000 Damages for Libeling an Army Officer.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—The British War Office system of confidential reports, on which officers of the army may be condemned and sentenced to professional ruin without being heard in their own defense, was severely censured by a Judge of the King's Bench Division to-day.

A jury awarded to Major W. Augustus Adam, formerly of the Royal Irish Lancers, the sum of $10,000 damages against Col. Sir Edward Ward in his capacity as Permanent Under Secretary for the War Office.

Major Adam, who distinguished himself in the siege of Ladysmith, South Africa, and was at one time employed on special service in Japan, brought a suit for libel, alleged to be contained in a letter written and published by Sir Edward Ward, saying that Major Adam had to retire from the army in consequence of adverse reports. Major Adam contended that the letter suggested that he had been guilty of dishonorable conduct and incompetence.

The letter was written in consequence of an attack made by Major Adam while he was a member of the House of Commons on the late Gen. Scobell, who had made the adverse reports.

Col. Seely, the Secretary of State for War, and Gen. Sir Edward John French were among the witnesses called in the case. The War Secretary refused to produce the alleged defamatory reports in court on the ground that they were against the public interest.

DEADLY DARTS FROM AIR.

New War Invention Tested in France with Satisfactory Results.

BUC, France, Feb. 19.—An inflammable dart for use by aeroplanes was tested to-day in the presence of military air experts with satisfactory results.

The dart carries a small reservoir containing gasoline, which explodes on contact. Its purpose is to set fire to dirigible balloons or buildings.

Three of the darts were dropped today from an aeroplane at an altitude of 600 feet and found their mark.

Maryland Society Dinner.

About one hundred sons of Maryland attended the sixteenth annual dinner of the Maryland Society of New York at the Hotel Biltmore last night. The speakers were Edgar Allan Poe, Attorney General of Maryland; ex-Congressman Martin W. Littleton, Stewart Brown, Congressman J. Harry Covington of Maryland, and John McNaughton. The toastmaster was the President of the society, Albert Ritchie.

Half a Century.

The school of experience is a broad one.

For over half a century we have been doing an investment business.

This surely is worthy of your consideration when seeking financial advice.

F. S. Smithers & Co.
ESTABLISHED 1857
44 Exchange Place
MEMBERS OF New York STOCK EXCHANGE

CELTIC AND MADONNA SAIL.

Liners Merely Touched Each Other at Naples, One Report Says.

NAPLES, Feb. 19.—The White Star liner Celtic and the Fabre liner Madonna left here for New York after the slight damage suffered by them in their collision here yesterday had been repaired.

The Celtic took 1,200 emigrants and the Madonna 1,000.

According to advices received at the White Star Line offices in this city, the Celtic and the Fabre liner Madonna merely touched each other when berthing at Naples, with no damage to either vessel.

Both steamers sailed for this side according to schedule.

The Celtic will sail from New York for Egypt via the Riviera and Italy on March 7.

Dinner for Newsboys.

The annual Washington's Birthday dinner to New York newsboys, given by Mrs. Eliza Guggenheimer in memory of her husband, Randolph Guggenheimer, will be served at the Brace Memorial Newsboys' House, 14 New Chambers Street, on Feb. 23. Addresses will be delivered by Herbert F. Gunnison, H. Randolph Guggenheimer, and Charles S. Guggenheimer. Music will be provided by the Boys' Club Orchestra.

These goods not on Sale until Saturday

Franklin Simon & Co.

Fifth Avenue,

"Young Men's Shop"

16 West 38th St.—Store Floor

Entirely Separate from Fifth Avenue Store

FINAL CLEARANCE SALE (To-morrow) SATURDAY

Young Men's Winter Clothing

Young Men's Suits

SIZES 32 TO 40 CHEST

Modeled on new English lines in navy serge, gray, brown or checked cassimere, Scotch tweed or English mixtures.

12.50

Heretofore $21.50 to $24.50

Winter Overcoats

FOR YOUNG MEN, 32 TO 40 CHEST

Hand tailored, single and double breasted form-fitting; also double-breasted Ulsters of imported overcoatings.

15.00

Heretofore $27.50 to $30.00

Men's Fur Lined Coats

SIZES 36 TO 44 CHEST

Of black kersey, lined with highest grade natural muskrat, collar of Persian lamb.

45.00

Heretofore $98.50

Men's Furnishings

Men's Imported Silk Ties

Men's Silk Ties of heavy brocaded and twilled silk in rich novel weaves of stripes and figures in the large open end shapes. *Values $1.50 to $3.50* .85

Men's Novelty Tucked Shirts

Exclusive Designs in New Spring Patterns

Of satin finished woven madras, Russian cords and cotton poplin crepe, in novelty and neat colored stripes; soft finish with French cuffs. *Value $3.75* 2.95

Men's Negligee Shirts

New Spring Patterns—Custom Finish

Made of fine quality mercerized materials with satin stripe; also cotton crepe in a large range of colored novelty stripes. *Value $2.00 to $2.50* 1.65

Men's Madras Pajamas

Imported mercerized madras and Russian cords in neat colored stripes, low neck, trimmed with double silk frogs. *Value $2.50 to $3.50* 1.55

"Young Men's Shop"—16 West 38th St.

Today and tomorrow the last two days of

Saks $30 to $40 Men's Suits at $20

¶ Every suit in stock at the former prices named, affording you a selection which, by reason of the wide range of former prices included in this sale, is most extraordinary.

For this day only

97 Black Walrus Grain Bags at $4.95

Regularly $7.50 and worth it.

¶ A full cut bag, leather lined, with sewed frame and corners, and brass trimmings. Sliding catches, and English lock. 16, 17 and 18 inches.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

Weber and Heilbroner

Announce Beginning To-day

Their Final Clean-up Sale

Of Medium and Heavy Weight

Suits and Overcoats

At the Following Price Reductions:

$20 and $25 Suits and Overcoats, $14.50
$25 and $30 Suits and Overcoats, $16.50
$30 and $35 Suits and Overcoats, $19.50
$35, $40 and $45 Suits, $23.50
$35 and $40 Overcoats, $23.50
$45, $50 and $60 Overcoats, $32.50

Six Clothing Stores

27 New St. 150 Nassau St. 241 Broadway
1185 Broadway 44th & Broadway 42d & 5th Avenue

BY TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS AND CABLE TO THE TIMES

BYE-ELECTION BLOW TO ASQUITH CABINET

Mr. Masterman Defeated at Bethnal Green—Unionist Papers Jubilant.

MARCONI INQUIRY BY LORDS

Motion for It Carried—Government Will Not Help, but Will Not Refuse to Pay for It.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, Feb. 20.—The first of the bye-elections due to the Cabinet changes has resulted in a Government defeat. The Right Hon. Charles F. G. Masterman failed of re-election at Bethnal Green by 24 votes. The Unionist candidate, Major Sir M. Wilson, was elected, receiving 2,828 votes to 2,804 polled by Mr. Masterman. A Socialist named Scurr obtained 316 votes.

Mr. Masterman was appointed Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster to succeed Mr. Hobhouse, who becomes Postmaster General.

The Opposition newspapers are exultant over the result of the election, which is hailed as a significant victory for Unionism. Their jubilation is the more pronounced because Mr. Masterman, although he retains his new honors as a Cabinet Minister, is no longer the representative of a constituency for which he has sat for nearly three years.

The Irish question carries little influence with the voters of Bethnal Green, which is populated by working men. Therefore the Insurance act, which mainly affects them, was the card the Unionists played for all it was worth.

The Unionists claim that the victory is an all-around condemnation of the Government's policy. The Liberals say the seat was lost solely by the split vote, the entrance of a Socialist candidate on the field making a three-cornered contest and robbing the Liberals of votes which would have given them the victory.

The Government has definitely decided to take no part in the new Marconi committee inquiry set up by the House of Lords. The Government will not nominate any member to serve on it.

If the new committee should ask the House of Commons to permit one or more of its members to give evidence, the Government is not likely to agree, but it has no intention of refusing to pay for the inquiry.

Several Unionist peers are being invited to serve on the committee, but it is possible that some may not feel inclined to do so. There is reason to believe that none of the law lords would be willing to join the committee.

On Tuesday Lord Lansdowne opposed Lord Ampthill's motion for the appointment of a committee, but a Conservative caucus met later at Lansdowne House and a contrary decision was the result.

The Liberal press strongly condemns the tactics of the Unionist peers in the matter. The Daily News says:

"The Peers have committed themselves to an organized attempt to destroy certain statesmen by Marconi methods. From a passage in Lord Lansdowne's speech it was made clear that Lord Murray was not the only objective. 'Persons' were mentioned.

"Lord Crewe made it clear that Mr. Lloyd George would feel under no obligation to appear before a committee, but Lord Lansdowne made a bold attack on the Lord Chief Justice, whose conduct was decried by the Conservative leader in language of carefully prepared abuse. Every word uttered by the Conservative leader in reference to the Marconi transaction applied to him, and as Attorney General he was accused of indulging in a wild and discreditable gamble, while the report of the Commons committee on his conduct was described as 'whitewash.'"

"That," says The Daily News, "is the respect paid by the Conservative leader to the head of the judicial bench when he happens to belong to the opposite party."

The Daily Chronicle takes a similar line, saying: "Plainly the object is to try to manufacture party capital. The Conservative Party, bankrupt in policy, wants to use the Marconi business as a means of discrediting the Government, and, above all, the Chancellor of the Exchequer. Lord Murray is merely a pretext for a covert attack on Mr. Lloyd George, the hero of the Democracy."

LONDON, Feb. 19.—"There never was a more discreditable gamble on the Stock Exchange than the one which took place in connection with American Marconi shares, and so disreputable was it that the Stock Exchange Committee took the usual course of suspending for five years a jobber concerned in it," said the Marquis of Lansdowne to-day, when he moved the appointment of a select committee to inquire into the charges brought by newspapers against Lord Murray of Elibank and into all matters relating to his dealings in wireless shares.

Lord Lansdowne, by himself making the motion, rendered the procedure more official than it would have been had Lord Ampthill initiated it, as was at first intended.

The Opposition leader said he considered that the disclosures made had shown that there was something seriously amiss with British public life. As far as Lord Murray was concerned, he said, it was impossible to accept the report of the Committee of the House of Commons, while Lord Murray's apology in the House of Lords was no defense of his conduct. Although Lord Murray was in England for two months while the House of Commons Committee was sitting he never appeared before it.

Lord Lansdowne suggested the appointment of a small committee, including a couple of experienced law lords. Its duties, he said, should be to ascertain whether Lord Murray had obtained all the shares for which he applied, and who was the actual owner of a large block of shares obtained by Cabinet Ministers.

The Marquis of Crewe, the Liberal leader, said the Government would offer no objection to the appointment of such a committee, although it was not prepared to assume any responsibility for it.

The motion was carried without a division.

HAITIAN REBELS ROUTED.

Gen. Paul, Their Commander-in-Chief, Slain—Cape Haitien Fortified

CAPE HAITIEN, Feb. 19.—Two serious defeats were inflicted to-day on the armies of the rebel leader, Senator Davilmar Théodore, at Grande Rivière, fifteen miles from here, and at Limbe, to the west of Cape Haitien.

Gen. Paul, commander in chief of the rebel forces, was killed in one of the battles.

The rebels retreated toward Cape Haitien, pursued by Government troops.

Fortifications have been erected here by Senator Théodore, who refuses to depart.

NEW COIFFURES FOR THE NEW HATS

Hair Is Smooth and Drawn from the Temples, Veiling the Ears.

"WIGWAM" HAT A FAVORITE

Feathers Meet at the Top in the Style of an Indian Tepee—Some Other New Fashions in Paris.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Feb. 19.—The Spring hats shown by Caroline Reboux demand a new kind of coiffure.

Americans must make up their minds to a change in the fashions for hats, which are perched on top of the head, showing most of the hair. The brims are small and the crowns often low. The trimming is high.

The "wigwam" hat is a favorite, with feathers standing and meeting at the top like an Indian tepee at a height of 12 inches.

Three cornered hats are in favor, the point in front and one side tilted high.

Moderately high turbans of blue and green straw are seen. Reboux shows no plaid hats. Several were seen at the Autuil races, with one quill in front. White straw turbans have three ostrich feathers standing high and curled over at the ends.

Lewis shows Italian straw hats with bands of roses across the tops and tilted high at the side.

Hats for walking suits are in bronze kid, with brown velvet trimming. There are many oblong hats with brims rolled together at the top.

The new coiffures are smooth and drawn from the temples, veiling the ears. No knot is visible, but all the hair is drawn far out at the crown of the head. It is a very trying fashion, but popular. Everything tilts to the left.

ANNE RITTENHOUSE.

SAYS DEWEY WILL EXPLAIN.

Minister of Marine Replies to a Sharp Attack in the Reichstag.

BERLIN, Feb. 19.—A sharp attack on Admiral Dewey, owing to the statements made by him in his autobiography concerning the German fleet at Manila during the Spanish-American war, was made in the Imperial Parliament to-day by Matthias Erzberger, one of the leaders of the Clerical Party. He said the statements of Admiral Dewey had excited the greatest amazement in Germany.

Admiral von Tirpitz, the Minister of Marine, said in reply that he understood Admiral Dewey would soon issue an explanation showing that the conduct of Admiral von Diedrichs, the German commander at Manila, and his subordinates had been absolutely correct.

DENIAL BY PRINCESS THURN

She Disavows Any Connection w'th the London Blackmail Case.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—At the adjourned hearing to-day at the Westminster Police Court of the charge of blackmail brought by "Josephine, Princess of Thurn and Taxis," against James Henry Maur, a well-known London clubman, T. E. Wild, K. C., appeared on behalf of Leonora, Princess Victor of Thurn and Taxis, formerly Mrs. Fitzgerald of Pennsylvania. Mr. Wild said he wished to make a statement.

The prosecutrix's counsel objected on the ground that litigation was pending between Princesses Josephine and Leonora in which the latter sought to restrain the former from using the title. Finally Mr. Wild was allowed to tell the court that his client had nothing whatever to do with the prosecution.

A witness named Brimms, who described himself as a commercial traveler for the Faultless Rubber Company of Ashland, Ohio, said he had known the defendant Maur for twelve years. Maur, he said, had told him nothing about the Princess except that he was charmed at meeting her and was going to take her to the theatre and to dinner. Maur told him he was worrying about letters sent to the prosecutrix and would like to discover who was responsible for them.

The prosecutrix on the witness stand described the receipt of three letters signed "Ernest Everitt." She said she afterward made an appointment with Maur to show him the letters. She did not accept his suggestion that she should consult Inspector Thomas of Scotland Yard.

The case was adjourned until to-morrow, when the defendant's counsel hopes to satisfy the Magistrate that the matter will go no further so far as Maur is concerned.

AUTHORS ASK FAIR EXHIBIT.

Well-Known English Writers Send an Appeal to Premier Asquith.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—Sir Arthur Conan Doyle has forwarded a petition signed by twenty-nine well-known authors to Premier Asquith urging the Government to reconsider its decision not to participate in the Panama-Pacific Exhibition.

The petitioners lay stress on the fact that the sum involved would appear moderate "as compared to the very great harm which might come from any deterioration in those better relations which have been built up during a number of years between ourselves and the United States."

The signatories include William Archer, A. C. Benson, Silas K. Hocking, Sir Henry Arthur Jones, Sir Sidney Lee, John Masefield, E. W. Hornung, Sir Gilbert Parker, Sir Arthur W. Pinero, and Sir Owen Seaman.

A memorial to the same effect has already been signed by nearly 300 Members of Parliament and will shortly be presented.

CONTINUE ATTACKS ON JEWS

Black Hundreds' Campaign Goes On Despite Disproof of "Ritual" Story.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 19.—The "Black Hundreds" to-day continued their campaign against the Jews of Kieff in spite of the fact that the allegation of "ritual murder" against the Jewish tailor Pashkoff of Fastoff were disproved by the finding alive of the Christian boy Taranthevitch, who had been reported murdered.

Telegrams from Kieff to-day say it has been conclusively shown that the dead boy was Pashkoff's own son Yoshel. The lad had been treated several times at the district hospital for an affection of the cornea, and one of the eyes of the exhumed body bore marks of such treatment.

A Kieff newspaper which supports the "Black Hundreds" to-day publishes an article throwing further suspicion on the Jews, saying:

"Some invisible hand more terrible than the American 'Black Hand' is making our children tremble."

FRENCH SHIPPING STRIKE.

Messageries Maritimes Engineers Quit—Trouble May Spread.

MARSEILLES, Feb. 19.—The engineers of the Messageries Maritime decided to-day to strike unless their pay were raised immediately. The company, in reply to the men's demand, determined to lay up its vessels rather than yield. The engineers are making efforts to obtain the support of the engineers of all the other shipping companies.

The Natal, carrying mails for Madagascar, and the Saghalien, with mails for Constantinople, were, however, able to sail without incident to-day.

J. B. GREENHUT, PRES.
GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO.

GREENHUT'S *Always Striving to Serve You Better*

We find that only half as many people are required to correct errors in "The Big Store" as are employed by other large stores for that purpose.

This is because of our simplified system and scientific management, that help to prevent errors occurring.

And yet, with this excellent record, we are not satisfied even to make HALF AS MANY ERRORS as other stores.

We want to get MUCH NEARER TO PERFECTION in service.

Our people are human. Accidents will happen, with the greatest of care. But, please remember that we always consider it A FAVOR to be told promptly about errors when they occur—so that we can MAKE THEM RIGHT at once as well as correct the fault and prevent it happening again. Help us to make YOUR Store still BETTER.

—MAIN BUILDING—

Great Crowds Will Surely Attend Today's Marvelous Sale!

1,186 Men's Fine Winter Overcoats at $5, $7.50, $10, $12 & $15

Which Prices Represent ½ Their Value, and Less

A sale to arouse the enthusiasm of any man and every man. Style such as you have never before seen at anything like the prices. Clothes that are simply superb. Tailoring which reflects the newest of the new fashions.

And All for the Lowest Prices This or Any Other Store Has Ever Quoted on Garments of Equal Worth.

Now, gentlemen, in this nippy weather, YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO MISS THIS CHANCE TO SECURE A FINE WINTER OVERCOAT THAT WILL GIVE YOU SERVICE FOR THE REST OF THE SEASON AND CAN BE PUT AWAY FOR THE BEGINNING OF THE NEXT.

Read this good news carefully.

$10 and $12 Winter Overcoats—"odd" lots; one or two of a kind; today, at $5

$15 Winter Overcoats—in a splendid selection of cloths; today, at $7.50

$15 to $22.50 Winter Overcoats—in all the best styles and popular colors; every size; some ¼-silk-lined; medium and dark colors; today, at $10

Winter Overcoats—for men and youths; shawl collar; some belted-back models form and box-back coats; all regular sizes, lengths and colors; values to $25; today, at $12

Men's and Youths' Winter Overcoats—a magnificent collection, including
Finest Silk-Lined Overcoats *Chinchilla Overcoats*
Half- and Quarter-Silk-Lined Overcoats
Vicuna Overcoats *Oxford and Gray Overcoats*
Every model from the "swell" aristocratic to the staple velvet-collar garment. Winter and spring coats are in the collection; also Balmacaan coats All sizes. Values to $30; at $15

Once Again, Don't Miss This Glorious Chance—It Is a Rare One, Indeed. And Please COME EARLY.

—MAIN BUILDING—

Several Thousand Pairs of Women's Excellent

$3 and $3.50 Shoes, at $1.89

New Styles From a Prominent Manufacturer—Sale Today

Surplus assortments and samples in a good variety of leathers, heel-heights and toe shapes. BUTTON OR LACE. All with welted soles; but, best of all, every size and width in each style.

Misses' and Children's $1.25 Shoes—made of good quality kidskin; button style; good, serviceable soles; all sizes from 5 to 2; pair .. 98c

Women's $3 and $3.50 Evening Slippers—"odds and ends" and discontinued lines from our own stocks; all the popular shades of satin; also patent leather, velvets, suedes and kidskin; not all sizes in each style, but all sizes and widths in the entire lot; pair $1.95

Men's $2.50 Shoes—made of good Casco calfskin; Blucher style; leather lined; heavy double soles; an ideal heavy shoe for the man who has a great deal of walking to do; all sizes from 6 to 10; pair $1.49

—MAIN BUILDING—

A Sale of Women's Gloves At ½ Less Than Usual

Take Your Choice, Today, of

Glace Overseam Gloves, Pique Sewn Glace Gloves, PXM Cape Gloves, at, a Pair 75c

Today's best styles in the above lines.

EVERY PAIR NEW AND PERFECT, in fact, they have just come in from the custom house.

And Look at This Great Sale, Today, of

Silk Gloves, at ... 50c A Pair

IT IS A POSITIVE FACT THAT THESE SILK GLOVES WILL COST YOU DOUBLE LATER.

So stock up NOW. These silk gloves are factory "seconds," but are 95 per cent. perfect. Your choice of black or white.

—MAIN BUILDING—

Sale of "Odd" Napkins

Grades Regularly Priced $1.89 to $2.45 a Dozen, Today, a Dozen $1.49

A very unusual opportunity for a few hundred of our customers to buy very fine bleached Irish all-linen and union damask napkins by the dozen at this amazingly low price.

Very pretty patterns. Round center design in extra-weight, 22-inch square all-linen napkins among this lot.

—GREENHUT BUILDING—

$55 Brass Bed Outfits

Today, in Our February Furniture Sale, at ... $29.50

This is a characteristic specimen of the value-giving that has made this our GREATEST FEBRUARY FURNITURE SALE.

$55 Brass Bed Outfits—consist of 2-inch continuous-post brass bedstead, with five 2-inch filling rods; box spring, covered in fancy cretonne art ticking, with 63 coil springs; roll edge, combination felt and cotton mattress and two curled feather pillows; mattress and pillows covered to match the box spring; complete, for $29.50

"THE BIG STORE"
BOTH SIDES OF SIXTH AVE.-18TH TO 19TH ST.
NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE

"Everybody's Going to THE BIG STORE"

Double Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock—Single Stamps Thereafter

Arnold Constable & Co

Mail Orders Promptly Filled

TO-DAY'S SPECIAL SALES

Introductory Sale of MEN'S SOFT SHIRTS

All the new materials and patterns for spring and summer, 1914—introducing all the late novelties and the new French Cuffs—at

Most Unusual Concessions in Prices

NEW WOVEN STRIPE CREPE SHIRTS—Special qualities in blue and white effects. *Regularly $2.50*
NEW TAFFETA FLANNEL SOFT SHIRTS—Light and medium effects. Exclusive with us. *Reg. $2.50*
NEW WOVEN MADRAS SOFT SHIRTS—Better grades in the most popular candy stripes. *Reg. $2.00*
HAIR LINE CREPE SOFT SHIRTS—Unusually neat stripes in single and double colors. *Regularly $2.00*
NOVELTY PATTERNED CREPE SHIRTS—All over scroll designs in the new tinted shades. *Regularly $2.00*
WHITE BIRDSEYE CHEVIOT SHIRTS—Most popular of all plain white shirts. Soft cuffs. *Regularly $2.00*
1.50

Women's Union Suits and Wool Tights

UNION SUITS—Fine ribbed merino, medium weight, low neck; sleeveless or short sleeves. *Regular price $2.00* 95c
UNION SUITS—Fine ribbed pure, soft white cotton, medium weight, silk trimmed; all shapes. *Regular price $1.25* 95c
UNION SUITS—Fine ribbed cotton, winter weight, high neck and long sleeves, ankle length; regular and extra sizes. *Regular price $1.25* 68
BLACK WOOL TIGHTS—Knee or ankle length, open or closed seats, winter weight; regular and extra sizes. *Regularly $1.25* 68c

Net Top Laces

PLEATING LACES—Point d'esprit and plain nets, straight and scolloped edges. *Regularly 18c to 65c yard* 12c to 45c
NET FLOUNCINGS—With triple embroidered scolloped edge. *Special value* 75c to 1.95
SILK LACES—Oriental net top designs. *Regularly 65c to $3.50 yard* 45c to 2.25

Broadway & 19th Street

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564, 566, 568 Fifth Avenue at 45th St.

ANNOUNCE FOR TODAY & SATURDAY

Last Prices on Evening Gowns, Afternoon and Dance Frocks

$125 to $400 values—at $55 & $85

Model gowns by Poiret, Worth, Paquin and other noted couturiers; together with other rich styles of silk and velvet, in embroidered, jeweled, and lace or tulle-trimmed effects.

$55 to $95 Dresses at $25 & $35

Smart styles for street, calling and informal evening wear.

Rich Fur Coats & Sets Priced for Prompt Clearance.

THE EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE U. S.

165 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

The Fifty-fourth Annual Report of the Society embodying its Financial Statement, Schedules of Investments, and full details regarding its progress during the year 1913, will be sent to any address on application.

ADMITTED ASSETS, Dec. 31, 1913	$ 525,345,619
Increase over 1912, $12,026,418	
POLICY FUND (or Insurance Reserve)	$ 432,282,828
Other Liabilities	8,694,048
TOTAL LIABILITIES	$ 440,976,876
SURPLUS RESERVES:	
Including amounts held awaiting apportionment upon deferred dividend policies	$ 84,368,743
SET ASIDE FOR DIVIDENDS TO POLICYHOLDERS in 1914	$ 13,638,794
NEW INSURANCE PAID FOR in 1913	$ 144,247,363
OUTSTANDING INSURANCE, Dec. 31, 1913	$1,471,093,575
PAYMENTS TO POLICYHOLDERS in 1913	$ 54,805,925
INVESTMENTS MADE IN 1913 IN RAILROAD AND MUNICIPAL BONDS, MORTGAGES, etc.	$ 25,948,904
INVESTED TO YIELD 5.20%	

Equitable Policies are simple, direct and liberal, and are issued on all standard forms, for the protection of individuals, firms, corporations, and the employees of business and manufacturing organizations.

Particulars will be sent from the Home Office or any Agency of the Society on request.

H. A. Day

President

The advertising rate of The New York Times, 40c per agate line, with circulation Sunday and daily exceeding 200,000, makes the cost less than one cent a line for each 5,000 circulation—the cheapest, as it is the best, newspaper advertising in the world.

Seal of the Manhattan Company Since 1799

Bank of the Manhattan Company

The Oldest State Bank in New York
The Largest Bank of its age in the United States

We want your account

Capital $2,050,000
Surplus $4,100,000

114 Years at 40 Wall Street

She Felt The Pull of the Unknown

and she ventured forth, cutting off her income for a year—plunging into an untried life. It was a big year, such a new kind of year for her! Her great adventure is told in a new novel, just out, called "The Masks of Love," by Margarita Spalding Gerry. This girl came face to face with life, with ambition—with love. The man? Well, he was indeed a new sort of man to her—and she was engaged to a scholarly professor, too. But the new man was like her new year. "It is the primitive brute in man which in the last analysis counts. One may conceal this under fine raiment and clothe it in fine phrases, but the fact remains—and that is one of the things a splendid, upstanding young woman learns here. And the teaching and the learning are interesting." It is a novel to read to-day, this "The Masks of Love."

TO-DAY
At Any Book Store
Harper & Brothers, N. Y.

Dobbs & Co Hatters
242 Fifth Ave.,
between 27th & 28th Sts.

Exclusive Dobbs & Co designs in Knapp-Felt Derbies & Soft Hats $4

Dobbs & Co's Fifth Ave. Hats $5
Knapp-Felt De Luxe $6.

Kewanee Smokeless Firebox Boilers Cut Coal Costs in Half

Right here in New York we can show installations that are burning bituminous coal and saving one-half the fuel cost, as compared with ordinary boilers in similar buildings in which anthracite steam size coal is burned.

Get our literature and confer with us for fuel facts.

KEWANEE BOILER COMPANY
N. Y. Salesroom, 47 West 42nd St.

On View To-day
Also To-morrow Until Hour of Sale.
Fifth Ave. Auction Rooms,
333-341 Fourth Av., at 25th St.

A COLLECTION OF 150 BEAUTIFUL OLD
Chinese Rugs
Recently procured in China by
Mr. Kano Oshima
and selected for their unusual designs, fine quality, desirable sizes, and excellent condition.

THE SALE BY AUCTION will be held on Saturday, February 21, commencing at 2:30 o'clock.

Henry A. Hartman, Auctioneer.

CHICAGO LIMITED
Leave New York 2 P. M. Arrive Chicago 2 P. M.
via Lackawanna—Michigan Central.

Lackawanna Railroad

All-Steel Electric Lighted Sleepers.

TICKET OFFICES:
Broadway { Cor. Wall St. / " Howard St / " 23th St. / " 42nd St.
Brooklyn, 505 Fulton St.

JOURNALISTS IGNORE PRESIDENT'S PARDON

Tribune Employes Decline to Tell Source of Their Information as to Grand Jury.

WISE TO REVERSE HIMSELF

Ex-U. S. District Attorney Must Argue Against a Legal Device He Perfected.

Declining to accept pardons from the President of the United States and refusing to answer certain questions put to them by the Federal Grand Jury, George Burdick, now financial editor and at one time city editor of The New York Tribune, and William I. Curtin, ship news reporter for the the same newspaper, were presented to Judge Hand in the Federal District Court yesterday by the Grand Jury for contempt of court. They had refused to reply to certain questions on the ground that to answer might tend to incriminate and degrade them, and it was contended that the pardon of the President should have removed all fear of the consequences of what they said.

The New York Tribune on Dec. 19 and Dec. 31 published reports that indictments were pending in the Heitmeyer and Alexander case and the case of ex-Congressman Littauer and his brother, on account of smuggling. No official information at that time had been given out with regard to these matters, and the Federal authorities were exceedingly annoyed that any one, who had known about them in his official capacity, should have permitted an inkling of them to reach the press.

To discover where was the leak in the Custom House, a proceeding against John Doe and Richard Roe was started before the Federal Grand Jury and Assistant United States District Attorney Frank I. Carstarphan made an information against these two fictitious persons on the ground that they had broken the bribery and another clause of the Federal Statutes. In the course of his inquiry he ascertained that Mr. Burdick, as City Editor at the time of the publication of the stories, Mr. Curtin as the alleged gatherer of the news contained therein, and Harry Kingsbury, another reporter of the New York Tribune, as the actual writer of them, could tell from what source they had been derived.

These three men were summoned before the Grand Jury and questioned. At first, it was stated, they were so unwilling to give information that they even declined to give their names and ages, so they were presented at the end of January before Judge Killits for contempt. They were represented by ex-United States District Attorney Henry A. Wise, and the court admonished the defendants that they should reply to all lawful questions and instructed Mr. Wise to advise them that they would be guilty of contempt of court if they did not do so unless they claimed their constitutional rights.

As Mr. Kingsbury had only taken the information complained of over the telephone and written it out for publication, and as he had no knowledge of its source, he dropped out of the case. But on Tuesday Mr. Burdick and Mr. Curtin were again ordered to attend the Grand Jury session.

Mr. Carstarphan informed Judge Hand yesterday that as each of them was examined this question was put to him:

"From what person or persons, or from what source or sources, or in what manner did you secure the information contained in your article?"

Each of them declined to answer on the constitutional grounds, and each of them was then asked whether he really, in good faith, believed that to answer would incriminate and degrade him, and each replied that he did.

Then to each in turn was handed a warrant of pardon signed by President Woodrow Wilson, holding them unconditionally free from any offense which they had committed against the two sections to which the John Doe proceedings referred. As Mr. Carstarphan described what they did next a note of indignation crept into his voice.

"They were both intelligent men," he said, "very intelligent men. They asked permission to consider their action. They withdrew into the next room. They could certainly understand the wording of the pardon. Yet when they came back they still refused to answer. They withdrew, leaving the President's warrant of pardon lying on the table."

Then Mr. Carstarphan went on to urge that it had never been suggested by the Government that these men had been guilty of any criminal action. They had been summoned merely as witnesses, and it was merely the reason that they had alleged for their refusal to reply which had made it advisable to offer them the President's unconditional pardon. He was convinced that their action was not to protect themselves, but to shield some third party.

Ex-District Attorney Wise said that he was not prepared to answer the presentment at such short notice. It was a very important case, he said, and whatever was the decision of the District Court it was quite certain that it would be carried up to the Supreme Court of the United States for final determination.

Judge Hand then adjourned the hearing until to-day, and will take it up as soon as he has completed his calendar.

Some amusement was caused by the fact that Mr. Wise, who is counsel for the defendants, devised the procedure for handing an unwilling witness before the Federal Grand Jury a full, unconditional pardon.

Mr. Carstarphan, in referring to this precedent yesterday, quoted to the Court a statement of Mr. Wise's as District Attorney. "It seems to establish an interesting and important principle of constitutional law," he said, "and it is against his own opinion thus recorded that Mr. Wise must argue to-day."

FLEET PADDED FOR REVIEW.

Naval Militiamen Temporarily Enlisted for Reserve Ships, Blue Admits

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—John J. Fitzgerald, Chairman of the House Appropriations Committee, to-day made public testimony recently given behind closed doors by Rear Admiral Victor Blue, Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, that in the big naval review held at New York in October, 1912, there was a "manufactured" showing as to the real fighting efficiency of the fleet. This was a month before the Presidential election.

In order to fully man the vessels of the reserve fleet a number of naval militiamen, many of them from the Great Lakes region, were enlisted, transported to New York, and used in manning some of the ships, and this was done with the understanding that these men were to be honorably discharged from the navy as soon as the review was over, when they were to be transported to their homes at Government expense. Rear Admiral Blue admitted that this was done, and that it was in evasion of the law which provides for four-year enlistments in the navy.

"At the time of that review," said Chairman Fitzgerald, "I heard the President make a speech in which he boasted of the fact that there was a fleet fully equipped and prepared to sail out of New York to meet any enemy that might be marshaled against it."

Mr. Fitzgerald had reference to the speech Mr. Taft delivered at the Hotel Astor on Oct. 14, after he had reviewed the fleet.

Rear Admiral Blue said the militiamen, although enlisted for the full four years, were discharged by special order of Secretary Meyer immediately after the review.

Thursday Musical Club.

Mrs. S. B. Chapin opened her house, 930 Fifth Avenue, yesterday for the afternoon meeting of the Thursday Musical Club. The programme included both professionals and amateurs. The string instruments are played by professionals at these concerts, but the club supplies amateur pianists. Yesterday George Barrere played the flute and Mlle. Jacques the harp. Miss Beatrice Bowman sang and Mrs. Philip Sawyer played.

SNOW SHOVELERS DROP OUT

Sleet Causes Woman's Death—Street Jam Angers the Mayor.

Sleet and rain and snow, in the order named, were the weather's gift to New York yesterday. The sleet came first and covered everything with a thin layer of ice. It caused one death and many pedestrians sutained injures by falls. Subway, surface and elevated railways suffered vexing delays, and a general demoralization of vehicular traffic occurred in all parts of the city.

Mrs. Helen Brooker, owner of a five-story tenement at 1,750 Fifth Avenue, on the second floor of which she lived, had forgotten her keys and was trying to walk across an ice-covered cornice stone when she fell to the street. She landed on her head and was instantly killed.

Herman Grissman of 523 Tenth Avenue, who fell and broke his right leg; Henry Steffanson of 322 East Eighty-fifth Street, who suffered a fracture of the right thigh; Emil Zecopalik of 500 East Seventy-fourth Street, who dislocated his shoulder, were among the most seriously injured of the scores of cases reported to the police.

After the sleet came the rain and a rise in temperature, which made the city a sea of slush. Then the snowfall came and spread a thin layer of white before it ceased at 10 P. M.

Mayor Mitchel was among those who were delayed last night by the condition of the streets. He attended the Casino Theatre, and to make the journey from his home at Ninety-eighth Street and Riverside Drive nearly an hour was required. When his machine arrived at the Casino there was a jam of vehicles and the Mayor was further delayed about fifteen minutes. When at last his chauffeur stopped in front of the entrance the Mayor expressed his mind in positive terms and gave the traffic policeman to understand that it might have been possible to handle traffic much better than had been the case. Between the second and third acts the Mayor called up Street Cleaning Commissioner Fetherston and made several suggestions for the more rapid clean-up of the city.

Commissioner Fetherston said yesterday afternoon that, although the rain had done much to melt the snow, it had complicated the situation to such an extent that the city was not much better off.

"The contractors who are removing the snow cannot keep their men at work," said he. "They are dropping out by the hundreds. Many of them are only half clothed and hungry."

ILLUSTRATORS IN UPLIFT.

Take the Berkeley Theatre for Smoker and Two Playlets.

The Berkeley Theatre, home of uplift and social problem solving, was appropriated by the Society of Illustrators, 250 strong, last night, for the staging of two uplift and problem plays of its own, in keeping with the serious spirit and thoughtful purposes of its fifth annual smoker

The first play, entitled "Perfectly Happy," composed, staged, and for the most part acted by C. B. Falls, decorator and wearer of bangs, had as its theme the wistful age-long pursuit of happiness, and as its scene the bed chamber of the Philandering Queen. Three illustrators—a Red Lover, a Gray Lover, and a Green Lover—in quick succession join her in seeking the elusive will-o'-the-wisp; but each in turn falls by the wayside and ends up smothered to death in the wardrobe, leaving the Philandering Queen once more to her meditation, her mirror, and her powder puff. She finally finds perfect happiness with her Hunchback King by adopting with him the life of an ascetic of the most vigorous order.

The second play, entitled "Plague o' My Heart, a smoker in two whiffs and a reel," was the work of Robert J. Wildhack and Fred E. Dayton.

JUSTICE'S WIDOW SUES FOR SUPPORT

Mrs. Dinnean Alleges She Has Had to Pawn Her Jewels to Keep Herself Alive.

TURNED OUT OF HER HOME

Husband's Relative Took Up Lease and Ousted Her, Mrs. Dinnean Asserts.

Mrs. Elizabeth Foy Dinnean, widow of Thomas Peter Dinnean, the Justice of the Municipal Court of the Second District, who died in October, 1913, has filed a petition in the Surrogates' Court in which she says that she is homeless and utterly without support, and that she has been forced to pawn nearly all her jewelry in order to get miney for food and clothing. She asks that Thomas P. Dinnean, her husband's nephew and the administrator of his estate, be directed to pay to her out of her husband's estate enough to provide for her support.

Justice Dinnean bequeathed nothing outright to his wife. His entire estate he divided into three parts, one each to Catherine Dinnean and Mary Ducompte, his sisters, and the third equally between Thomas, Richard, and John Dinnean, his nephews, and Catherine, Grace, and Gertrude Dinnean, his nieces. Thomas P. Dinnean was appointed administrator. The sole reference to his wife was contained in this paragraph:

"I direct my executors named in my last will and testament, that should my beloved wife Elizabeth C. Foy Dinnean survive me, proper provision out of my estate be made for her comfort, care, support, and maintenance, and for such medical attention as she may require during her lifetime."

Mrs. Dinnean says that she is 48 years old, and at the time of her husband's death had no money in her possession except $1.25. In order to purchase a dress, hat, and veil suitable for a widow, she says, she had to borrow $100 from one of her husband's friends.

"On or about Nov. 1, 1913," the petition reads, "only a day or two after my husband's funeral, his lease of our house at Sheepshead Bay expired, and the house was leased by Catherine Dinnean and some other members of my husband's family. Catherine Dinnean then ordered me to remove my belongings and myself from the house and to stay away. I was homeless and without means, and pawned all my jewelry, except a few small pieces, to obtain money on which to exist.

"Before my marriage I used to be a furrier and dressmaker and was accustomed to earn between $45 and $55 a week. After my husband's death I tried to work at my old trade, but the mental worry caused by my lack of funds made work impossible. I had neither friends nor relatives to assist me. Although my husband's executor was informed and knew that I was in great need and distress for lack of money, he evinced no interest or desire to fulfill the directions of my husband's will."

Mrs. Dinnean says that she was married to the Justice on Nov. 28, 1908, although she had known him for twenty-four years prior to that. Their marriage, she said, was deferred until he could suupport her adequately. And after their marriage, she says, they lived in luxury and traveled and entertained their friends on a lavish scale.

Mrs. Dinnean asks that the Surrogate direct her husband's administrator to pay to her $2,510 annually for these purposes: Rent, $600 a year; food, $20 a week; light, fuel, &c., $10 a month; clothing, $500 a year; incidentals, $250. The estate is said to amount to $30,000.

HONOR DR. ANNIE S. DANIEL

Professional Friends Give Dinner to "Ministering Angel to the Poor."

Dr. Annie S. Daniel was the guest of honor at a dinner at the Hotel McAlpin last night, which was attended by more than 300 men and women physicians. Dr. Daniel has spent thirty-five years ministering to the poor of the lower East Side. Her thousands of friends in that district call her "the ministering angel to the poor."

Dr. Daniel is noted as the woman who first showed the need of tenement house, sweatshop, and prison reforms. Among the speakers and guests last night were Dr. Elizabeth M. Cushier, Dr. Gertrude B. Kelly of the New York Infirmary for Women and Children, Dr. Abraham Jacobi, who said that Dr. Daniel had learned more in her visits to the tenement houses than the other physicians present had learned in their visits in Fifth Avenue; Tenement House Commissioner John J. Murphy, Mrs. Frederick Nathan, Miss Leonora O'Reilly, Dr. Stephen Smith, who gave up a dinner at his home celebrating his ninety-first birthday to do honor to Dr. Daniel; Mrs. Henry Villard, and Miss Lillian D. Wald.

CHOIR SINGER A THIEF.

Acker Admits Attacking Woman While Posing as Gas Inspector.

George W. Acker, who said he sang in the choir of Trinity Methodist Church in 118th Street, between First and Second Avenues, was arrested last night charged with being the bogus gas inspector who attacked Mrs. Charles Rose of 354 Cypress Street, the Bronx, Wednesday evening, breaking two of her teeth with his revolver. Acker admitted having committed the assault. He said he had made a good living by robbing flats he had entered as a gas inspector, and gave a list of some of them to the police. Mrs. Rose identified Acker as her assailant.

John Wilgrate, a janitor of 362 Cypress Avenue, gave Detectives Lyons and Wagner of the Alexander Avenue Station, who arrested Acker, the information which led to his apprehension.

HOWELLS A SUFFRAGIST.

Writer Tells Mrs. Hall He Loves and Honors Her Cause.

In expressing his regret at being unable to attend a "suffrage tea" given on Wednesday at the headquarters of the Woman Suffrage Party at 48 East Thirty-fourth Street, W. D. Howells said:

Boston, Jan. 28, 1914.

Dear Mrs. Hall: The fact that I am in Boston this Winter and not in New York will best account for my not coming to your Equal Rights Tea on Feb. 18. I hope without coming I may here bear witness to the love and honor I bear your cause, which is so one with civilization and humanity that I wonder any civilized man can be against it. Men have made a mess of trying to rule the world alone, and it will never be put to rights till women with their clear heads and true hearts come to our rescue. It will never be clean or decent until then.

Yours sincerely, W. D. HOWELLS.

Mrs. Florence Howe Hall, daughter of the late Julia Ward Howe, presided at the tea.

BISHOP WELLS TO MARRY.

Aged Ecclesiastic's Bride Will Be Mrs. A. H. Smith of New York.

SPOKANE, Feb. 19.—The Right Rev. Lemuel H. Wells, for more than twenty years Bishop of the Episcopal diocese of Spokane, has announced here his engagement to Mrs. Andrew H. Smith of New York City. The wedding is to take place in May in New York. The bride-to-be, a widow, is a member of a wealthy New York family.

Bishop Wells, whose first wife died ten years ago, is 72 years old.

Efforts failed to locate in New York the Mrs. Andrew H. Smith mentioned in the above dispatch.

WILLS $300,000 TO SCHOOL.

M. C. Day's Gift Conditioned on Payment of $7,000 in Annuities.

The Trustees of the Phillips Andover Academy at Andover, Mass., will have to agree to pay annuities amounting to $7,000 before they can come into possession of the $300,000 left to the academy by Melville Cox Day, an alumnus, who died at his home in Florence, Italy, on Dec. 29 last. Mr. Day's will was offered for probate yesterday by Carter, Ledyard & Milburn of 54 Wall Street.

In making the bequest to his alma mater, Mr. Day stipulated that out of the fund Harriet C. Frost and Mary C. Frey should each receive $2,500 yearly, and that annuities of $500 each should be given to his grandnephew, Frederick D. Goodwin of Paris, Clara Goodwin Staples of 106 Morningside Avenue, his grandniece, and Katherine D. Locke and Emma Gould. If Phillips Andover fails or declines within six months of the probating of the will to accept the request under these conditions the money is to go to Yale University. The residue of the estate is left to the academy regardless of whether it agrees to accept the contingent bequest.

The sum of $25,000 is left to the Wardwell Home for Old Ladies of Saco and Biddeford, Me., on condition that small annuities be given to Jane Locke of Saco and Sarah Wingate, her daughter. In this connection Mr. Day's will requests "that the Wardwell Home furnish at its abode, if she shall require it, a home for Jane Fotheringham, who was a faithful and devoted attendant upon my mother during her declining years."

Frank Goodwin, a nephew; Frederick D. Goodwin, George Goodwin, a grandnephew, of Sharon, Penn.; Clara G. Staples, Katherine D. Locke, Emma Gould, and Mary C. Frey are each to receive $5,000, while Sarah Wingate, Ella Hope, Mary Hoyle, Marian D. Wyatt, Beverly Chew, and the Gould Academy at Bethel, Me., are to receive $2,000 each. The sum of $10,000 is given to Mary E. Nicol if she be living six months after Mr. Day's death; otherwise the money is to go to the Nursery and Children's Hospital of this city. Mr. Day's jewelry, personal apparel, books, and traveling outfit are left to Harriet C. Frost.

Mr. Day gave liberally to Phillips Andover during his lifetime, his gifts amounting to more than $250,000. After leaving the academy he entered Yale, later practicing law in St. Louis and New York. He retired twenty years ago and since then had lived in Italy.

GIMBELS

Going to Atlantic City, Madam?

Although it is an unwritten agreement with Fashion, the new Top Coats for Spring make their appearance at Atlantic City during the Washington Birthday season.

This year the Boardwalk will be gay with these smart modes, for the Coats are in such attractive colors—sulphur, tango, Dutch blue, navy, and new Scotch plaids with white grounds.

In *contour*, these coats have what might be defined as *dash*—for their loose backs flare and are not baggy.

Our collection of new models is complete, and prices range from $15 to $50. However, we invite particular attention to

New *Cross-Barred Coats, at $15.*

New *Coats of Scotch Plaid Woolens, at $29.50.*

New *"Golfine" Coats, at $19.50.*

Third Floor

Bedroom Furniture
In the Soft, Tawny Tones of Circassian Walnut

It is little wonder that Circassian walnut is as great a favorite as it is nowadays for bedroom furniture, with its beautiful markings and pleasant coloring. Our good furniture makers, who have sent us so much that is desirable for the February Furniture Sale, have seized upon its possibilities and produced many very beautiful suites and separate pieces, which we show in an unusual variety.

In the collection are many very moderately priced pieces and Suites in Circassian walnut, as well as handsomer styles in English and French period designs. Of these a few instances follow:

Five-piece Circassian Walnut Bedroom Suite, $197.50 from $295, consisting of Bureau, Chiffonier, Toilet Table and Twin Beds.

Five-piece Inlaid Circassian Walnut Bedroom Suite, $360 from $450. Bureau, Chiffonier, Somnoe and Twin Beds.

Six-piece Louis XVI. Bedroom Suite of Circassian Walnut, at $625 from $805. Bureau, Chiffonier, Toilet Table, Somnoe and Twin Beds.

Five-piece Adam Bedroom Suite, at $385 from $460. Bureau, Chiffonier, Toilet Table and Twin Beds with cane panels.

$25 from $33

Dresser, Colonial design, $55 from $75.

Chiffonier to match, $50 from $65.

Toilet Table to match, $35 from $45.

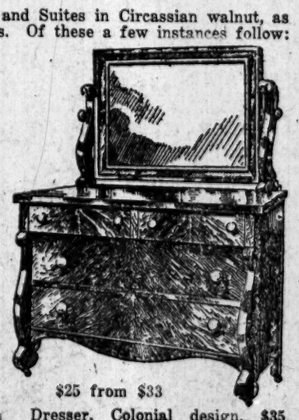
Dresser, with brass handles, $42.50 from $65.

Chiffonier to match, $40 from $60.

Dresser with oval mirror, $23 from $36.

Dresser with cane panels under mirror, $42 from $47.50.

Chiffonier to match, $32 from $37.50.



$25 from $33

Dresser, Colonial design, $35 from $45.

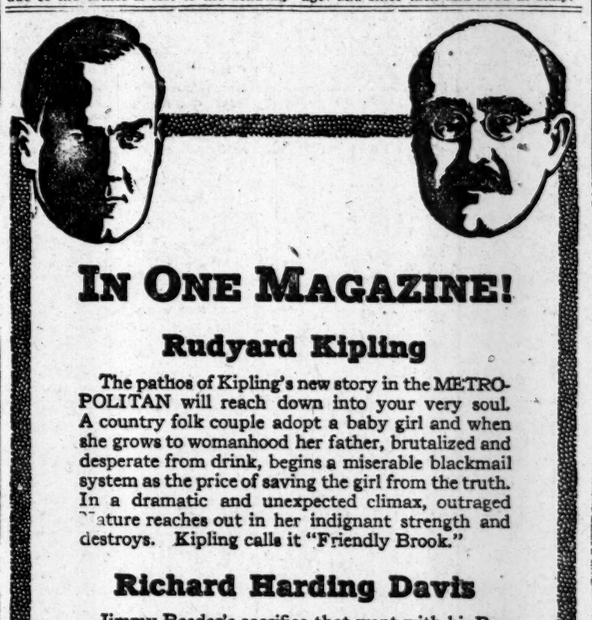
Chiffonier, Colonial model, $32.50 from $40.

Toilet Table, triplicate mirror, $20 from $25.

Toilet Table with triplicate mirror, $34 from $40. Seventh Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS

BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD STREET



IN ONE MAGAZINE!

Rudyard Kipling

The pathos of Kipling's new story in the METROPOLITAN will reach down into your very soul. A country folk couple adopt a baby girl and when she grows to womanhood her father, brutalized and desperate from drink, begins a miserable blackmail system as the price of saving the girl from the truth. In a dramatic and unexpected climax, outraged nature reaches out in her indignant strength and destroys. Kipling calls it "Friendly Brook."

Richard Harding Davis

Jimmy Reeder's sacrifice that went with his Boy Scout's "good turn" saved a big man from a suicide's grave, started a delayed honeymoon trip, brought two young people together, and never stopping its heaven-born mission, penetrated the heart of the Amazon carrying freedom and happiness where there was once only slavery and misery. One of Davis' best short stories.

Rupert Hughes

"The Last Rose of Summer" is an intimate, homely but dramatic story of a plain-faced woman who lives through a tragic and barren youth untouched by the thrill and wonderful magic of the love that comes in the morning of life. She sees her girl chums marry and go out of her life. And then—let Rupert Hughes tell you the rest.

Lincoln Steffens

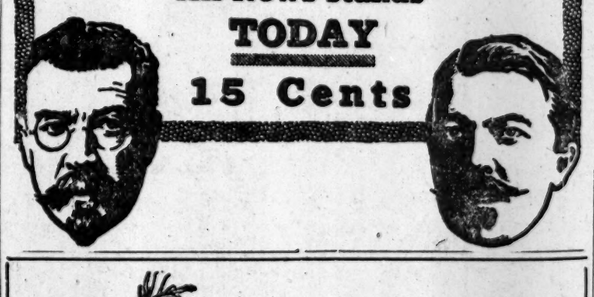
This brilliant writer, who knows men and cities, begins the biggest series of articles he has ever written. "A Cure for Corruption" is a plan for chasing the Devil out of politics and the Devil is not the all too familiar boss. Who he is and how to get him out of our cities Lincoln Steffens is now ready to tell you.

In the March

METROPOLITAN

"The Livest Magazine in America"

All News-stands
TODAY
15 Cents



A Twentieth Century Instrument

The Popular Pease Piano

Its excellent quality is the development of three generations of brain and genius in the art of piano construction.

We are confident of being able to prove to you that the Pease will be your unquestionable choice. Will you let us try?

New Pianos . $225 Up
Slightly Used . 125 "
Player Pianos . 475 "

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Write for Catalog

PEASE PIANO CO.
128 West 42d St., New York.

Brooklyn Branch: 34 Flatbush Av.
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A full line of Victrolas in stock.

Loeser's Good Morning!

This pen is writing down the story of one of the most remarkable Sales of Writing Paper within our knowledge.

It includes the products of such well-known mills as the Whiting Paper Co. and Eaton, Crane & Pike Co.

It offers the standard output of these firms at lower prices than ever before quoted.

Let the figures tell the rest of the story:—

15c to 25c Papers for 5c a quire
35c to 50c Writing Paper, 25c a box
25c Writing Paper, 2 boxes for 25c
75c Writing Paper, 39c

Sale begins this morning.

"Pussy Willow" Taffeta Dresses

"Pussy Willow" Taffeta is one of the softest, most supple fabrics of a year that calls for softly draped fashions. It is "soft as a kitten's ear," supple as chiffon, and mistily toned in the most fashionable colorings. It is fully guaranteed by the makers to give satisfactory service — and we count it a real achievement to be able to present two such charming mode's of these silks at the low prices of:

$25 and $29.50

Celluloid Toilet Articles

The "Seconds" of a Prominent Maker

This is the best value in Celluloid Toilet Articles "seconds" that we have yet had to sell at prices so low.

For instance, there are Celluloid Combs for 5c that range in values up to 49c each. All Dressing Combs in the ivory and shell color, in dozens of different sizes and styles. All for 5c each.

Hair Brushes in various styles, regularly 75c, at 50c
Hair Brushes, regularly 95c and $1.10, at 75c
Hair Brushes, ivory and colors; values up to $1.50, at $1
Hair Brushes, some with open backs; regularly $1.98 and $2.10, at $1.50
Hand Mirrors, with easel back; values up to 60c, at 35c
Hand Mirrors, ivory color with ring handle; regularly $1.25, at 75c
Hand Mirrors, ring or straight handles; values to $1.85, at $1
Hand mirrors, regularly $2.98, at $1.25
Hand Mirrors, the "Merry Widow" shape, with long handle; reg. $4, at . . $2.25
Puff Boxes, reg. 39c, at . . 25c

Main Floor. Toilet Article Store

Lace Curtain Economies

Interesting enough to be listed as part of the news for today. Not a great quantity of Curtains in any one lot, but better Curtains, more favorably priced, have not been offered in any of our recent Sales, and these Sales set a new record of Curtain value giving, for Brooklyn.

$1.50 to $2 Lace Curtains 95c a pair
$3.75 to $4.50 Lace Curtains $2.45 a pair
$5 and $6 Lace Curtains, $3.95 a pair
$1.25 White and Ecru Scotch Madras Curtains, 95c

Men's Scarfs And Shirts—Great Values

Here are real 25c and 50c Silk Four-in-Hands to be sold at 17c each or 3 for 50c.

So priced because specially made from a manufacturer's short ends of choice Silks.

In 1,800 Ties there are, perhaps, 600 different patterns. In some patterns only one or two Ties, in others a half dozen or more.

Four-in-Hands for every taste; plain and fancy; daring and modest.

At such a price as 17c they should not last many hours.

$1 Negligee Shirts, 69c

Standard dollar Shirts from one of our best makers and every one made in the Loeser "large body" sizes.

Of good percales with neat black and colored stripings on light grounds. Sizes 14 to 17.

$1 to $1.50 Shirts, 59c

Plaited, plain and soft Shirts, taken from various lots that sold at the higher prices.

Not every pattern in every size, but all sizes in the lot.

2,000 Frisbie and Loeser Collars, 2 for 15c, 4 for 25c, 6 for 40c, and 75c a dozen

Main Floor, Elm Place.

Frederick Loeser & Co.

In every detail the Leading Retail Establishment of Brooklyn

Near Hoyt Street Station of the Subway, 17 minutes from 42nd Street by Express Service.

TEST WOMAN'S RIGHT TO WORK AT NIGHT

The Charles Schweinler Press In Court a Second Time.

LABOR LAW IS ATTACKED

Its Constitutionality Will Be Taken to Court of Appeals on Case of Mrs. May Cashel.

To test the constitutionality of the new labor law prohibiting the employment of women in factories and mercantile establishments between the hours of 10 P. M. and 6 A. M., a case was brought before Magistrate Freschi in the Jefferson Market Court yesterday by Assistant District Attorney De Ford and former City Magistrate Alfred E. Ommen. Judge Ommen appeared for the Charles Schweinler Press of 405-421 Hudson Street, and announced that he represented also some dozen large printing and binding firms publishing magazines, and that the test case was of vital interest to all manufacturing and mercantile concerns whose business requires the employment of women at night.

The complaint against the Charles Schweinler Press was made on evidence procured by Miss Esther Packard, who was an Inspector of the State Factory Investigating Commission, which framed the new factory law of 1913, but whose salary is now being paid by the New York City Consumers' League. The complaint charged a violation of Section 93B of the labor law, in that the printing company had employed Mrs. May Cashel of 308 West forty-third Street at the hour of 10:24 on the night of Feb. 3 as a fly-woman. Her work was to pick up loose sheets of paper from the presses and lay them on a truck, which was later hauled away by a man.

Judge Ommen admitted the facts complained of, but moved for a dismissal on the ground that a previous test case had been brought against the same concern in the case of another woman, but that Section 93B of the labor law, under which the charge was brought, had been judged unconstitutional by the Court of Special Sessions. To have the case brought before the Court of Appeals, however, Judge Ommen said, he had suggested that the defendant in the earlier case be adjudged guilty and sentence suspended; whereupon the District Attorney had appealed, and the case is now pending decision in the Court of Appeals.

Magistrate Freschi decided to hear the new case, on the representation of the Assistant District Attorney that it contained several features not in the evidence of the earlier case.

Miss Packard, who made the complaint, told of watching Mrs. Cashel at work for five minutes, but admitted that she had not watched long enough to find out whether the work involved constant standing or permitted the woman to sit down for a good part of the time. She said the light and air conditions seemed to be good in the factory, and there was nothing unhealthful about the place.

Mrs. Cashel herself, whose husband is a stevedore and who has three children, aged 14 years, 12 years, and 4 years respectively, said she worked from 6 o'clock in the evening to 4 o'clock in the morning, with an hour allowed for rest and another hour for supper in between, together with several brief rest periods while the presses were stopped. She said she did not find the work hard, and that if she was prevented from working for the printing company she would have to work for some one else, since her husband's wages would not support the family. She insisted that she slept all day and had no household work, her husband having breakfast ready for her when she came home, and lunch being sent to her from a restaurant. Two of her children, she said, went to school; and the youngest played about the house or snuggled beside her in bed in the daytime. She said she was a citizen of the United States, and wanted to work at night.

"You see I look sturdy and well," she insisted and Magistrate Freschi admitted that she did.

Judge Ommen insisted that the bringing of the new case while another like it was under consideration by the Court of Appeals was unfair to him.

"Some distinguished ladies, social workers, not satisfied with the evidence adduced by the District Attorney in the earlier case, insisted on picking out a more gruesome and heart-breaking case so that the Court of Appeals on hearing it might break into tears," he said. "They insisted on bringing into court a married woman with children. But you see the woman herself is bent upon working, knowing that she has no alternative to that except to see her family become dependent or starve."

Judge Ommen said that employers throughout the State were anxious to have the constitutionality of the law passed upon as soon as might be. Magistrate Freschi reserved decision till tomorrow morning.

The new factory law not only prohibits the employment of women workers in factories at night, in Section 93B, but prohibits also, in Section 161, the employment of women in mercantile establishments at night. A test case based on Section 161 of the law was recently brought against a bakery in which a woman had been found selling bread at 5:55 o'clock in the morning. The Court of Special Sessions dismissed the case, on the ground that it had already declared the law unconstitutional in its decision of Judge Ommen's case.

HOGARTH ENGRAVINGS SOLD

$630 Paid for Collection of 270 Items—Fiske Works Bring $270.

Gabriel Weis paid $630 at yesterday's sale by the Anderson Auction Company of the libraries of Mrs. H. Duncan Wood of Islip, N. Y., and Mrs. Effie Lyle Whitney of Louisville, Ky., for the Earl of Hopetoun's copy of "Hogarth's Original Engravings with Ireland's Illustrations." It is a collection of about 270 engravings by Hogarth, with descriptive text extracted from Ireland's "Graphic Illustrations of Hogarth." The collection was made many years ago at considerable cost, and the enlarging and special titles drawn in sepia for each of the three folio volumes by Ladell added greatly to the initial expense, but an almost complete and unique collection of the works of the great English artist was the result.

L. Linday gave $117.50 for "The Life of a Sportsman, by Nimrod," (C. J. Apperley,) with thirty-six colored illustrations by Henry Aiken, London, 1842, a first edition of this scarce and desirable sporting item in polished calf binding by Riviere.

Mr. Weis obtained for $125 a fine copy of the original edition of Richard F. Burton's translation of "Arabian Nights Entertainment," printed at Benares, 1885-1888, by the Kamashastra Society for private subscribers only.

The Astral edition of "The Works of Balzac," translated into English, Philadelphia, 1896-1900, went to F. E. L. Watson for $132.

A. H. Cosden paid $170 for the London, 1888-1894, large paper edition of Robert Browning's poetical works, with a holograph letter of the author inserted.

George D. Smith bought for $46 autograph notes on "Gardening," by Thomas Gray, the poet. The notes are neatly and closely written on four small quarto pages, averaging 58 lines to the page.

A fine copy of the translation of "German Popular Stories," by the Brothers Grimm, with plates by George Cruikshank, was knocked down to R. Warner for $325.

The large paper edition of "The Writings of Charles Dickens," printed by the Riverside Press, Boston, 1894, went to Mr. Watson for $270.

A complete set of the first editions of the novels and tales of George Eliot, in binding, by Riviere, went to R. K. Albright for $277.50.

Mr. Weis gave $215 for a fine collection of first editions of Henry Fielding's works.

Mr. Linday paid $270 for the limited edition de luxe of "The Writings of John Fiske," Cambridge, Riverside Press, 1902, with eight lines of original autograph manuscript of the author laid in.

The total for the session was $7,245. The sale will be ended to-day.

SANG LOVE TO HIS AFFINITY.

Wife's Witnesses Say Van Arsdale Did It Without Shame.

Suing for absolute divorce before Justice Jaycox in the Supreme Court of Nassau County, Mrs. Rachael Oatman Van Arsdale, 22 years old, and the daughter of the Rev. Henry Oatman, a well-known hymn writer of Mount Holly, N. J., charges her husband, Philip, a teacher in the high school at Scotch Plains, N. Y., with having maintained improper relations with Mrs. Ella Gottlieb, who has a large country place at Kew, L. I. The couple were married in April, 1909, when Mrs. Van Arsdale was only seventeen years old, and they have one child, Wilhelmina, 3 years old.

At yesterday's hearing before Justice Jaycox Mrs. Helen Oatman, sister-in-law of the plaintiff, testified that she and her husband stopped last Summer at a hotel at Jacksonville, N. J., where Mrs. Gottlieb and Van Arsdale were also registered. She explained that it was Mrs. Gottlieb's custom to recline on a divan in the hotal parlor and puff cigarettes while Van Arsdale sat beside her and sang love songs. She testified that the couple were wont to declare themselves "true affinities."

Miss Lillian Oatman, a sister of Mrs. Van Arsdale, testified that she met the defendant last December in the company of Mrs. Gottlieb and demanded to know whether he was not ashamed of himself, to which query she said he replied coolly:

"Not at all."

The case will be continued next week. Van Arsdale is not contesting the suit.

NEW SCHOOL RULES HURT SOCIAL CENTRE

Committee of Uplift Organizations Protests Against Their Final Adoption.

SCALE OF FEES PROHIBITIVE

And Buildings Are Closed to Social Centres at the Time of Their Greatest Usefulness.

That many of the semi-educational and social uplift societies which use the public school buildings after teaching hours for lectures and concerts would be wiped out if the Board of Education adopted the rules proposed on Feb. 11 was the statement made yesterday by the New York Social Centre Committee, representing more than fifty educational organizations. The rules which the Social Centre Committee protests against were proposed to the Board of Education by its Committee on Care of Buildings and were provisionally adopted pending final determination at the board meeting to be held next Wednesday.

The Social Centre Committee has as Chairman Joseph M. Price, and includes in its membership Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, Sam A. Lewisohn, Frederic R. Coudert, Frederick C. Howe, Henry Moskowitz, and John Collier. Among the societies which it represents are the People's Musical League, which gives 130 concerts in the public schools; the Workingmen's Theatres, and various self-supporting neighborhood societies. In behalf of these institutions the committee asks that all social organizations and individuals interested in civic affairs bring pressure to bear on the Board of Education to prevent the permanent adoption of the proposed rules.

In addition to increasing the fees for the use of the buildings to a prohibitive amount, the committee charges, the new regulations surround the application for the use of the schools with so much red tape that it will be impossible to pursue any educational programme. According to this protest, the charges made by the Board of Education for the use of school auditoriums is increased on an average of 950 per cent. over the fees as they stood before Feb. 11, while the tax levied for the use of the indoor playgrounds is raised 150 per cent., and that for classrooms is more than doubled.

When this increase in the fees was proposed to the Board of Education by Chairman Cunnion of the Committee on Care of Buildings it was stated that the charges were simply to cover the cost of light, heat, and janitor service. For the Washington Irving High School the proposed cost is $15 for light, $5 for heat, and $90 for janitor service. Mr. Cunnion explained that the janitor out of the sum allowed him had to pay other janitors for their services in preparing the building for use and in clearing up afterward.

One of the provisions most objected to is what the Social Centre Committee terms "censorship of public discussion." It is charged that arbitrary supervision is given to the Committee on Care of Buildings over the usage of the school buildings and that there is no appeal from the decision of this committee. In addition, the Social Centre complains, the Board of Education's Committee on Lectures and Libraries has absolute veto power over any lecture or meeting held by an outside organization in a public school building, and at every such meeting a representative of the Board of Education is to be present, his salary being paid by the organization which he watches. The appeal for aid in opposing these new rules reads:

"The routine for securing permission to use the schools is in itself prohibitive. It involves so much red tape and delay as to block the use. Application must be made to the Committee on Care of Buildings two weeks before the date of the desired use. The approval of Associate City Superintendents of high schools or the Principals must be obtained. A programme of the entertainment must be previously passed upon by the Committee on Care of Buildings. The right to charge admission is limited to 'Principals, parents' organizations, or similiar associations working in co-operation with the school.' In addition, the Directors of Lectures, of Recreation, of Evening Schools, and of Physical Training can, any one of them, interpose an objection and block the use of the building.

"Organizations are forbidden to use the buildings on Saturdays, Sundays, or legal holidays. They may not use them during the Christmas or Easter vacations, nor during the three months' vacation period from July 1 to Sept. 1. This prohibited time is just when the Social Centre performs its greatest usefulness and when the community most needs an opportunity for recreation and play. These prohibitions kill the Social Centres maintained by neighborhood organizations and which operate all the year round, using the schools in a natural, wholesome, and proper way.

"Almost the only play facilities in New York are the streets, with occasional playgrounds, which cannot, however, be used in Winter. The schools can be used the year around for eighteen hours a day. A million children have no place to play. Ten thousand are arrested every year, largely for violating some petty street ordinance. The school is available as a play centre. Immense sums have been spent to make these schools available as in the case of the Washington Irving High School, the most wonderful school building in the world, and now by these resolutions such use is being prohibited."

Connecticut Peaches to be Scarce.

HARTFORD, Conn., Feb. 19.—Peaches grown in Connecticut are likely to be scarce this year, as the recent extremely cold weather froze buds on the trees. Public Utilities Commissioner J. H. Hale of Glastonbury, owner of more orchard acreage than any one else in the State, said to-day that ninety per cent. of the buds were dead. The State's crop last year reached a half-million baskets.

PARENTS LACK SKILL IN SEX EDUCATION

Should Be Given in Schools, but Individually, Prof. Bigelow Says.

NEVER IN MIXED CLASSES

Education Commissioner Finley Tells District Superintendents of Common School Ideals.

Popular revulsion of feeling, excited by the excesses of agitators on the white slave question, have created what opposition now exists to sex education, said Prof. Maurice A. Bigelow of Columbia University, speaking yesterday before the convention of District School Superintendents at New York University, in Washington Square.

Prof. Bigelow said that the very word "sex" had come to have a sinister significance on account of the vast amount of speaking and writing about offenses connected with sex. On account of this undue emphasis, he said, the people had come to consider that sex education was in some way concerned with breaking down the sense of reserve which they believed essential to morality. The purposes of sex education, he said, were entirely different from the professed purposes of promoters of "red light dramas and vicious motion-picture films."

Sex education, Prof. Bigelow maintained, could be given in an entirely inoffensive manner. Such education, he said, should be given to students individually. It should be taught in connection with courses in hygiene in the schools as an element of general hygiene and in connection with high school and college courses in biology and allied sciences. Most parents lack the skill and knowledge to impart adequate and accurate information on sex subjects to their children, Prof. Bigelow said. Their instruction when given—and in many cases the entire subject was neglected—is not adapted to the minds of children, according to the professor.

Sex instruction, Prof. Bigelow continued, should not be given in mixed classes. No plan to accomplish this, he said, would ever be devised. In giving it, the school should get the co-operation of all bodies which aim to reach the young, socially, religiously, and ethically, such as the Y. M. C. A., the Y. W. C. A., the Boy Scouts, the churches and so on. Prof. Bigelow cautioned his hearers to remember that sex education could not be expected to produce universal morality, nor to prevent divorce, as some of its advocates had asserted. At most, he said, it would protect individuals.

Dr. John H. Finley, State Commissioner of Education, also spoke before the convention. He said:

"I wish the public could be made to see and appreciate the honor and responsibility of your positions, and also that the salaries were comparable to your responsibilities."

Dr. Finley expressed the ideals of common school education thus:

"The three things that must first be inculcated in the mind of a child are self-discipline, knowledge of how to think and a strengthening of his interest in the affairs of his community."

Schools, he said, should be made athletic, social, and health centres, and should be used as meeting places for those interested in public charity and popular uplift work of all kinds.

The association elected the following officers: William H. Pierce of Erie County, President; Ray P. Snyder of Oneida County, First Vice President; Fred W. Hill of Monroe County, Second Vice President; Gertrude E. Hyde of Franklin County, Secretary, and A. E. Belden of Tioga County, Treasurer. J. R. Flagg of Chautauqua County, was chosen to the Legislative Committee, and Myra L. Ingalsbe of Washington County to the Examinations Committee.

THAW HEARING ON TO-DAY.

Habeas Corpus and Bail Application to be Argued.

CONCORD, Feb. 19.—Final preparations were made to-night for the hearing of Harry K. Thaw's petitions for a writ of habeas corpus and for admission to bail to be held before Judge Edgar Aldrich in the Federal Court here to-morrow.

Ex-Gov. William A. Stone of Pennsylvania, chief of Thaw's counsel, spent many hours to-day in consultation with his New Hampshire associates, William M. Chase, and George F. Morris. It was not known to-night who would argue for the State of New York, although it was believed that William T. Jerome, would be in charge.

Harry Thaw's mother came here from Pittsburgh to-day.

At the home of William Travers Jerome last night it was said that in all likelihood he had gone to Concord to take up the Thaw case.

"When father left for his office this morning," said William Travers Jerome, Jr., "he was undecided whether it was advisable for him to go to New Hampshire. As he has not returned home, I think that he is either at the Union Club or has taken a night train for Concord."

At the Union Club it was said that Mr. Jerome had not been there during the evening.

A Candid Statement

IN leasing new quarters, a tenant is sometimes prone to exceed his requirements, even as a hungry man will be likely to order a bigger meal than he can comfortably consume.

The Equitable efficiency corps, consisting of high salaried experts, has been created solely for the benefit of such prospective Equitable tenants as are willing to submit their space problems to those who are competent to aid in solving them.

Emphatically and unequivocally, this service exists for the tenant's benefit only.

Leases now being made from May 1, 1915. The building, however, is due to be completed 2 or 3 months ahead of that date.

Equitable Building
Temporary Office, 27 Pine Street

"Two Notable Art Sales."

American Art Galleries
Madison Square South, New York

ON FREE VIEW BEGINNING TO-DAY (FRIDAY), 9 A. M., UNTIL 6 P. M., CONTINUING UNTIL DATE OF THE SALE (MONDAY, "WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY," INCLUDED).

The Extraordinary Private Collection of

Beautiful Old Chinese Porcelains

FORMED DURING THE PAST TWENTY-FIVE YEARS BY

S. S. Carvalho

which consists of

A Remarkable Gathering of Blue and White
Rare Single Colors, Egg Shell Porcelains and Important Five Color and Other Decorated Specimens

Together with a Choice Collection of Snuff Bottles,

To be sold at unrestricted Public Sale

At the American Art Galleries
Madison Square South, New York

On the Afternoons of February 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th and 28th, and March 2nd, at 2:30 o'clock.

A HANDSOME CATALOGUE Illustrated by Autochromatic Color Plates and Half-tone reproductions will be mailed postpaid to early applicants on receipt of Two Dollars.

—ALSO—

The Highly Important Collection of

Notable Paintings

BY REMBRANDT, HALS, VAN DYCK, BOL, RUISDAEL, VAN DER HELST, THE EARLY ENGLISH, THE BARBIZON AND CONTEMPORARY MASTERS.

Collected by the late

Clement A. Griscom
OF PHILADELPHIA,

and which are to be sold

At Unrestricted Public Sale

On Thursday and Friday Evenings Next,
February 26th and 27th, at 8:45 o'clock,

In the Grand Ballroom of THE PLAZA
Fifth Avenue, Fifty-Eighth to Fifty-Ninth Streets, N. Y.

A PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED DE LUXE CATALOGUE (Limited Edition) will be mailed postpaid on receipt of Two Dollars.

The sales will be conducted by MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY, assisted by Mr. Otto Bernet, of

THE AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Mgrs.
6 East 23d Street, Madison Square South, New York.

DAVID Stevenson EST. 1850 Brewing Company
Bottled Beer
To be obtained at Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., Charles & Co., and all first-class dealers
On Sale at the BILTMORE BELMONT McALPIN PLAZA and other leading hotels
10th Ave., 39th to 40th St., N. Y. Tel. 156 Bryant

RIKER AND HEGEMAN DRUG STORES

Unusual Values
Extra Quality Cigars
Always in Our
Cigar Departments
FREE Introductory Offer

Introducing Reynaldo Cigars to our customers, we will give with each purchase of 50c. or more of cigars at our Cigar Departments two ten-cent Reynaldos—mild, fragrant Havana Cigars of excellent quality.

Friday and Saturday at New York Cigar Departments only.

The best way to spend that 50 cents is to get the cigars which will best suit you. Make your selections from the following list:

R-J Special
An actual 10c cigar, sold Saturday only at 4 for 25c
Box of 25, $1.50.

Jaynes' 50's, a 5-cent cigar, 7 for 25c.
Six-O-One, a 3 for 25c cigar, for 5c.
Jaynes' Limited, a 10c cigar, for 6c.
Jaynes' Concha, a 10c cigar, 4 for 25c.
Dean Richmond, a 10c cigar, 4 for 25c.
Jaynes' Perfecto, a 15c cigar, 7c.
Jaynes' Victoria, clear Havana cigar, 10c and 2 for 25c.
Umina, 6 for 25c, to 2 for 25c
10-13, ten mild, short smokes, 13c., 2 for 25c.
Selim, 10 little Havana cigars, for 22c.

Seasonable Confections
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HUMAN SEMAPHORE ON EDGE OF ROOF

Marten Was Making Wild Signs and Crowd Thought He Meant to Jump.

FAT POLICEMAN GOT HIM

Navy Recruiting Officer Across the Street Explained That He Had Passed the Eyesight Test.

"A sailor's life is the life for me" and "Rocked in the cradle of the deep" blithely sang Theodore Marten, 19 years old, of Shelby, N. Y., yesterday afternoon as he hurdled three steps at a bound on his way up to the United States Naval Recruiting Station on the top floor of a building in East 125th Street, between Park and Lexington Avenues.

"Yo, ho, ho—and a bottle of rum," he carolled as he burst in upon the recruiting officer.

"What's coming off here?" queried the R. O. in astounded tones.

"I want to enlist. I want to be a signal boy," replied young Mr. Marten, nowise abashed.

"Oh, I thought you wanted to get booking for a vaudeville act," breathed the R. O. with a sigh of relief.

The recruiting officer then explained to the would-be rookie that the first essential test for the signal corps was good eyesight.

"I haven't got room enough up here to test your eyes," he added, "but I think we can get along."

The R. O. then proceeded to give Marten some preliminary instruction in the art of signaling with his arms and hands according to the so-called semaphore code.

"Now, go down stairs and stand across the street and see if you can answer me," he ordered.

On the way downstairs a brilliant idea struck the youth from Shelby. He ran across the street, but instead of stationing himself on the sidewalk he ascended to the roof of 111 East 125th Street, where his wild gesticulations finally attracted the attention of his friend, the recruiting officer.

Pedestrians passing through 125th Street were also attracted by the sight of a lanky youth with disheveled hair perched on the edge of a roof across the street and waving his arms wildly.

"Heavens, he's going to jump," yelled a woman in the throng, excitedly. The word spread rapidly until it reached Policeman Dominick Bligh, who was half a block away. Bligh started on a run for the scene of excitement.

"He's bugs," he announced at his first glimpse of the figure on the roof above. "I must save him."

Bligh, who weighs 250 pounds, panted excitedly up five flights of stairs to the roof of the building. Squeezing through the scuttle he saw the figure at the edge of the roof. The amateur signal man had his back turned and was all unconscious of the policeman's approach, as with stealthy steps he tiptoed up behind him. The next moment a pair of brawny arms seized the youth from Shelby about the waist, he was pulled back from the edge of the roof and fell struggling under 250 pounds of avoirdupois.

"Let me up, let me up," yelled Marten.

"Easy now, easy," puffed Bligh. "What are you doing up here?"

"I'm signaling," explained his wriggling captive.

"For a straitjacket, I'm thinkin'," said the policeman as he dragged himself and the supposed madman to their feet. On the sidewalk Bligh was confronted by the recruiting officer, who later protested against the arrest and explained what had been taking place. Bligh was disgusted.

"Take him away," he urged. "Take him away before I hurt him."

Marten was led back to the recruiting station. He had passed the eyesight test, but for all that he will never wear the uniform of a Yankee bluejacket. The phys'cal examination revealed that he had flat feet.

Airboats Must Have Life Belts.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Hydroaeroplanes are motor boats subject to Government regulations and inspection, the Department of Commerce held today, and directed that the flying boats of a commercial line between Tampa and St. Petersburg, Fla.—said to be the first in the United States—must be equipped with life belts, a fire extinguisher, a whistle, and other accessories, including running lights.

ONE PRISONER ESCAPED.

But Dr. Davis Denies Convicts Can Get Away Easily from the Island.

Dr. Katherine Bement Davis, Commissioner of Correction, denied yesterday that prisoners had escaped from Blackwell's Island. She said that the only prisoner who had escaped was Louis Davis, who got away on last Tuesday after changing his clothes behind a snow pile. Agents of Commissioner Davis and the police are now looking for Davis and are confident that they will catch him in a few days.

Commissioner Davis denied that it was customary for short-term prisoners to substitute for long-term ones for a money consideration. She said that not a single case of this kind had come to her notice since she had been in office.

"The possibility of substitutions," said Miss Davis yesterday, "will continue to exist so long as there are some offenses for which the convicted persons cannot be finger-printed; but this possibility is very faint. It is very seldom that two prisoners resemble each other closely enough to escape the Warden's notice. The Mayor is considering a Bureau of Identification, so that the Wardens can check up every day on the finger prints of the prisoners he receives as compared with the finger prints sent to the bureau from the Magistrates' courts. Then he will know if the prisoner who answers to the name of John Smith, for instance, is the same man who was sentenced in court. At present, only two copies are made of the finger prints of prisoners in the Magistrates' courts, one of which remains there, while the other is sent to Police Headquarters."

Dr. Davis, Commissioner of Corrections, announced last night that Keeper Charles Barnett, who was in charge of the gang of Blackwell's Island prisoners from which Louis David, a prisoner, escaped, had been suspended. The Commissioner said that there was to be an investigation of the case.

Senators Want Colgate Captain.

UTICA, N. Y., Feb. 19.—J. A. McLaughlin, Captain of the Colgate University baseball team and an outfielder, received a three years' contract to-day from the Washington American League Club. He has not decided whether or not he will sign.

CATCH A DOCTOR IN BURGLAR CHASE

Physician Says He Entered House to Get Food for His Wife and Baby.

THE POLICE AID THEM

They Find Woman and Infant in Bed Suffering from Lack of Nourishment.

A man, who said he was a physician, and whom the police charge with robbing the home of the late Theodore Dale at 23 West 120th Street, was captured early yesterday morning after a chase over back-yard fences near Fifth Avenue. The police fired many shots at the fugitive. The prisoner said he was Dr. Rene Baker. According to the police, he admitted entering the Dale house, and said that poverty had forced him to do it in the effort to get money to provide for his wife and child.

At 112 West 126th Street, the address given by Baker, the police found the prisoner's wife ill in bed with her son of four weeks beside her. Both were suffering for lack of food. The police of the West 123d Street Station provided the mother and child with nourishment.

The discovery of the burglary was due to the quick wit of Mrs. Mary Sewell, wife of Eldridge C. Sewell, at 21 West 126th Street. She knew that the Dale home had been unoccupied for some time, and seeing a men moving around the rear yard, she telephoned to Police Headquarters. Word was sent to the West 123d Street Station and Detectives Burke and Gambardella and Patrolman Grundig were ordered to investigate.

In running from the station Gambardella slipped on the icy sidewalk, breaking his nose and wrist, and was carried back to the station unconscious. Burke, leaving Grundig on guard at the front of the Dale house, found the door in the rear yard had been forced. On the second and third floors the detective found many things had been tied up preparatory to removing them. Burke kept on to the roof, and from that point he saw a man in the yard. Burke blew his whistle and motioned to Grundig to run to the rear.

When the detective and policeman got to the yard a man was climbing the fence separating the yards of the houses in 197th Street. Both fired at him, but he dropped over the fence uninjured and tried to get out through the house at 22 West 127th Street. Burke and Grundig caught him in the yard there.

When taken to the station, Baker, the police say, admitted that he first visited the Dale house on Wednesday, when he carried away some things. Baker was arraigned in the Harlem Court before Magistrate Herbert and held in $2,000 bail for examination tomorrow on the charge of burglary.

Theodore Dale, who left an estate of $2,500,000 when he committed suicide on March 26, 1913, on the eve of his trial in Special Sessions, had many works of art and other valuables in the house. With the exception of $10,000 bequeathed to Mount Sinai Hospital, he left all of his estate to his uncle, Morris Brodsky.

MAYOR WORRIES LEADERS.

Wants Magistrates to Name Lawyers as Their Chief Clerks.

Political leaders of Brooklyn, Queens, and Richmond who have been finding soft berths for their followers as chief clerks in Magistrates' Courts are worried over a letter which Mayor Mitchel sent yesterday to Chief Magistrate Otto Kempner of the Second Division suggesting that in selecting clerks to succeed eight of the present force whose terms expired on Jan. 31, only lawyers be appointed. The eight clerks are either Democratic district leaders or are prominent in the organization, and the Republican and Progressive leaders hoped to have a lot to say regarding their successors. In his letter the Mayor said:

It seems to me beyond question that the work of the courts will be done with better results, and with better service to the public, if the Chief Clerks are thoroughly competent; and I do not believe that any one who has not had a lawyer's education and training can properly fulfill the duties of the office.

May I further suggest, for the consideration of yourself and the board, that it would be of assistance to you in choosing the best qualified men to submit to the Brooklyn Bar Association a list of those whom you would propose? If you see fit to adopt this procedure, I believe you could rest assured that you have done everything possible to procure the services of the best qualified men.

The terms of several of the Magistrates expire during the administration of Mayor Mitchel, and, with reappointment at his hands in view, it is not believed that they will run counter to his wishes in the matter of clerkships. Chief Magistrate Kempner expressed approval of the Mayor's idea, but John H. McCooey, Democratic leader of Brooklyn, did not view the plan with favor.

"These clerks have all successfully attended to their duties for years, and if they don't know their business now they never will," said he.

Only one of the chief clerks whose terms expired is a lawyer. He is Paul J. Donnelly of the Domestic Relations Court. The others, all Democrats, who will lose their places if the Mayor's suggestion is carried out, are Henry Hesterberg, Jr., Adams Street Court; John Dowdell, Butler Street; John McKeon, Manhattan Avenue; Charles Nitze, Gates Avenue; William J. Hunter, Flatbush; Henry Hasenflug, Coney Island, and Thomas I. Cenerly, Far Rockaway.

The chief clerks in the Second Division receive $5,000 a year and the assistant clerks $2,500.

The Mayor was asked if he intended to suggest the same procedure to the Board of Magistrates of the First Division, comprising Manhattan and the Bronx.

"It might be a good plan to follow in all the Magistrates' Courts," he replied, "but I had only thought of the specific case that was called to my attention."

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THE BRITISH SITUATION.

The central fact of the complex and very grave political situation in Great Britain is that the ancient and efficient two-party system, under which a large part of the British Constitution was built up, has broken down. In place of it there has come about the Continental system by which the Government of the day is maintained through a "block," or coalition of groups. In such a combination, any group that has it in its power to overthrow, or seriously to threaten, the Government, possesses an influence far beyond what it could claim by its strength in the country, or even its numerical strength in the House of Commons. The process of government in these conditions is in principle and in methods very much like that which in our own country is known as "log-rolling." It is uncertain, perplexing, and tends toward confusion and the dissipation of responsibility. At this moment it is to be tested by a crisis of very great gravity and danger. Sober men of all parties are watching the development of events with intense anxiety.

The Government of Mr. ASQUITH relies on three groups—the Liberals, who are subdivided in minor groups of Radicals and old Liberals; the Irish Nationalists, and the Labor Party. Neither of the latter is entirely united, there being a faction of Irish under the leadership of Mr. O'BRIEN, just re-elected from Cork, and a faction of extreme Labor men under Mr. KEIR HARDIE. Thus the support of the Government depends upon substantial union between a half-dozen groups and sub-groups, and though the majority is large when this union is secure, it is liable to dissension. Of the various associated groups the Irish make up the largest, the most aggressive, and capable of the greatest injury to the Government. Up to the present time they have stood by the Government in all its important measures. The price of this aid has been the Home Rule bill. This has been passed at two successive sessions by the Commons and been rejected by the Lords. If it can be passed again this session it will become law by the assent of the King, even if the Lords again reject it, as they surely will, or amend it, which amounts to the same thing. Even as late as six months ago it was expected by the Government that this course would successfully be pursued, and though there was known to be vigorous opposition in northern Ireland, with threats of violent resistance, the Government made light of this, believing that it would end in Irish "ructions," unpleasant but not serious.

In September of last year Lord LOREBURN, formerly Lord Chancellor, a veteran Liberal, of very high character and undoubted loyalty to his party, an original advocate of Home Rule, published a letter in The Times of London which, if it did not change the situation, made plain what the situation really was, and that it involved a substantial risk of civil war. Then two movements were to be noted. One was an attempt to reach some form of settlement without civil strife. This was shared by the leaders of both parties. It has failed so far, and though it cannot be abandoned wholly, it is apparently suspended indefinitely. The other was a movement by the Ulster men to organize armed resistance to the Dublin Parliament, should it be established. It is, of course, not easy to learn the extent of this effort, since most of it is secret, but it is plain that it is extensive. Bodies of men, estimated at 100,000, have been more or less closely drilled and arms have been imported. The framework of a civil government has been devised. Officers of the army have been engaged in training the men. A large fund has been raised. Sir EDWARD CARSON, M. P., the Ulster leader, openly declares that resistance to the Dublin Government and adherence to the union will be on the scale not of rioting but of war. That view is accepted by the Unionists and is not any longer ridiculed by the Government. It was practically adopted in the King's speech and was freely discussed in the debates that followed.

The issue as defined by the Unionists is "Exclusion of Ulster from Home Rule or civil war." Mr. BONAR LAW, their leader, and Mr. CHAMBERLAIN, his immediate lieutenant, say that no compromise short of exclusion is possible. Mr. REDMOND, the Irish leader, declares that no compromise is possible which does not put the Irish Parliament in control of all Ireland. Facing this impasse, the Asquith Ministry is playing for time, while the Unionists are pressing for a prompt decision. They seek to force a general election before the Irish bill is passed again, because even if the Liberals won it would then have to be passed in three successive further sessions. The plan of the Government seems to be to defer the Irish bill as long as possible, then to pass it and to take an appeal to the country before the bill goes into operation and before force has to be used to overcome the resistance of Ulster. By that time the chief Government bills, and, especially, the Welsh Disestablishment bill, which is dear to the heart of Mr. LLOYD GEORGE, would be out of the way. But in the meantime the excitement in the country is increasing and the plan will be difficult to carry out. The accusations brought against the Ministers in connection with the Marconi shares are now renewed by the rather weak explanation of Lord MURRAY, the Liberal whip, as to his investment of party funds in the same shares at higher prices than he and Mr. GEORGE paid. Inquiry also is pending as to the dispensation of titles and seats in the House of Lords to heavy subscribers to the party war chest. If the Opposition were closely united, the Government would be in sore straits, but it is not. The rift between free traders and protectionists is deep and dangerous. It is doubtful if it could be ignored should a general election occur. The outlook is confused, but to the student of advancing democracy is intensely interesting.

TO PRESERVE OUR PARKS.

Park Commissioner WARD has taken hold of his new work with energy, and he shows that he understands the extent and the gravity of the responsibility which has been placed upon him. It is particularly gratifying to those persons who have been keeping up the fight through the years, against strong opposition too frequently supported in the Park Department, for the preservation of our parks and the maintenance of the park idea in this city, to find him vigorously combating the too common theory that the parks should be transformed into playgrounds, that landscape gardening and architecture should give way to bare ground for ball players.

Courage is required to make an efficient Park Commissioner nowadays, and that quality was revealed by Mr. WARD when he spoke at a civic meeting in one of the public schools on Wednesday night plainly against the plan to transform all our parks into playgrounds, which had been put forward by a preceding speaker. Usefulness rather than beauty was this speaker's cry. "Shall we," he asked, "spare the grass and spoil the child?" Of course, this kind of argument has no real weight. It would be just as reasonable to throw the pictures out of the Metropolitan Museum and convert that building into a public gymnasium for the poor as it would be to transform Central Park into a group of barren and unlovely playgrounds.

Our parks should be beautiful gardens preserved for the use and benefit of all. Everybody, including Commissioner WARD, understands the need of playgrounds. The Commissioner has done his share already toward establishing playgrounds. But obviously he intends to preserve our parks as parks from the sentimentalists as well as from invaders of another sort. He has made a brave beginning, and he deserves the hearty support of all good citizens.

TAX DISCRIMINATION.

Chamberlain BRUERE has been quoted as saying that the Mayor would sign a bill providing for a referendum on the reduction of taxation on buildings as compared with their sites, upon which he gives a hearing to-day. The referendum is sure to be favorable, if the law is passed. Who ever heard of a vote not to reduce a tax? Certainly not the Chamberlain. He himself says that he would vote to-morrow for lower rents or a law which would compel the use of unemployed land. If that would certainly be the result of the legislation proposed, and if there were no disadvantages of such legislation, everybody would favor the enactment forthwith of the law without the referendum. Waiving for the moment the particular proposals of the promoters of this legislation, which is simply the entering wedge of single tax Socialism, it may be objected that laws should be for the good of the entire community, and not for the especial benefit of any class. A law for the benefit of renters can hardly escape being detrimental to landlords. A law which shall cheapen anything to buyers must reduce the profits of sellers. Landlords and sellers are entitled to some consideration as well as renters or buyers. Neither class is entitled to benefit by law. Both are entitled to protection against discrimination by law.

The dual subway is the city's large contribution to the provision of cheaper and better housing. That burden is about all that the landlords can stand, and all that tenants ought to expect, at least until the outlook for real estate is clearer. Landlords already are suffering from the requirement that they shall provide $10 rooms for $5 tenants, and they are paying heavy taxes. Such being the conditions, the proposal for halving the tax on buildings to encourage building, when so many premises are untenanted of every sort and in every location, is not so urgent in the minds of many as in the minds of its promoters.

Those despairing of defeating this tax-halving bill without proposing an alternative are proposing a tax on the unearned increment. There may be such a thing, but it is rare. Few make increments by accident. For the most part increments, like profits, are the result of investment of capital with the use of liberal portions of patience and discretion. The community profits by such increments, and must pay for them if it is to have them. The proposers of this legislation forget that there are decrements as well as increments in real estate operations. Is the community to take the increments and not make good the decrements? Particularly is this a pertinent question regarding such decrements as are the result of the city's own action. There have been great redistributions of values as the result of building bridges and subways. As the case stands, the city leaves these profits and losses to fall upon the owners, some of whom have been ruined, while many have been enriched. If now the city should take the gains without recouping the losses, it would profit by its own action, which in that case would have an immoral aspect.

The pending proposal regarding confiscation of increment provides for taking it whenever it appears upon the assessment roll. In order to promote the construction of subways tax valuations were advanced $800,000,000 in a single year, and the land which carries the assessment is worth less because of it. If the owners were both to pay the increased tax and to lose a portion of the increment because of the tax, their case would be hard indeed. At the very least the increment confiscation ought to be made dependent upon the realization of the increment by sale of the property.

THE CASE OF CASTILLO.

The case of MAXIMO CASTILLO, the Mexican outlaw, now in the custody of the United States military authorities in Texas, is full of perplexities. He says he is not responsible for the awful crime charged against him by another Mexican bandit, whom fortune has lately favored, and it is not to be lightly said that CASTILLO's word is not as good as his accuser's. A train was held up in the Cumbre Tunnel, a fire was lighted in the tunnel and 55 persons, including 10 American citizens, were killed. VILLA says the crime was committed by CASTILLO, and the flight of CASTILLO across the American border has been accepted by some as proof of his guilt. But is it not just as likely that the weak desperado was influenced entirely by his desire to escape from the clutches of the stronger guerrilla, who had said he would hang CASTILLO as soon as he caught him?

CASTILLO says the tunnel was fired by followers of VILLA. In other words, he pleads "not guilty," and awaits a fair trial. He cannot be tried on American soil for a crime committed in another country, and he cannot be surrendered to VILLA with any chance of fair treatment. It is doubtful if he can legally be surrendered to VILLA at all. The United States Government has not recognized the belligerent rights of the ineffective Provisional Government of VENUSTIANO CARRANZA, which VILLA is ostensibly serving, so, even if a request for the extradition of CASTILLO is made formally by the nominal head of the revolution against HUERTA, the surrender of the prisoner would not necessarily follow. If circumstances should prove the innocence of the accused later on the shame of his surrender to summary execution would be a lasting blot on our history.

CASTILLO, to be sure, is not the kind of man to inspire much sympathy in civilized communities, but he is entitled to a fair trial and a just verdict. He might be tried fairly at the Mexican capital if he could legally be surrendered to HUERTA, but as HUERTA's authority is not recognized at Washington it is doubtful if a request from Mexico City for the extradition of a criminal could be considered by our Government. Doubtful, we say. Our Chargé, Mr. O'SHAUGHNESSY, remains in Mexico, and has daily interviews with Gen. HUERTA, who recognizes his authority as a representative of this country; but the fiction of non-recognition is solemnly cherished, and it is clear that no extradition treaty with an unrecognized Government can be considered binding. In the circumstances it seems that Mr. BRYAN will do well to order that CASTILLO shall be kept in safe custody, for the present, at Fort Bliss.

SALVARSAN FOR PARESIS.

For paresis, or "softening of the brain," a terrible form of paralysis allied with locomotor ataxia, no efficacious treatment had ever been found until within the past year, when Dr. HOMER F. SWIFT and Dr. ARTHUR M. W. ELLIS of the Rockefeller Institute in this city evolved a treatment for the specific diseases of the central nervous system. The recent operation on a paretic patient in Philadelphia by Dr. ELLWOOD R. KIRBY, at which a salvarsanized serum was applied directly to the diseased brain through holes bored in the skull, did not follow the most approved method. But salvarsan, the famous "606" specific found by Prof. EHRLICH, is the basis of the treatment.

It was not until Dr. EHRLICH had used salvarsan in thousands of cases that he discovered that the drug itself was not curative until mixed with the serum of the blood. As the blood does not circulate through nervous tissue, in treating paresis it is necessary to draw about fifty centimeters of blood from the vein of a patient who, an hour beforehand, has received an ordinary injection of salvarsan. The serum from this blood is separated and prepared in proper strength to be administered on a subsequent day by means of a small needle passed between two of the vertebrae in the lower spine. It has been ascertained that a serum administered in this manner will quickly find its way to the diseased tissues of the brain and cord.

This, in principle, is the Swift-Ellis method, with a technique materially modified to suit the paretic class of patients. The method of preparing the salvarsanized serum has been simplified, and it is hoped that eventually supplies of it may be sent out over the country for use in the State and private insane asylums. The success thus far attained with the serum has been extremely encouraging. Assurance is given from unimpeachable sources that every case thus far treated by this method has improved remarkably, the degree of improvement always depending on the duration of the mental impairment.

OFFICIAL ADVERTISING.

Our neighbor The World republished yesterday from The Law Journal what it calls "An Official List of New York's Great Newspapers." The list is made up of newspapers designated by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court "as having a circulation calculated to give public notice of legal publications, as required by the provisions of Rule 86 of the general rules of practice." The sarcastic import of The World's headline stands revealed when the eye scans the list of the designated newspapers. Most of them the average newspaper reader never hears of.

Yet the public funds are often paid out for official advertising on just that curious principle. Take, as an example, the amounts disbursed for publishing the lists of polling and registration places in the Borough of Manhattan preceding the last November election. That official advertising was distributed among ten newspapers, five morning and five evening. The combined circulation of these ten newspapers, according to the statements published last October, as required by the Post Office Department, was 787,763, and the amount paid to them for the election advertising was $79,148. The World, The American, and THE TIMES were not included in this designated list, yet they had at the time the election advertising was published a combined circulation of 898,915, exceeding by more than 100,000 the combined circulation of the ten designated newspapers. This advertising could have been inserted in The World, The American, and THE TIMES for $25,000. Thus the information which the Board of Elections desired to put before the voters could have secured publicity much exceeding that afforded by the ten chosen newspapers for less than one-third the cost. A private advertiser, spending his own money, does not distribute his advertising on that principle. These and other observed anomalies in the practice of designating newspapers for official advertising are evidence of the need of a reform that shall establish some sort of business relation between the amount expended and the publicity secured.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Verdict Entirely Satisfactory.

Though the plaintiff in the case against Senator GORE announces the intention to appeal from the verdict that was in effect as much a condemnation of her and her witnesses as an acquittal of the defendant, it seems most improbable that anything more will be heard of the matter, from that side, at least. What the jury thought of the evidence presented before it was shown even more by the promptitude of its decision than by the substance of it, and most of all, perhaps, by the fact that the jurymen took the most unusual measure of stating explicitly in their verdict that they were convinced of the Senator's innocence before the defense began—that the testimony of his accusers carried its own refutation.

The inevitable and unavoidable implications of this statement are, of course, extremely serious. They do much more than hint at the existence of a conspiracy as abominable as could well be imagined—that in the opinion of the jurors Senator GORE has good grounds for action against those who in revenge for the refusal of political patronage endeavored to ruin him. Whether he will care to move in this direction remains to be seen, but it is a right which he is not likely to exercise, as his vindication is complete and the punishment of his accusers, especially the woman, is already severe.

It is safe to say that the verdict of the jury is in full agreement with the impression formed by the public from the newspaper reports of the trial. Ready as most people are to believe charges like those made against Senator GORE, in this instance the circumstances, helped somewhat, perhaps, by sympathy for his affliction and the cheerful courage with which he has in such large degree overcome the most terrible of handicaps, were such as soon to arouse general incredulity. That was confirmed as the trial progressed, and though it was evident enough that the Senator had manifested less regard than he should have done for the dignity of his position, yet it was remembered that a statesman from Oklahoma would naturally be nearer to his constituents than if he were, say, from Massachusetts or some other of the older Commonwealths. Indiscretion, however, is one thing, and guilt quite another.

The demonstration of approval that followed the verdict—a demonstration that went unchecked by the court—can be taken as expressing the sentiments of the whole country.

Innocence Is in No Danger.

It is not without surprise verging upon astonishment that one reads the bitter denunciation of "John Doe" investigations in which Justice WESLEY O. HOWARD of the Appellate Division indulged this week while addressing a meeting of the Rensselaer Bar Association. According to him we are now in the midst of "a reign of terror," with the safeguards of our liberties rapidly crumbling and nobody beyond the reach of irresponsible power, ruthless and despotic.

If that be true, it is strange how calmly most of us view the situation and how little apprehensions on our own account the hunt for graft and grafters excites in us even when it is most vigorous and successful. Justice HOWARD, on the contrary, is much disturbed. He sees no good resulting from these inquiries—no increase of employment, no decrease in the cost of living or the rate of taxation. What he does see is very, very terrible:

> In the wake of these hounding inquisitions is the squandered money of the people, the demoralization of public works, the stagnation of good roads, the wrecks of reputations, the lamentations of wives and mothers, unhappiness, tragedies, suicides, funerals.

Well, it is true—all of those things are distinctly visible or audible. But "the people" are rather interested in finding out just how and by whom millions of their money have been wasted and stolen, they incline to the opinion that the "inquisitions" have revealed rather than caused the demoralization of public works, and they more than suspect that not good roads, but miserably poor ones, are for the time being in what may be called, especially from the standpoint of contractors and politicians, in a state of stagnation. As for the wreck of reputations, none seems to be suffering that does not deserve to do so, and to the other counts in Justice HOWARD'S indictment, the exposed corruptionists should plead guilty, not the District Attorneys and other searchers out of iniquity.

Really, the situation is not as bad as the Justice thinks, and while we are all as sorry as he for the suffering of wives and mothers, that was long since recognized as an inevitable consequence of enforcing law against its violators.

Feminine Fear of Mice.

Once more there is excuse for asking how much of sincerity there is in the fear of mice to which so many women give such vehement expression. A night telephone operator over in New Jersey saw one of the little creatures steal out on the floor of the room in which she was keeping her lonely vigil, and, though his attack was not on her, but on the crumbs of her luncheon, she promptly fainted. On recovery she rushed into a closet, where she was imprisoned till morning by the spring catch on the hastily slammed door. Meanwhile all efforts to "call central" were vain, and the snowstorm received many undeserved objurgations.

Yet this young woman, like all others, knows that mice are perfectly harmless—that they never did hurt anybody and never will.

The wicked suggestion has been made that feminine outcries on the appearance of mice are a mere fashion or habit, inveterate, now, but originating in nothing better than a desire to show an interesting sensitiveness and timidity and to give rescuing man a chance to show his superiority. There must be something more to it than that, however, for not a few women, even when quite alone, as this one was, manifest almost convincing indications of this fear, perhaps not the less real because so unnecessary.

Apparently the fear is instinctive, but nothing in ancestral history explains the instinct, since in the line of mothers running back through the troglodytes to merely anthropoid forebears, never a one was devoured by a mouse and not more than half a dozen in all can have been bitten by one. And instincts are not so easily made.

TUBERCULOUS FAMILIES.

Poverty Often Makes Futile Their Fight Against Disease.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mr. Kingsbury's article in The Survey, with its details of costs and results of treatment at the Home Hospital for the care of tuberculous families under the direction and aid of the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, gives publicity and proof of the hard economic conditions underlying the solution of the tuberculosis problem.

At the Home Hospital, the association has found it necessary to supplement with over $10,000 a year the earnings ($5,348.96) of the twenty-seven families cared for, in order to meet the expenses of rent, food, clothing, medical supplies, &c. In spite of the greatest economy in administration, especially in the purchase of the food supply on the wholesale plan, the average family budget still amounted to exactly $912.50 annually. Then we are told "these figures indicate that on an income of between $1,050 and $1,150 a family of five can live under ordinary conditions fairly comfortably in the Borough of Manhattan; and that an income of between $1,100 and $1,200 is probably necessary for an average family to maintain unaided a normal standard of living in that borough." Finally it is added that six of the families which have been discharged as rehabilitated had no admission an average weekly income of $6.42, and that when discharged, owing to the physical improvement of the wage earners, these same families were now earning an average of a trifle less than $18 a week; this being described in the article as being the rise "from poverty to independence."

This rise "from poverty to independence," and this "rehabilitation" is exactly what we seriously question. In one breath we are told in the same article that an income of at least $1,100 is necessary to maintain unaided a normal standard of living, and yet in the next it is stated that the families discharged and pointed out as rehabilitated had an income at the time of leaving of only $800 approximately.

How are these families, without doubt weakened by their tuberculosis experience, going to maintain the new standard of living which they have been told is necessary, and how are they going to do so on less than experienced administrators themselves required? Is it not only a question or time when the same causes which first made these poor people an easy prey to infection will be in operation again?

This chronic condition of insufficient income to maintain a normal standard of living is exactly the one we meet in the great majority of the families coming to our tuberculosis dispensaries. It is the underlying cause which throws the sufferers into the vicious circle of poverty, underfeeding and sickness, succeeded by more poverty and sickness until death ends it.

The Home Hospital experiment is interesting, and indeed marks an advance in the progress of better treatment of tuberculosis, but we are still far from a solution striking at the roots of the problem.

G. J. DROLET,
Tuberculosis Division, Bellevue Hospital.
New York, Feb. 15, 1914.

ENOUGH PARK POLICE.

Commissioner McKay Says Force of 100 Is Adequate.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In THE TIMES of Feb. 19 appears an editorial article headed "More Park Policemen." Therein it is stated that "there are only sixty-six policemen assigned to Central Park." That statement is incorrect. During the twenty-four hours ended midnight, Feb. 18, 1914, there were 108 policemen assigned to Central Park. Of these policemen 97 were patrolmen—the others were officers.

On Feb. 3 the authorized strength of patrolmen for Central Park was but 78. I increased the number from 78 to 100 on Feb. 4, and will hereafter, under existing conditions, keep it to about that number.

Since Sept. 9, 1911, the number of patrolmen assigned to Central Park has not been as great as 100. One hundred patrolmen is an adequate force to police Central Park properly.

The statement that in 1904 there were 207 men assigned to Central Park is typical of similar conditions which have been largely corrected since then, whereby about one-sixth of the entire patrol force was reclaimed from wasted service.

D. J. McKAY,
Police Commissioner.

New York, Feb. 19, 1914.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I appreciate greatly your editorial of this morning and the support that is afforded by a newspaper like THE NEW YORK TIMES to my plans for the better protection of the parks of this city. However, I wish to correct any inference that might be based on the figures stated in your article of this morning when reporting the meeting at the Yorkville Social Centre.

When I took office, instead of there being sixty-six men detailed for duty in Central Park, as referred to in the account of the meeting, there were eighty-nine under the three-platoon system, whereas in 1909 there were 178 men under the former system.

I immediately took up the matter of better policing of the various parks with Police Commissioner McKay, whom I found most anxious to assist me in every way possible and whose hearty co-operation I wish recognized by the public. Soon after pointing out to him the conditions as I found them in Central Park he detailed enough additional men to bring the total now available for service there up to 111 men.

Now, I realize fully the difficult situation that the Police Commissioner has to meet and recognize that many claims are made upon him in different parts of the city where there is a lack of sufficient men for police duty. However, I feel that he is anxious to co-operate with this department in every way possible for the protection of property so valuable to the public of New York as the parks are, and on this basis I am taking up with him similar questions which have arisen regarding police protection in other city parks.

CABOT WARD,
Commissioner of Parks, Manhattan and Richmond.

New York, Feb. 19, 1914.

SARATOGA SPRINGS.

State Commission Needs Funds for Equipping Them Properly.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I beg to thank you on behalf of this commission for your very courteous editorial reference to the work which this commission is doing for the State of New York in the protection of these valuable springs to further the State's programme of conservation.

The mineral waters of Saratoga have been restored, and it is now imperative that the State of New York should act promptly to provide sufficient funds in order to insure adequate facilities for the efficient utilization of these healing waters. The commission is confident in its belief that the action of the State in making acquisition of these mineral spring properties has been most wise, and it has had careful investigation and study made of the European spas in order to present to the Legislature recommendations as to what the State should do here to properly develop resources which will not only have important value in the restoration of health, but will as well certainly produce considerable revenue for the State.

IRVING G. ROUILLARD,
Secretary.

Saratoga Springs, Feb. 17, 1914.

Shooting Down Hill.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

General and United States Senator Sam Houston, being challenged by a much inferior person, made reply, "That he never shot down hill." It is recalled and submitted for Col. Goethals's consideration as being pertinent to the moment.

H. A.

New York, Feb. 19, 1914.

ALAS, FOR BOMBAY AND NEW YORK!

Then we shall hear the lost ports of New York and Bombay howling like Tyre and Tarshish.—Rudyard Kipling.

O poet, you who sang the stern refrain
Of solemn warning to an Empire proud,
Who saw o'er Spithead's grand review the plain
Whose sands the pomp of buried cities shroud,
Again your vision strains where seaward dips
Future horizons of lost ports and ships!

Again your eyes have caught a vision strange
Of the oncoming years and progress grand,
When mighty galleons of the air will range
Alike o'er ocean waste and o'er the land—
When Bombay and New York shall howl and fall
Like Tyre and Tarshish, ports without a call!

Then ships will pass them by in airy flights
As onward still they sail, majestic, free,
O'er sea whose islands are the mountain heights;
And, scorning old-time towns by bay or sea,
Will land at last their air-borne argosies
Perhaps at ports of distant inland seas.

Perhaps you're right, O poet! Who can tell
What bounds to place on man when in the sky
He finds himself at ease and feels the swell
Of waves of air on wings that swifter fly
Than those of condor o'er Andean peaks,
Nor furls them till he finds the port he seeks.

But like "the dove from far Palmyra flying,"
That stooped at last to drink from muddied spring,
Even ships in air, from far above espying
Great cities that unto the seashore cling—
Towered New York or Bombay's esplanade—
To land their cargoes there may still be glad.

For airships, too, must have a port to reach,
Their passengers and goods must somewhere land,
And a big city built on ocean's beach
May seem more welcome than a desert strand.
And so New York and Bombay need not scowl
At airships, nor as yet begin to howl.

H. T. SUDDUTH.

ART NOTES.

American Water Color Society Exhibition—J. A. Smith's Etchings.

Water color has the air of being a playful medium. People remember the painting books of their childhood, the glass of water, the bit of rag, and the box of non-poisonous paints, nothing very messy, nothing that wouldn't wash off, a pleasant nursery occupation for a stormy day. It is not to be expected that the public with these memories should take an exhibition of paintings in water color seriously. Nevertheless, the medium used expressively offers difficulties far greater than those encountered in painting with oil colors. A water color that has the quality of freshness, that combines power and lightness, that looks like itself and not like any other medium, is a fine achievement, and it happens so seldom that we are in no danger of being bored by it.

The American Water Color Society, now holding its annual exhibition at the Knoedler Galleries, has many an agreeable thing to show, but none more invigorating than David B. Milne's red-haired woman in a garden with a parasol. Mr. Milne does his work as much with white spaces as with spots of color, and his work is so systematic that the word schematic comes into your mind, but he escapes the derogatory implication of the term. He governs his scheme instead of being governed by it, and his work is always brilliant and beautiful. Alice Schille's "Flower Market" and "Old Houses" are both stronger than her "Mother and Child," in which the figures are daringly placed against a stained-glass window; Florence Wyman's "The Spring" and "The Market Place" are casual and in the best water color tradition, and "Young Eagles," by Will Simmons, is a little masterpiece of concentrated observation and vigorous workmanship. Mr. Potthast's prize picture of figures on a wet beach is deft and vivacious, and, of course, there are other good things that cannot be brought into a brief enumeration. Even at the present moment, with the Morgan collection looming large and the virtues of the Street Cleaning Commission out of mind, it is a little exhibition that deserves a visit.

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The etchings of J. André Smith at the Hahlo Galleries also are a collection to please the gallery visitor who asks only two rewards, a personal point of view and a technique that has been developed with conscience. In this case, the artist offers us both. He is amusing in his preface where he confesses his terror in Florence and Venice. "I shall never forget," he says, "the terrible feeling I had of coming too late." Every one had been there before him, and most of all Whistler. "If one found anything at all worth the doing there he was screaming into one's conscience a repeated protest against the stealing of his pet subjects." Finally he laid the ghosts and settled down to work in his own way, and it turns out to be a good way, very simple, with a strong respect for the limitations of the medium, and no attempt at forcing originality. A number of drawings are included, and these are charming with that special charm of intimate record of a thing enjoyed. "The Bird Shop: Florence," owes something to its subject, no doubt, but the way in which the artist has made the little square cages count as elements in his design and the vitality and humanity of the little figures in the foreground make it a sketch quite out of the ordinary.

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At the Photo Secession Galleries is an exhibition of drawings by children. One little girl of 6 or 7 has a lively feeling for movement, and her horse, dashing through a meadow that seems rather cleverly to dash past him as well, is a bit of work that commands admiration. Another child is a poet and dreamer. She incloses a pure white space with a band of yellow, and arranges other colors in bands, and writes on her drawing that the soul of God is like the lily—pure, white, with golden thoughts. Another of her drawings shows a lady in a hat riding on a horse-headed reptile across a starry firmament above houses that appear to bud from the tips of straggling branches. This drawing she has not annotated, trusting to our perceptions, and we have no perceptions. Who has a strong enough sense of humor and compassion to understand the soul of an imaginative child?

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Children need not be imaginative to compete for the painting book contest announced by Raphael Tuck & Sons. They need only do the regular thing—paint with prescribed colors, copying prescribed designs that are a part of the painting book equipment, and if they surpass their fellows they will receive prizes ranging from as high as $250 in cash down to $25, the twelve hundred and fifty prizes amounting to $30,000. The judges in the contest are Philip Boileau, Harrison Fisher, Nell Brinkley, Howard Chandler Christy, and James Montgomery Flagg.

EXPLORERS MEET MISHAPS.

Mexicans Take Members of the Harvard Expedition for Spies.

Carl C. Bishop, a member of the archaeological expedition sent to Central America by Harvard University, has sent this letter to friends in this country under date of Feb. 8:

"I have just returned from a two months' voyage along the coast of Yucatan, by sloop, during which time we had a most colorful time, as the Mexican officials were convinced we were American officers sent down here as spies; perhaps we were lucky to get out of the country as we did. In spite of the difficulties placed in our way, however, Dr. Merwin did some work of real value, and a cruise of six hundred miles over the open sea in a fifteen-ton sloop is an interesting experience of itself. Among my photos is one distinctively unique, of a man tortured to death by the Indians. It is rather a ghastly thing in its way."

MAN 77 MUST CUT VERDICT.

Court Holds That $4,483 Was Too Much for Injury at His Age.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Feb. 19.—Because William J. Molyneux, who was hurt while alighting from a trolley car in Springfield township, Union County, is 77 years old, and according to mortality tables may be expected to live not more than five and a half years, he either must accept $2,575 as damages or begin a new action at law. This is the decision of the Supreme Court, which to-day set aside as excessive, the verdict of $4,483.71 recovered by Mr. Molyneux against the Morris County Traction Company.

As a result of his injury his right leg is two inches shorter than the left. The expenses of his illness were $575. In its opinion the court holds that as Mr. Molyneux had no occupation he could suffer no pecuniary loss and, as his expectancy of life was five and a half years, the verdict was excessive.

GOELET CONTEST DOUBTFUL

Belief at Newport That Husband Will Not Fight Divorce.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, Feb. 19.—It is reported here that when Mrs. Elsie Goelet's divorce case is called in the Superior Court on March 3 there will be no contest. Robert Goelet has retained attorneys to look after his interests and has entered his appearance in the case, but this does not mean he will appear personally.

It is said that Mrs. Goelet will receive a liberal allowance for her support and for the care and education of their two sons.

PALMER TO RESIGN AS STATE CHAIRMAN

Will Convene Committee March 2, When Osborn Will Be Chosen to Head Democracy.

A $7,500 JOB FOR PALMER

Counsel to Compensation Commission—Steering Committee for Wilson-Glynn Reorganization of Party.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 19.—After a renewal to-day of his conference with Gov. Glynn, George M. Palmer indicated that he was ready to retire as Democratic State Chairman and announced that he would call a meeting of the State Committee, to be held on Monday, March 2, to act on his resignation and elect his successor.

William Church Osborn undoubtedly will be elected State Chairman at that meeting, in furtherance of the Wilson-Glynn programme for the reorganization of the Democratic Party in New York State.

Mr. Palmer, it is understood, is slated for the position of counsel to the Workmen's Compensation Commission when organized, at a salary probably of $7,500 a year. At the conclusion of his conference with Gov. Glynn Mr. Palmer issued this statement:

Mr. Palmer's Statement.

I expect to call a meeting of the State Committee on March 2. About a year ago I had drawn a resignation as Chairman of the committee for the reason that the work of Chairman of the committee was so exacting that I did not have the time to give to it and take care of my law practice. Reasons existed why I did not call the meeting of the State Committee, hence the resignation was not acted on.

Friends have suggested that I take the position of counsel of the Compensation Commission. This is work along the line of my profession, which I enjoy, and if I take this position it would need my whole time for several days to close up business matters, and I would have no time to give to the duties of Chairman of the State Committee, which are now exacting.

GEORGE M. PALMER.

It is understood that all objection among the Democratic leaders to the election of Mr. Osborn has disappeared and that the vote in the committee will be unanimous. It is also regarded as probable that he will be re-elected when the new State Committee of 150 is organized after the primaries in the Fall.

The changes in the State Committee will include the election of a new Secretary and a new Treasurer, as well as the formation of a large Executive Committee, with a membership not identified with the discredited Democratic machine in this State. This Executive Committee, which in no sense would be an official body, would act in an advisory capacity until the election at the September primaries of the new Democratic State Committee of 150 members, one from each Assembly district.

Peabody for Treasurer.

George Foster Peabody, widely known as an independent Democrat of wealth, is being mentioned for Treasurer, in place of Arthur A. McLean of Newburg, who pleaded guilty to an indictment for having accepted a campaign contribution from a corporation in the last State campaign in violation of the election law. It is probable that George R. Van Namee of Watertown, at present Assistant Secretary of the committee, will be made its Secretary, thus taking the place for years held by John A. Mason, who was Secretary to Gov. Dix and who at present is Commissioner of Jurors in the new County of Bronx.

It is known that Mr. Palmer, in his recent conferences with Mr. Glynn, tried hard to persuade the Governor to appoint him Chairman of the up-State Public Service Commission, a place for which Mr. Palmer had been a candidate for a year. The salary is $15,000. Palmer's prospective appointment as counsel to the Compensation Commission must be looked upon as a compromise on which his voluntary retirement was conditional. The salary of legal adviser of the Compensation Commission is not fixed in the law. It was said here to-night that Gov. Glynn probably would suggest to the Commissioners when appointed that the salary be $7,500.

At his home in Cobleskill to-night, Mr. Palmer said he had no doubt his salary would be more than $7,500, adding:

"I am taking a chance. I was given to understand I was to be appointed a Public Service Commissioner last year under Mr. Sulzer, but I wasn't. It would be manifestly unfair for me to say with whom I talked and to make public what assurances, if any, I have of obtaining a position that is to be given out by Commissioners yet to be named. I don't want to go into the details. That was why I wrote my statement as guardedly as I did."

The compensation Commissioners are to receive $7,000 a year each and the Chairman $10,000.

JUSTICE WHITE CELEBRATES

He Was Appointed to the Supreme Bench Twenty Years Ago.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Chief Justice White to-day observed the twentieth anniversary of his appointment to the Supreme Court bench. The twentieth anniversary of his service on the bench will not occur until March 12.

The anniversary recalled the bitter contest which preceded Chief Justice White's appointment as an Associate Justice on the bench. Two selections by President Cleveland had proved unsatisfactory to the Senate. The President solved the problem by choosing a member of the Senate itself, Edward Douglas White of Louisiana. His nomination was confirmed without delay.

The Chief Justice has many years to serve before he approaches the record for long service in the court. Chief Justice Marshall and Justices Field and Harlan are credited with more than thirty-three years' service each.

HISTORIC GOWNS ON VIEW.

Costumes of the Wives of Presidents to be Exhibited.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Many of the original

MISS GEER A BRIDE IN OLD ST. PAUL'S

Eldest Daughter of Rev. Dr. Wm. Montague Geer Married to Elliot H. Goodwin.

HER FATHER OFFICIATES

Bridal Couple Receive Congratulations in Vestry Room of Church Where Washington Worshipped.

The wedding of Elliot Hersey Goodwin of Washington, D. C., and Miss Isabel Montague Geer, eldest daughter of the Rev. Dr. William Montague Geer, Vicar of St. Paul's Chapel, was solemnized in that edifice yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

This quaint old chapel, where President Washington worshipped, was built in 1766, and is the oldest church now existing in New York. It occupies the block between Vesey and Fulton Streets, on Broadway. There are two entrances, one on Vesey and the other on Fulton Street, and yesterday's guests entered from the Fulton Street side, passing through a long awning-covered way to the chapel, which was simply decorated. Clusters of white lilies were on the altar and palms in the chancel.

The only music was that of the organ, The Lohengrin Wedding March was played for the processional, and there was low music all through the ceremony.

Miss Geer walked up the nave with her brother, Enos Throop Geer. Her father performed the ceremony. She wore a trailing gown of white satin crepe, with old lace on the corsage, and heavy lace draped on the skirt. Her voluminous tulle veil was held to her coiffure by a diadem of orange blossoms, and she carried white roses and jasmine.

Her two bridemaids, and only attendants, were her young sisters, the Misses Cornelia Throop Geer and Gertrude Marshall Geer, who wore pink net and blue brocaded crêpe gowns. The blue crêpe was used in the ankle-length skirts and the bodices and tunics were of pink silk net, with the open necks, sleeves and skirts edged with brown fur. They wore small natural straw hats trimmed with dull blue ribbon, white lace and pink roses and carried large nosegays of pink rose with gardenia centres bordered with daisies and mignonette.

Mr. Goodwin's best man was John H. Thomas of Boston, and the ushers were Charles W. McCandless, Basil Miles, Major James A. Logan, U. S. A., Capt. Frank McCoy, U. S. A., all of Washington, and Francis Hunt Geer and W. Montague Geer, Jr., brothers of the bride.

There was no reception, but after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Goodwin went into the Vestry room, which was banked with palms, and received the congratulations of their many friends, for in spite of the condition of the streets and the mist-like rain, the chapel was nearly filled. After a brief bridal trip Mr. and Mrs. Goodwin will live in Washington, where Mr. Goodwin is Secretary of the National Chamber of Commerce.

Mr. Goodwin is the son of the late Hersey B. Goodwin of Cambridge, Mass., and lived for several years in New York, when he was Secretary of the Civil Service Reform Association.

Among those asked to the wedding were Mr. and Mrs. Samuel H. Ordway, Mr. and Mrs. George Jarvis Geer, Mr. and Mrs. John Bertram Read, Dr. Robert B. Greenough and Mrs. Greenough, Mr. and Mrs. Reginald H. Johnson, Prof. Charles W. Eliot and Mrs. Eliot, of Boston, Dr. H. Wilcox and Mrs. Wilcox, Dr. Lewis A. Coffin and Mrs. Coffin, Miss Gertrude Geer, Mr. and Mrs. Langdon Geer, Mr. and Mrs. George E. Throop, Mr. and Mrs. Enos T. Throop, Mrs. Algernon D. Sullivan, Mrs. William J. Curtis, Dr. John B. Walker and Mrs. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick P. Keppel, Dr. Richard Jordan and Mrs. Jordan, Mr. and Mrs. John Farr, Mr. and Mrs. John B. Kerr, the Misses Kerr, Mrs. William H. Ivins, Miss Margaret Ivins, Mr. and Mrs. Louis S. Weeks, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred C. Cox.

Misses Isabel and Alice Peters, Mr. and Mrs. Wilson M. Powell, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Philip P. McCook, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur A. Masters, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph P. Cotton, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin P. Taylor, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. T. C. T. Crain, Mr. and Mrs. E. Morgan Grinnell, Mr. and Mrs. John B. Lawrence, Mr. and Mrs. George H. Bartholomew, Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Spencer, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Bailey Sexton, Mr. and Mrs. Edward S. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hill Pierce, Mr. and Mrs. John Cole, Mrs. John Firth, Mrs. Thomas S. Young, Miss Young, the Misses Wardwell, the Misses Martin, and Henry A. Clark.

WEDDED TO COUNT CORNET.

Miss Gladys McMillan, Colorado Heiress, Is Married in Paris.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Feb. 19.—The marriage of Count Cornet de Ways Ruart of Brussels and Miss Gladys MacMillan was celebrated in the Church of the Madeleine to-day. Miss MacMillan is the daughter of Mrs. Spencer Penrose of Colorado Springs, and granddaughter of the late Senator James MacMillan of Michigan. Among those present were Ambassador and Mrs. Myron T. Herrick.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Feb. 19.—Miss Gladys McMillan is not only a leader in the social set in this city and in Denver, but is well known socially in the East. Two years ago her presentation to the King and Queen of England and her reception at the Court of St. James's attracted much attention.

Lady Cornet is perhaps the richest heiress in Colorado, her stepfather, Spencer Penrose, being one of the wealthiest and best-known financiers of the West. She was born in Detroit, Mich., but received most of her education in France, where she spent a great deal of her time. She has resided here since 1906, when her mother was married in London to Spencer Penrose of this city.

Mr. Penrose is a member of the University Club and the Union League Club of New York City.

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MISS RUTH GIBB WEDS.

Married to Harold W. Carhart in St. Thomas's Full Choral Service.

The marriage of Harold W. Carhart of Brooklyn and Miss Ruth Gibb, a daughter of Mrs. Arthur Gibb by her first husband, the late John Richmond Gibb, was celebrated at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in St. Thomas's Church, at Fifty-third Street and Fifth Avenue. The Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, rector of the church, officiated. The decorations were white lilacs and lilies. The chancel and altar were massed with lilies, daisies, and palms, and cluster of lilies were tied on every alternate pew on the nave.

The bride walked with her brother, John R. Gibb, who gave her in marriage. She wore a white satin robe draped with point lace. The corsage was largely of tulle, with a V-shaped neck and long sleeves to the wrists. The point lace gown was also worn by the bride's mother at her wedding to John R. Gibb. The court train was also of white satin. Orange blossoms held the veil in place about the bride's coiffure, and the bouquet was of lilies of the valley and orange blossoms. She also wore a string of pearls, the gift of her mother.

Miss Dorothy Gibb was her sister's maid of honor. She wore a pink taffeta skirt, with a bodice and panniers of flesh-colored tulle. The bridesmaids wore somewhat similar frocks of flesh-colored taffeta and tulle, but these had not only panniers, but the new bustle effect. All of the attendants wore leghorn hats turned high at the back and filled in with blue ribbon, and carried large clusters of pink roses.

The bridesmaids were the Misses Althea Gibb, a cousin of the bride; Nathalie Slocum, Alice Moss, Ruth Callender, Alice Bigelow, and Beatrice Raymond.

Mr. Carhart's best man was Lawrence Cornwall, and the ushers were John Parsons, Morgan J. O'Brien, Jr.; Eugene M. Moore, Dean Kalbfleisch, Gerald Murphy, Edwin Bigelow, and George Carhart, a cousin of the bridegroom.

There was a full choral service. The musical programme began with "The Voice That Breathed O'er Eden," sung as the bridal procession prepared for the march to the altar, followed by the Lohengrin Wedding March. "O Perfect Love" and the "Sevenfold Amen" were also sung, and before the ceremony Grieg's "Morning," a serenade by Schubert, and a reverie by Noble, and also an allegretto by Wolstenholme were played by Mr. Noble on the organ.

A large reception was held after the ceremony at the residence of the bride's mother, 14 East Fifty-fifth Street, for which 700 invitations were sent out. Mrs. Gibb, who was in the receiving party, was in a white moire gown, topped by a black tulle trimmed hat.

Mr. Carhart and his bride left for the South on their honeymoon.

MRS. W. G. OAKMAN, HOSTESS.

Gives Theatre Party for 85 for Miss Katharine Oakman.

Mrs. Walter A. Oakman was a hostess last night at a theatre party for Miss Katharine Oakman, followed by a supper and informal dancing at the Oakman residence, 725 Fifth Avenue. There were eighty-five guests who saw "The Laughling Husband" and were afterward taken in 'busses to the Oakman home.

The guests included the Misses Le Brun Parsons, Marie Louise Emmet, Dorothy Chisolm, Urling Sibley, Elsie Stevens, Margaret Henderson, Louise Kissel, Emily Redfield, Miriam Harriman, Louise Dixon, Alice Ely, Dorothy Taylor, Noel Haskins, Emilie Ford, Elizabeth McVickar, Eleanor Hartshorne, Marie Louise Rodewald, Josephine Nicoll, Constance Williams, Catherine Colt, Frances Henry.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Parker, Mr. and Mrs. Harper Sibley, Mr. and Mrs. Hugo de Fritsch, Mr. and Mrs. Harold F. Hadden, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Blaine Ewing, Mr. and Mrs. Graham Blandy, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel J. Wagstaff, Mr. and Mrs. J. Howland Auchincloss, Mr. and Mrs. Jay Gould, Theodorus Stevens, Lovering Hill, Cecil St. George, J. W. Wendell, Morgan Gilbert, Arthur Gardiner, Edward Shippen, Robert Tilney, Edward S. Blagden, Alfred H. Greenough, Barclay Parr, John Terry, Benjamin Moore, Harold Hopkins, Lawrence Miller, Anderson Dana, Francis H. Geer, Lawrence Millett, C. D. Morgan, Harold Henderson, Sidney Dillon Ripley, Shippen Davis, George Martin, Lawrence Grinnell, George Field, Harvey Graham, and J. Stewart Pettit.

MRS. E. F. HYDE ENTERTAINS.

Gives a Tea Dance for 250 Guests at the Hotel Gotham.

Mrs. E. Francis Hyde of 36 West Fifty-eighth Street gave a tea dance yesterday afternoon at the Hotel Gotham. The ballroom was decorated with Spring flowers and greens. There were about 250 guests present.

Among the guests were Mrs. Richard V. Lindabury, Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, Mrs. William D. Barbour, Mrs. Charles Hilton Brown, Mrs. Herbert M. Hyde, Mrs. Adrian H. Joline, Mrs. Alexander J. Fraser, Mrs. Joseph F. Simmons, Mrs. J. Milton Mabbott, Mrs. Malcolm Stuart, Mrs. Edward B. Hilton, Mrs. R. A. C. Smith, Mrs. George H. Church, Mrs. Clarence M. Hyde, Mrs. Alfred H. Dix, Mrs. James R. McKee, Mrs. Charles L. Knoblauch, Mrs. George P. Lawton, Mrs. A. Barton Hepburn, Mrs. William T. Hyde, Mrs. Samuel Thorne, Mrs. Ralph M. Hyde, Jr., Mrs. J. Fred Pierson.

Mrs. Rowland Ames Robbins, Mrs. Silas B. Brownell, Mrs. C. S. Van Rensselaer, also the Misses Dorothy McAlpin, Olga Sapio, Edna Hilton, Christine Kelley, Florence Madden, Katharine Carl, and Frances M. Hyde, and Alexander J. Fraser, Walbridge S. Taft, Francis Madden, Daniel E. Lawton, Orlando Potter, J. Horton Ijams, Frederick Paulding, Van Tassel Sutphen, and Charles Constantine.

Mrs. W. J. Barney Gives Dance.

Mrs. William J. Barney of 1,187 Lexington Avenue entertained last night at a small dance given at the residence of her mother, Mrs. John De Witt Warner, 901 Lexington Avenue. The apartment was decorated in red carnations, and a buffet supper was served. There were about seventy-five guests, who included Dr. Theodore V. Bailey and Mrs. Bailey, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Lestrade, Mr. and Mrs. Lyon de Camp, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Durland, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Koop, Mr. and Mrs. William Adams, Mr. and Mrs. Phllip Brett, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Cassabeer, Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Ruthrauff, Mr. and Mrs. George Floyd, Hubert d'Autremont and Miss d'Autremont, Mr. and Mrs. George B. Francis and Mr. and Mrs. Edward O'Neal Shotwell.

GERKEN—TSCHIRKY.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Gerken of 52 West Seventy-fifth Street have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Florence Gerken, to Leopold Tschirky, son of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Tschirky of 113 Lexington Avenue. The wedding will take place on May 31. Mr. Tschirky is a graduate of Cornell, class of '12. His father is the manager of the Waldorf-Astoria.

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ADRIAN ISELIN AND MRS. BRONSON WED

Banker and Widow of Frederic Bronson Married in Rectory of St. Patrick's Cathedral.

HONEYMOON IN NEWPORT

Ex-Ambassador Lloyd C. Griscom, Son-in-Law of Bride, and Mrs. Vanderbilt Among Guests.

The marriage of Adrian Iselin, the banker, and Mrs. Frederic Bronson was celebrated quietly yesterday morning at 11 o'clock in the rectory of St. Patrick's Cathedral. Mgr. Lavelle, rector of the cathedral, performed the ceremony, assisted by the Rev. J. J. Byrnes, in the presence of about twenty-five of the immediate relatives and intimate friends of the bride and bridegroom.

Mr. Iselin has long been a communicant at St. Patrick's. His bride is a Protestant, and has not as yet embraced the Catholic faith of her husband. No announcement had been made of the wedding, except to those who were invited.

It was kept as quiet as was their intention to get married, the first intimation of which was had on Wednesday afternoon, when they appeared together at the Marriage License Bureau in the City Hall. At that time the bride gave her age as 63 and the bridegroom said he was 67.

A few minutes before 11 o'clock, the bride left the St. Regis—where she has been staying since her return from Europe—in Mr. Iselin's motor car, which had been sent down from his house at 711 Fifth Avenue, and was driven to the rectory, where Mr. Iselin and the small group of relatives and friends were assembled.

There were no attendants, and the wedding ceremony was very simple. The bride wore a taupe colored traveling costume trimmed with fur, with a hat to match. She had a corsage bouquet of gardenias.

After the ceremony was over and the couple had received the felicitations of those present, they drove back to the St. Regis, where they had luncheon about 1 o'clock. Later in the afternoon they took a short walk up the avenue. They left last evening for Newport, where it is understood they will take a villa for the season.

Mr. Iselin and his bride have long been prominent in New York society. Mrs. Iselin was Miss Sara Gracie King and was married in 1875 to Frederic Bronson, a lawyer and well-known whip, who died in March, 1900. Mr. Iselin's first wife died in 1909. He is head of the banking firm of A. Iselin & Co., 36 Wall Street, and has a splendid country estate at New Rochelle, to which place he has been a benefactor in many ways.

Those who witnessed the ceremony included the bridegroom's two brothers and their wives, Mr. and Mrs. William E. Iselin, and Mr. and Mrs. Columbus O'D. Iselin; his two sisters, Miss Georgine Iselin, who is a Papal Countess, and Mrs. John George Beresford, who is Miss Emilie E. Iselin, and Mrs. Beresford; his daughter, Miss Louise Iselin, who has made her home with her father, and his son, Ernest Iselin, with Mrs. Iselin and their three children. His third brother, C. Oliver Iselin, is at his estate at Aiken, S. C., and was unable to attend.

Also Lloyd C. Griscom, former Ambassador to Italy, the son-in-law of the bride, and his eldest son, Bronson Griscom; Egerton L. Winthrop, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. Egerton L. Winthrop, Jr., Bronson Winthrop, Mrs. Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. Victor Sorchan, and Mrs. Robert Winthrop. Mrs. Griscom, who was Miss Elizabeth D. Bronson, was unable to attend her mother's marriage as a son was born to her just two weeks ago yesterday at the Griscom home, 111 East Seventy-second Street.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish will give a large dinner on Monday evening at her residence, 25 East Seventy-eighth Street, for the Duke and Duchess of Manchester.

Mrs. C. Grosvenor Wyeth and the Misses Frances and Caroline Wyeth are leaving town to-day for Miami, Fla., to spend three weeks there.

Mrs. Gerald Borden will give a theatre party and supper this evening for Miss Gabrielle Gourd.

Miss Maud Morgan will have a reception with music this afternoon at 18 Livingston Place.

Mrs. William Lee Ward will entertain this evening with a dance for her daughter, Miss Virginia Center Ward.

Dr. Thomas S. Winslow and Mrs. Winslow are entertaining to-night with a small dance for Mrs. Edward M. Radway. (Miss Charlotte Rowe.)

Mrs. Walter M. Werner will give a small dance this evening at the Plaza for Miss Charlotte F. Werner.

An entertainment for the benefit of the St. Agnes League will take place this afternoon at the Gotham.

There will be a meeting of the Friday Juniors to-night at Sherry's, a dance of the St. Christopher League at the Plaza, and the Friday Evening Club will dance at the Vanderbilt.

Mrs. Henry Meyer Johnson left town yesterday for Palm Beach, and Miss Lcuisa Johnson has gone to Sommerville, S. C., to visit her aunt, Mrs. Stephen Whitney.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul W. Alexander will give a dance this evening at 257 West Eighty-sixth Street.

The Sons of the Revolution will give their annual banquet on next Monday evening at Delmonico's. They will hold their church service at St. Thomas's on Sunday at 4 o'clock.

Among those sailing for Europe on Saturday on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie will be W. K. Vanderbilt, Count and Countess Pierre de Viel Castel, Mrs. John A. Logan, Jr., Miss Louise Iselin, Hon. Oliver and Mrs. Brett, Mr. and Mrs. T. Douglas Robinson, Mrs. James Henry Smith, Mrs. Egerton L. Winthrop, Jr., and Miss Muriel Winthrop.

Mrs. James Speyer is to open her new house at 1,038 Fifth Avenue on Friday afternoon, the 27, for the annual meeting of the Girls' Branch of the Public Schools Athletic League. Dr. Luther H. Gulick and Miss Elizabeth Burchenal will be among the speakers, and a large audience of prominent people will be present.

There was a large attendance at the dance given last night at Sherry's for the benefit of Greenwich House. General dancing began at 10 o'clock. There was competitive dancing at 11:30, with Mrs. Belmont Tiffany, Mrs. E. R. Mathews, Mrs. Allen G. Wellman, Lydig Hoyt, Richard Peters, and Eliot Bacon, as judges.

Miss Eleanor Wilson, daughter of the President, who is to take the leading rôle in the third masque, Pageantry, which is to be given on Tuesday evening, Feb. 24, at the Hotel Astor, will attend the rehearsal of the masque this afternoon at the Berkeley Theatre.

The Misses Hewitt of 9 Lexington Avenue will entertain the cast of the pageant of the ball of the Fine Arts at their house to-night preceding the ball at the Hotel Astor. The guests will appear in their costumes.

Ball of the Fine Arts To-night.

The ball of the Fine Arts, which is to be held at the Hotel Astor this evening by the Society of Beaux Arts Architects, will be one of the most spectacular and artistic affairs of the season. The costumes for the pageant "Venise a travers les Ages" have been designed with great care. Because of the demand for tickets there will be no sale at the door. The ball is given for the benefit of the educational fund, which the Beaux Arts Society maintains for young draughtsmen.

MUSIC NOTES.

Enrica Clay, an American dramatic soprano, has been engaged by the Messrs. Aborn for "guest" performances with the Century Opera Company in forthcoming presentations of "Tiefland" and "Aida."

The Russian Musical Society will give its first concert at the National Arts Club this evening. Incidental to the programme the Bohemian Singing Society and the Armenian Choral Union will be heard for the first time by American audiences, and there will be some Oriental music by the Armenian Orchestra of Amateurs.

Richard Luccheni has composed fifteen incidental numbers for a sacred drama, called "The Star of Bethlehem," by Joseph Castello, which will be produced in Los Angeles shortly.

MRS. ROBERT L. STEVENSON.

Widow of Famous Novelist Dies in California—Their Romance.

SANTA BARBARA, Cal., Feb. 19.—Mrs. Robert Louis Stevenson, widow of the famous novelist, died of apoplexy at her home in Montecito yesterday. Lloyd Osbourne, her son, has started from New York for Santa Barbara, and Mrs. Isobel Strong, her daughter, who is in Honolulu, has been notified.

Mrs. Robert Louis Stevenson was Miss Fanny Van de Grift, and was born in the United States. She was married twice, her first husband being Samuel A. Osbourne, from whom she obtained a divorce in 1879. In 1876, while sojourning with her son and daughter at Fontainebleau, she first met Stevenson. Even at this time there is evidence that her marriage was a source of unhappiness to her, and from the beginning of their acquaintance she and her future husband seem to have been mutually attracted to each other. In 1878 she returned to her home in California, and the following August such alarming reports of her ill-health reached the famous Scotch writer that he crossed the Atlantic as a steerage passenger and made a hurried trip across the continent in an emigrant train to reach her side.

The rigors of the journey proved too much for the frail constitution of Stevenson, and upon his arrival in San Francisco he was seized with a severe illness, from the effects of which he never fully recovered. The woman for whom he had made his long trip came to his aid financially, and also acted as his nurse during his long illness. The next Spring they were married, Mrs. Osbourne having in the meantime obtained a divorce from her husband, and went to live in a deserted mining town above Calistoga, in the Coast Range of the Sierras, where it was hoped that the high altitude would strengthen the writer's weak body. This period of their lives is graphically portrayed in "The Silverado Squatters."

After her return to California, following her husband's death in Samoa, Mrs. Stevenson led the life of a recluse. Until recently she made her home in San Francisco, where she built herself a house on Lombard Street Hill.

Mrs. Stevenson's most important editorial work in connection with her husband's books was with the Biographical Edition of the works of Stevenson. To each volume she wrote a preface describing the conditions under which it was written, and much very interesting material in regard to the career of Stevenson is contained in these prefaces. In that to "David Balfour," for instance, Mrs. Stevenson wrote: "Never was a novel written in more distressing circumstances. With the (Samoan) natives on the verge of war, and amid the most kaleidoscopic political changes, uncertain as to what moment his personal liberty might be restrained, his every action misconstrued and resented by the white inhabitants of the island, the excitement and fatigue of my husband's daily life might have seemed enough for any one man to endure without the additional strain of literary work; but he found time, besides, for the study of harmony and counterpoint, and accepted every invitation he received to attend public functions or private entertainments, in accordance with his theory that social intercourse was necessary in so small a community, and that no one should hold himself aloof for any consideration other than absolute physical disability."

Edwin Milner.

MOOSUP, Conn., Feb. 19.—Edwin Milner, retired woolen merchant and one of the leaders of the Republican Party in Connecticut, died at his home here to-day. He was born in England seventy-two years ago and came here as a boy. He entered the woolen business at Montville, Conn., in 1863, and later at Old Lyme, Conn., and Plainville, R. I. He retired in 1899. Mr. Milner was Representative in the Connecticut House in 1887 and 1891, and was sent to the State Senate from the Seventeenth District in 1893. He was a delegate to many national conventions of the Republican Party. He founded a scholarship at Yale for Windham County students in 1907 by the gift of 250 shares of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad stock. Mr. Milner was a Director of the New Haven road until a month ago, when he retired.

Charles A. Druckllieb.

Charles A. Druckllieb, head of the tobacco firm of C. Druckllieb & Co. of New York and Cavalla, Turkey, died yesterday at his residence, 321 Howard Avenue, Grymes Hill, Staten Island. He was President of the New York Cigarette Machine Company and the Cado Company, manufacturers of Turkish cigarettes, and Vice President of the National Importing Company. Mr. Druckllieb was born in Germany fifty-six years ago and is survived by four sons, Karl, Paul, Henry and Herbert, and a daughter, Edna Druckllieb. He was a member of the Staten Island Chamber of Commerce, Civic League, Metropolitan Museum of Art, Richmond County Country Club, the Staten Island Club and the Railroad Club.

Dr. James J. Burns.

Dr. James J. Burns of 285 Alexander Avenue died late last night at St. Francis Hospital, the Bronx, following an operation for appendicitis. Dr. Burns was popular among members of the medical profession in the Bronx, and when it became known that the illness with which he was stricken last Wednesday would prove fatal, more than fifty physicians called at the hospital to express sympathy and to console his sister, Miss Rose Burns, with whom he lived. Dr. Burns was 33 years old and a graduate of New York University and the Bellevue Medical College. He began the practice of his profession in the Bronx, of which he was a native, in 1902. He was a member of the Bronx County Medical Society, the Knights of Columbus, the Bellevue Hospital Alumni Society, and Physicians' Mutual Aid Society.

John W. Marshall.

John W. Marshall, retired from the paper manufacturing business, died Wednesday at his home, 572 Classon Avenue, Brooklyn, after a six years' illness. He was born, in Albany, N. Y., in 1837, and served as Assistant Paymaster in the United States Navy during the civil war. After the war he became a Lieutenant in Company D, Twenty-third Regiment. Mr. Marshall was for many years with Vernon Brothers & Co., paper manufacturers, and later with the Blauvelt-Wiley Paper Manufacturing Company. He was a member of the Twenty-third Regiment Veterans' Association. Mr. Marshall left a widow, two daughters, Mrs. Joseph C. Robinson, and Winifred A. Marshall, and a son, John W. Marshall, Jr.

Mrs. Zelda Sequin Wallace.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 19.—Mrs. Zelda Seguin Wallace, at one time a well-known opera and concert singer, died at her home here to-night. She was 65 years old. Mrs. Seguin Wallace created the title rôle in "Carmen" in America and acquired fame as the gypsy Queen in "The Bohemian Girl." She was the widow of David Wallace, who was a brother of Gen. Lew Wallace and the son of former Gov. Wallace of Indiana.

Obituary Notes.

JOHN ROSENCRANTZ, for twenty-six years with the National Steamship Line, died Wednesday at his home in Hohokus, N. J. He was born on the old Rosencrantz homestead fifty-eight years ago. His wife, two brothers, and a sister survive.

RALPH SETON VANDERBILT, for more than thirty years connected with the Hockanum Association, woolen manufacturers, died yesterday at his residence, 631 West 142d Street. He was 48 years old and was active in philanthropic work. Mr. Vanderbilt is survived by his wife and four children.

WILLIAM COHN, former General Superintendent of the Germania Life Insurance Company, died yesterday at his residence, 253 Second Street, Brooklyn, after a long illness. He retired four years ago. Mr. Cohn was born in Germany eighty years ago, and left his widow and two daughters. Mr. Cohn was a member of the Freundschaft Club.

PATRICK MEANEY, a former steeplechase jockey, died at his home in Saratoga, N. Y., yesterday at the age of 61. In the seventies and eighties he rode many winning horses among them Charlemagne, in the Cedarhurst (L. I.) National Steeplechase. Since his retirement from riding twenty years ago Mr. Meaney had been a trainer. He was born in Ireland, where he received his early training from his father, who was a noted Irish rider. Besides his wife his only survivor is a brother, Michael, a former steeplechase jockey, who is dying in a Saratoga hospital.

The Rev. BROTHER VIRGIL, a teacher of literature and public speaking at Manhattan College, died yesterday of apoplexy in his sixty-seventh year. Brother Virgil, whose name was Daniel F. Kelly, was born in Baltimore in 1847. In 1860 he entered the Christian Brothers College at St. Louis, Mo., but shortly afterward came to New York to begin a career as a teacher, first in the De La Salle Institute in West Fifty-ninth Street, and for the last seventeen years in Manhattan College.

Mrs. ANNIE A. BARBER PHELPS, wife of the Rev. Isaac Newton Phelps, died Wednesday in the vicarage of St. John's Episcopal Church at Stamford, Conn.

GEORGE HANNWEBER, an employe of the American Bank Note Company, died yesterday at his residence, 9 Cedar Street Brooklyn, after a short illness.

EVANS BOYD, insurance broker, died at his home, 567 Macon Street, Brooklyn, on Wednesday, aged 67 years.

JOHN HUTTON, for many years with the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, died yesterday at his residence, 142 Kosciusko Street, Brooklyn. He was born in England seventy years ago, and is survived by six daughters and a son, Albert Hutton, of Freeport, L. I.

JOHN PAUL BLUST, representative of the Union Furniture Company, is dead at his home, 70 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, aged 53 years. He belonged to Excelsior Lodge, F. and A. M., and Amaranth Council, Royal Arcanum. His widow and a son survive.

Mrs. ELSIE M. WELD NEWTON, widow of L. H. Newton of Newport, R. I., died at the home of her son, Henry W. Newton, Lefferts Avenue, Richmond Hill, on Wednesday. She formerly lived in San Francisco.

ALFRED L. SIMONSON, 77 years of age, is dead at his home, 243 Washington Avenue, Brooklyn. He was formerly manager of the Samuel Wood estate. His wife survives him.

Miss ELIZABETH MURRAY, an actress, died in a hospital in San Antonio, Texas, on Wednesday. She was 17 years old, and had been appearing in "The Blue Bird" under the name of Bettie Cameron. Her father was the late John J. Murray, prominent in Tammany Hall. Miss Murray left two brothers, John and Robert Murray, and a sister, Mrs. Eugene O'Connell, of this city.

GEORGE PHILLIPS, for more than forty years a member of the Police Department and for sixteen years attached to Lieut. Kennel's squad in the City Hall, died at the home of his son-in-law, Henry Decker, 121 North Fourteenth Street, East Orange, late Wednesday night. He had been retired from the force for the last two years. The aged policeman was a great favorite with politicians and other frequent visitors at City Hall.

WALTER OGDEN, a real estate broker, having offices at 59 William Street, Manhattan, died yesterday in the Memorial Hospital in Morristown, N. J. He had resided for many years at 74 South Street in that city. Mr. Ogden was 42 years old.

Mrs. THERESA GOLDMAN, one of the best known women in Jewish circles in New York City, died yesterday at her home, 50 East Eighty-sixth Street, aged 74 years. She was the widow of Frank Goldman, who worked with her in her religious activities. The congregation of B'nai Jeshurun, the synagogue in East Sixth-fifth Street, was established more than forty years ago at Mrs. Goldman's house, and largely through her efforts. She was also identified with many charitable organizations. Four married daughters and three sons survive her.

Mrs. Julia Parmley Billings, widow of Frederick Billings, a prominent railroad man, who died in 1892, died Wednesday night at her home, 279 Madison Avenue, from heart disease. Mrs. Billings was born in this city in 1835. She was interested in charitable work for many years, and took an active part in the Dwight L. Moody school for boys and girls. Mrs. Billings left one son, Richard Billings, and three daughters, Mrs. Frederick S. Lee, Mrs. John French, and Miss Elizabeth Billings.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

DIXON—NORRIS.—Clifford G. Dixon to Eleanor N. Norris, at Boonton, N. J., by the Rev. Mr. Bloom, on Feb. 19, 1914.

ISELIN—BRONSON.—On Thursday, Feb. 19, 1914, by the Right Rev. Monsignor Lavelle, V. G., Adrian Iselin to Sara Gracie Bronson, daughter of the late Archibald Gracie King.

KENNEDY—MOSES.—Feb. 19, Juliet S. Moses to Edward A. Kennedy.

CASEY—WHITEHEAD.—Feb. 18, Rose M. Whitehead to J. Schuyler Casey.

VAUGHAN—LAWRENCE.—Feb. 18, Lillian Lawrence to Dick Vaughan.

Brooklyn.

ALLABACH—McNAIR.—Feb. 18, Florence E. McNair to Dr. Lazarus B. Allabach.

HAMMER—PRENDERGAST.—Feb. 18, Alice M. Prendergast to Ernest E. Hammer.

HENDRICKSON—JUHRING.—Feb. 18, Helene Juhring to Benjamin W. Hendrickson.

WUNDER—SCHOCK.—Feb. 18, Anna F. Schocke to Frederick W. Wunder.

Jersey City.

HALE—METZGER.—Feb. 18, Martha Metzger to W. Clyde Hale.

Died.

ARMSTRONG.—William H. Veterans of the Twelfth Regiment are requested to attend funeral services of William H. Armstrong at 442 West 57th St., Friday evening, 8 P. M. Col. John S. Ellison, Pres. Sergeant D. G. McKellay, Secretary.

BAGG.—On Wednesday, Feb. 18, at her late residence, Caroline Jane, beloved wife of Milton P. Bagg, in her 61st year. Funeral services at 2 P. M. Friday, Feb. 20, 978 Park Place, Brooklyn.

BANKS.—At the home of her nephew, John B. Holman, 51 Winthrop St., Brooklyn, Sarah E., daughter of the late John J. and Sarah P. Banks, in her 72d year. Westchester Co., N. Y. Funeral private.

BAUM.—On Thursday morning, Feb. 19, Sophia M., widow of Mannes Baum. Funeral from her late residence, 16 Serpentine Road, Rochelle Park, New Rochelle, on Sunday, the 22d instant, at 9 A. M. Carriage at Vanderbilt Av., Grand Central depot, to meet train due to arrive 10:40 A. M. Interment, Salem Fields Cemetery. Camden, S. C., papers please copy.

BILLINGS,—Peacefully, on Tuesday evening, Feb. 17, at her residence, 279 Madison Av., Julia Parmly, wife of the late Frederick Billings, in the 79th year of her age. Funeral services at Woodstock, Vt., on Friday morning. Boston and Chicago papers please copy.

BOARDMAN.—William H. Boardman, on Feb. 19, 1914, at Ridgefield, Conn., in his 68th year.

BULL.—On Feb. 19, Julia Helen, widow of Edward S. Bull. Funeral services at her late residence, 52 West 104th St., on Saturday, Feb. 21, at 1 o'clock.

BURGER.—At 48 Grove Place, East Orange, N. J., Thursday, Feb. 19, Elizabeth Rosewell, widow of the late Henry Sanford Burger of New York. Funeral private.

BURNS.—Dr. James J., of 289 Alexander Av. Notice of funeral hereafter. Kindly omit flowers.

CHAMBERLIN.—Julia Finch, on Thursday, in the 81st year of her age, widow of Rev. Albert Chamberlin, at her late residence, Croton Falls, N. Y. Notice of funeral hereafter.

COHN.—Passed away, in his eightieth year, after lingering illness, at his late residence, 553 2d St., Brooklyn, William Cohn, beloved husband of Hulda Cohn and father of Hannah Berendsohn and Clara Weissman. Funeral Friday, Feb. 20, at convenience of family. Kindly omit flowers.

COOKE.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Feb. 18, 1914, Henry D. Cooke, aged 58 years, of 2,469 Broadway. Funeral service at "Lyon" Funeral Parlors, 69 East 125th St., on Sunday, at 1:30 P. M.

CORCORAN.—Suddenly, at Montclair, N. J., on Thursday, Maria, beloved sister of Mrs. Catherine Kelly, at her late home, 36 Montague Place. Solemn high mass of requiem at Church of Immaculate Conception Saturday, Feb. 21, 9:30 A. M. Interment Cemetery of Immaculate Conception.

CUNNION.—On Tuesday, Feb. 17, at the rectory, 502 West 41st St., the Rev. Malick A. Cunnion, pastor of St. Raphael's Church, beloved son of the late James and Julia Byrne Cunnion and brother of the Revs. Daniel C. and A. Dudley, also of Francis P., James A., Anna C., and Mary M. Cunnion, and Dorothy A. Donovan. Solemn requiem mass on Saturday, Feb. 21, at 10:30 A. M., St. Raphael's Church, 41st St., west of 10th Av. Divine office will be sung at 9:30 A. M. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited. Interment, Calvary Cemetery.

CUNNION.—Members of the Alumni Society of Manhattan College are requested to attend the funeral of the Rev. Malick A. Cunnion, class of 1874, former President of the Alumni Society, at St. Raphael's Church, 502 West 43d St., on Saturday morning, Feb. 21, at 9:30 o'clock.

EDWARD C. McPARLAN, President.
WALTER T. MURPHY, Secretary.

DIBBLE.—On

GIANTS ENTERTAINED IN PARIS---INDOOR TENNIS---BOXING---ATHLETICS---GOLF---AUTOMOBILES

BASEBALL TOURISTS 'TAKE IN' PARIS

Kesslers Entertain Giants and White Sox—American Ambassador to be Host.

By JOHN J. McGRAW,
Manager of New York Giants.
Copyright, 1914, by John J. McGraw.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 19.—We have been kept busy since our arrival here seeing the sights and attending entertainments and luncheons which have been given in our honor. We attended the Théâtre Français last night, and this morning we were taken on a long automobile tour. It is difficult to remember all the interesting things we saw.

We visited the University of Paris, the Pont Neuf, the Panthéon, the Tomb of Napoleon, the Eiffel Tower, Place Vendôme, the Cathedral of Notre Dame, the Champs Elysée, and the Bois de Boulogne. All the members of the party were entertained at a luncheon to-day as guests of George Kessler and Mrs. Kessler of New York. A number of French people, prominent in athletic and political circles in Paris, was present. President Poincaré was unavoidably absent because of important official business arising to prevent his attendance.

Among the guests were Ambassador Myron T. Herrick, Marcel Delarney, Prefect of the Department of the Seine; Consul General Thackara, and the representatives of the American and Paris daily newspapers. During the luncheon several of the guests made short speeches. The luncheon was followed by an entertainment by professional talent.

It rained to-day, but in the event of fair weather we are sure to have a large attendance at the game Saturday, because the French are showing a great deal of interest in our visit. Mr. Comiskey is enjoying his usual health and is feeling much better since his arrival.

Ambassador Herrick at to-day's luncheon gave us a hearty greeting and extended an invitation to our party to a reception which is to be given at his residence in Rue François Premier to-morrow at 5 o'clock. In behalf of the tourists I accepted the Ambassador's invitation.

YOUNG GIANTS GO SOUTH.

McLean Was to Have Gone, Too, but He Has Tonsilitis.

The Giants started the season of 1914 with a bit of hard luck yesterday, when Larry McLean, the big catcher, was taken ill and could not start for Marlin with the baseball party. McLean has an attack of tonsilitis, and can hardly speak. He is under a physician's care, and expects to be able to start early next week.

In the party which left were three recruits, Pitcher Bill Herring of Freeport, Harrison, and Williams, the Fordham pitcher. At Philadelphia the party picked up Plez of Richmond and at Pittsburgh Pitchers Ritter and Westerwick joined them. Catcher Johnson, Schupp, and Eddie Grant will get aboard at St. Louis with Dick Kinsella and Trainer Ed Mackall. The first workout will be on Monday morning. Tim Jordan, the Toronto first baseman, went along yesterday, and will play first base for the Giants in practice until the arrival of the Toronto Club at Marlin about March 15.

YANKEES RELEASE CREE.

Outfielder's Batting Slump Causes His Shift to Baltimore.

Birdie Cree, the veteran Yankee left fielder, has been released to the Baltimore Club of the International League, where he will have a chance to perform with his old team mate, Bert Daniels, who was shipped to Jack Dunn's club last season. Cree stuck it out longer than the other veterans after the coming of Manager Frank Chance, but last season he experienced a batting slump.

Cree's wrist was broken in 1912, which probably affected his batting last season. Up to that time he was a consistent .300 hitter. With Vaughn going to Oakland, the old Yankee outfield is now a thing of the past. Chance's lineup in the outgarden next season will be Jimmy Walsh, Frank Gilhooley and Lester Channel. Cree was approached by the Federal League, but refused to jump.

Manager Jack Dunn of the Orioles went to Cree's home at Sunbury, Penn., yesterday and the outfielder signed a contract. It is stated that he will receive $4,500 a year.

Spring Plans of the Athletics.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 19.—The Schedule of the Philadelphia American League Baseball Club for the Spring training trip was announced by Manager Mack to-night. Eighteen games have been scheduled for the "regulars," including two contests with the University of Pennsylvania here on March 30 and 31. While in Florida they will play six games with the Chicago Cubs and one with the St. Louis Nationals. On the way home they will play at Savannah, Charleston, Wilmington, N. C.; Raleigh, Richmond, and Baltimore. Twenty-nine games have been arranged for the "Yannigans," who expect to leave for Jacksonville, the training grounds, next Tuesday, and be away from this city for nearly seven weeks. The "regulars" will arrive at Jacksonville about March 8.

Speaker Won't Sign Contract Now.

BOSTON, Feb. 19.—Efforts of Manager Callahan of the Chicago Americans to have Tris Speaker sign a contract with the Boston Americans for next season have been unsuccessful, according to a cablegram received from Paris to-day by President Lannin of the Red Sox. Callahan was specially empowered by the Boston team to sign Speaker to forestall advances by the Federal League agent, but Speaker told him, the cablegram said, that he would not sign with Boston or with the Federals until after his return to this country from the world tour.

White Sox Off for Training Camp.

CHICAGO, Feb. 19.—The vanguard of the White Sox Ball Club left to-night for their training grounds at Paso Robles, Cal. The special train carried fifty persons, among whom were twenty-three ball players.

There Is Only One "Bromo Quinine"
That Is
Laxative Bromo Quinine
USED THE WORLD OVER TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Always remember the full name. Look for this signature on every box. 25c. E. W. Grove

MURPHY MAY BE PUT OUT.

National League to Decide Cub President's Fate To-morrow.

The National League has a big task on its hands to-morrow, for it plans to either curb or drop Charles W. Murphy of Chicago as gracefully as possible or sever its harmonious relations with the American League. President Tener has called the meeting primarily to handle Murphy, who probably will be requested to sell out.

Secretary John A. Heydler of the National League and President Ebbets of Brooklyn will leave for Cincinnati to-day. Every club owner has promised to be there. President Hempstead of the Giants will go from Indianapolis. With dissension in the National League, the stock of the Federal League has taken a boost. It is believed by baseball men that if Murphy was eliminated from the game, peaceful relations would be resumed and the Federal League would not be able to live against the opposition of the major organizations when they are running smoothly.

American League club owners look upon the National League, or certain members of it, as being responsible for the Federal uprising. Starting with the Tinker case in Cincinnati, when he was deposed by the Cincinnati Directors because of a wordy spat with one of the members of the board, trouble has been brewing in the league.

The Brooklyn Club's failure to land Tinker when it could have signed him, followed by the Evers affair, has aroused feeling against the National League. No one realizes this more than President Tener, and it will be his effort to get rid of the disturbing element.

Many experienced baseball men do not hesitate to predict that if the present discord continues in the National League, the ultimate result will be a truce with the Federal League and the formation of a new league. This could be brought about with the co-operation of the American League and the National Association, which governs all the minor leagues.

With perfect harmony between the majors and the covering up of open territory, there would be no occasion for any other leagues, but constant internal strife is sure to create a demand for new conditions. Ordinarily affairs like the Tinker and Evers cases would have been handled without attracting much outside attention, but with the major leagues trying to thwart the formation of a dangerous enemy in the Federals, they became of vital importance to everybody concerned in organized baseball.

The National League in its troubles in the past has always lacked a one-man leadership. All the club owners have taken a hand in its affairs, and its policies have been ineffective. That baseball men look for this at the Cincinnati conference to-morrow is to see Gov. Tener "take the bit in his teeth" and suppress the trouble-making element in his league.

The league will be willing to pay Murphy well for his stock in the Chicago Club, and also satisfy him in the matter of the Evers transfer to Boston. The Chicago Club is very valuable, but the other club owners view with alarm the manner in which it has been deteriorating during the last few seasons. Last season every club in the league was affected by the decrease in popularity of the Cubs in Chicago.

WHY SEATON DESERTED.

Would Have Had to Win 60 Per Cent. of Games to Earn a Bonus.

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—Retention by the National League of the bonus contract system was partly responsible for the Federal League's success yesterday in signing Tom Seaton of the Philadelphia National League's team's pitching staff to play with the Brooklyn Federal League club, according to Joe Tinker, manager of the Chicago Federals.

The Philadelphia contract sent here for his signature would make it necessary for him to win 60 per cent. of his games this year and to take part in at least thirty-five games in order to earn his salary stipulated, Seaton is said to have told Tinker.

Seaton, according to Tinker, said he would rather accept a straight Federal League contract than speculate on his own luck and the strength of this year's Philadelphia team.

COLUMBIA BASEBALL CALL.

Only Ten Men Accept Invitation for Pitchers and Catchers.

Columbia's new baseball coaches, Billy Lush and Andy Coakley, were on hand yesterday to look over the material which reported on the first call for the squad of pitchers and catchers. Ten candidates reported and were put through a light workout in the cage. The coaches were disappointed at the small number who reported.

The pitchers who responded were George Smith, '15; James O'Neale, '14, the first and second string men of last year's 'Varsity; R. D. Beck, '16; O. Culman, '17, and J. A. Dornes, '17. Culman and Dornes were both members of the freshman team in the interclass series last Fall, but Beck has never played at Columbia.

Ruford Franklin, "Eddie" Shea, and George Oberrender, all on last year's freshman team, were the most promising candidates for catcher. Franklin was the regular catcher of the 1916 team, Shea being also a pitcher, and Oberrender a pitcher and outfielder. All are experienced backstops, however, L. B. Lane, '15, who has caught on his class team in interclass games, and Norman Oleary, '14, who was a shortstop on his freshman team, also practiced. Culman, although primarily a pitching candidate, has had experience behind the plate and practiced catching for a short time. Daily workouts will be the order for the battery men, and the candidates for other positions will be called out next Tuesday.

To Organize Amateur League.

CHICAGO, Feb. 19.—At least eighteen cities will be represented at a meeting here to-morrow for the purpose of organizing the National Amateur Baseball Association of the United States. The meeting will be in response to a call issued by the Chicago Amateur Baseball League, and it is planned to organize the amateur associations of the country into a body similar to those of the major leagues.

Red Sox Release Snell to Toronto.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 19.—Walter Snell, formerly catcher of the Brown University nine, was released to the Toronto team of the International League by the Boston Americans to-day. The Red Sox retain the right to reclaim him. "Tom" McCarthy, former outfielder for the St. Louis Browns and Boston Nationals, was signed by the latter to-day as a scout.

Edison Nine to Dine Player Judge.

Joseph Judge, a local player, who has joined the Boston Red Sox, will be tendered a dinner to-morrow night by the members of the Edison Baseball Club, of which Judge has been a member for the past two seasons. He will join the Boston team at Hot Springs on March 6. Judge is a first baseman.

Boston Signs Pitcher Johnson.

BOSTON, Feb. 19.—A. Rankin Johnson, pitcher on the Syracuse team of the New York State League, signed with the Boston American League Club to-day. Johnson's record last season was 20 games won and 7 lost. He began professional ball playing in Texas in 1908.

TENNIS TOURNEY NEARING THE END

Touchard and Dr. Rosenbaum to Play for Singles Indoor Championship.

Maintaining the brilliant form he has shown during the past week, Gustave F. Touchard, the title holder, yesterday qualified for the final round of the indoor tennis tournament at the Seventh Regiment Armory, Sixty-sixth Street and Park Avenue. The champion graduated from the semi-final round through a straight-set victory over B. M. Phillips by the score of 7—5, 6—3. In the lower brackets Dr. William Rosenbaum scored an unexpected victory over Arthur M. Lovibond, the Seventh Regiment champion, after a hard contest, 3—6, 6—2, 6—3.

Touchard was expected to win from Phillips, although the latter had played sterling tennis in the early stages of the competition, but the contest between Dr. Rosenbaum and Lovibond was enveloped with uncertainty. Dr. Rosenbaum had triumphed over C. M. Ammerman, Gustave G. Grenz, A. C. Postley, George Aranyi, and James S. Cushman, while the Seventh Regiment champion defeated successively Harry Parker, J. G. K. Lawrence, G. A. L. Dionne, and Arthur S. Cragin. The match, which attracted a big gallery, was an interesting one.

From the start to the finish of the match the two players alternated in the lead. Dr. Rosenbaum played a plucky uphill game and won, after losing the first set, which was an easy one for Lovibond. The latter played a long court game and kept his opponent busy during the first set. Dr. Rosenbaum lost the first two points before he began to make any headway. He then played closer to the net, and successfully met Lovibond's attack. The military champion kept up his clever court work and held his opponent down to 3 points.

Dr. Rosenbaum changed his style of play in the second set and early assumed a commanding lead, while Lovibond fell off in his execution and drove a number of balls into the net. His attempts to rally were met with increased speed on the part of Dr. Rosenbaum, and for a time there was a lively exchange of shots. The pace told in the end, and Dr. Rosenbaum evened up the sets with a 6 to 2 score.

The third and deciding set brought out some fast tennis, but Lovibond appeared to tire. Both players showed good length and passed each other with well-directed shots. It was not until the fifth game that Dr. Rosenbaum obtained a good lead, but once in front he did not relinquish his commanding position, winning 6—3.

Touchard found Phillips a hard proposition in the first set, but once he established a good lead his position was never threatened. Phillips made a desperate effort to win the first set and succeeded in carrying the score to 5-all, when deuce was called. Touchard won his game and followed with a love serving down of his opponent's serve, which gave him the first set, 7—5. The second set did not seem to worry the champion, as Phillips lacked much of his aggressiveness and appeared to recognize his opponent's superiority. Touchard and Dr. Rosenbaum will compete in the final round.

Only one match was played in the doubles, in which Touchard and William B. Cragin, Jr., outplayed B. M. Phillips and J. M. Steinacher. Two hard matches in one afternoon proved too much for Phillips, and he slowed up from the gruelling effects of the contests. In the first set Phillips and his partner put up a stubborn defense and for a time held their own with their more experienced opponents, but the latter pair gradually assumed the mastery. Touchard and Cragin played a splendid combination game, while Phillips and Steinacher frequently invaded each other's territory.

Two matches in the final round will be played to-day, which will bring the doubles and singles to the final round. In the upper half of the draw George S. Groesbeck and J. C. McKay will oppose Touchard and Cragin, while in the lower brackets Wylie C. Grant and G. C. Shafer and Frederick B. Alexander and Theodore R. Pell will be the contenders. The summary.

Men's Singles Indoor Championship.—Semi-Final Round—Gustave F. Touchard defeated B. M. Phillips, 7—5, 6—3; Dr. William Rosenbaum defeated Arthur M. Lovibond, 3—6, 6—2, 6—3.

Men's Doubles Indoor Championship.—Fourth Round—Gustave F. Touchard and William B. Cragin, Jr., defeated B. M. Phillips and J. M. Steinacher, 6—4, 6—3.

Men's Singles Consolation.—Fourth Round—King Smith defeated George S. Groesbeck, 6—2, 6—2; H. W. Robinson defeated H. S. Mellick by default.

WATERBURY DEFEATS PIKE.

Champion at Racquets Advances in National Tournament.

BOSTON, Feb. 19.—C. G. Osborne and H. F. McCormick, both of Chicago, won their matches to-day in the national amateur racquet championship competition. Osborne, by the scores of 12—15, 15—8, 15—10, 15—7, defeated C. C. Pell of New York, by whom he was beaten in the golf racquet contest at Tuxedo recently. McCormick won from N. W. Cabot of Boston, 15—10, 14—17, 15—4, 15—10.

Lawrence Waterbury of New York, national champion, defeated C. C. Pike of Chicago, 15—5, 15—8, 15—12. E. N. Byers, Pittsburgh, defaulted to C. Hutchins, Boston.

Squash Tennis Match Postponed.

The final round in the invitation squash tennis tournament at the Squash Club, which was scheduled to be played yesterday between Dr. Alfred Stillman, 2d, the national title holder, and George Whitney, the former champion, has been indefinitely postponed owing to the latter contracting a slight attack of diphtheria.

STAHL TALKS WITH FEDS.

Will Manage Brooklyn Outlaws if His Terms Are Accepted.

CHICAGO, Feb. 19.—According to an announcement to-day by James A. Gilmore, President of the new league, Artie Hofman, one time Chicago National League player, and Jimmie Block, former Chicago American League catcher, were signed to-day.

Conferences which indicated that Jake Stahl, former Boston American Club manager, might undertake the leadership of the Brooklyn Federals, had not ended in an agreement to-night. Robert B. Ward, President of the Brooklyn Club, Stahl and Gilmore spent the evening together. Afterward Stahl said he had gone so far as to make a proposal which had not yet been accepted.

Stahl said that he would take the management of the Brooklyn Club if his terms were met by Gilmore and Ward.

Shibe and Mack Assist Waddell.

Manager Connie Mack and President Ben Shibe of the Athletics have volunteered to take care of Rube Waddell, the former pitcher, who is critically ill with tuberculosis at San Antonio. A movement was started by Philadelphia fans to raise a fund for the old Athletic star, and since the Athletic officials heard of it they contributed all the financial assistance necessary for Waddell. They have given orders that he be given the best medical attention and hope to see Rube again regain his health.

Stovall After More Big Leaguers.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 19.—George Stovall, manager of the Kansas City Federal Baseball Club, arrived to-day from his home in Los Angeles, where he has been spending the Winter.

"I have put in two months' hard work signing players for the Federal League," he said. "Twenty men have affixed their names to Kansas City contracts."

Stovall said he expected to add two more big league players to his squad March 4, on which date he will take his men to Wichita Falls, Texas, for Spring training.

DIFFERS WITH COURTNEY.

Nickalls, Penn's Crew Coach, Defends 4-Mile Race at Poughkeepsie.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Feb. 19.—Vivian Nickalls, coach of the University of Pennsylvania oarsmen, to-day discussed the proposal by Coach Courtney of Cornell that the course of the 'Varsity race at Poughkeepsie this year be shortened from four to two miles. Nickalls is unqualifiedly opposed to such action, and will combat vigorously any effort to carry it out. He said:

"The four-mile race at Poughkeepsie is one of the best tests, if not the best, of brawn and courage we have in intercollegiate sports. A 'Varsity boat in the annual race on the Hudson is no place for a weakling, and one never is found there. The type of athlete who participates in that race is ideal. He is well able to stand the grind.

"On the other hand, apropos of the two-mile suggestion made by Mr. Courtney, I would say that the race at that distance would be just as injurious, and probably more injurious, to the athletes than a contest at the distance rowed last year and in previous regattas.

"At two miles the race would be a continuous spurt, and instead of rowing in the early stages with the easy sweep that marks the contests now, the men would 'hit her up' from the start. Such a stroke would do far more harm to the athletes than the variety of strokes to the minute now used."

The sentiment on the Pennsylvania campus is that Cornell feels that the Ithaca crew would be more likely to win at two miles, and the undergraduates point to Cornell's defeat by Syracuse last year to substantiate their opinion.

ATHLETES RACE IN SNOW.

Harvard Holds Midwinter Track and Field Games in a Storm.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 19.—Harvard's track and field athletes were not afraid of a heavy snowstorm this afternoon and came out on the Soldiers' Field board running track for their annual midwinter games. The competitions were close, although the track was slippery and the footing bad. Interest centred in the championship relay race between the teams representing the juniors and freshmen, respective winners over the seniors and sophomores in the trials. Ten men ran for each team, and the juniors at the end of the 2,600 yards won by less than a yard, the freshmen had the race in hand for half the distance, Feeney then being overhauled by Rock. In the final relay Capper of the 'Varsity team was almost overtaken by Teschner, a freshman, who was Exeter's star sprinter last year. The 1915 time was 3 minutes 44 seconds.

The 910-yard race also was exciting, and was won by R. D. Campbell, a freshman, in 2 minutes 11 seconds. Capt. Bob Storer of last year's football team won the shot-put with a put of 39 feet 7 inches. In the broad jump, M. L. Greety did 20 feet 3¼ inches, and in the high jump B. Randall did 5 feet 8 inches, but was beaten by E. C. Danforth, who cleared 5 feet 6⅝ inches and had a three-inch handicap.

The 40-yard dash was won by R. W. Stanley in 4 3-5 seconds, and the 45-yard hurdle race was taken by E. C. Freeman in 6 2-5 seconds.

To-day the Harvard Corporation granted the request of the New England Intercollegiate Athletic Association to be allowed to hold their annual championship games in the Stadium May 22 and 23. Harvard is a member of the association, and special action is necessary when otusiders desire to use Soldiers' Field.

SWIMMERS PUNISHED.

A. A. U. Suspends New York Athletes for Six Months.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 19.—Notification was sent to-night to James E. Sullivan, Chairman of the National Registration Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union, New York, of the suspension for six months of ten members of the New York Athletic Club swimming team. The team competed against the Midshipmen at Annapolis last Saturday.

The Registration Committee of the South Atlantic Association made the decision. This committee reported they believed that competition against teams of the United States Academies is not against the spirit of the rules, but there is no alternative to suspension "as long as the National Registration Committee enforces the letter of the rules."

The men whose suspension took effect Feb. 14 are: Arthur McAleeman, Jr., H. T. Nerich, H. E. Vollmer, Bud Goodwin, George South, T. F. McCarty, R. W. Bennett, Walter Ramme, J. C. Wheatley, and J. H. Riley.

Harvard Wants Intercollegiates.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 19.—Manager Charles G. Squibb of the Harvard track team announced to-day that every effort would be made to bring the intercollegiate meet to the Stadium on May 29 and 30. He said he would go before the annual meeting of the Intercollegiate Association of Amateur Athletes of America in New York on Feb. 28 and present Harvard's claim. The University of Pennsylvania and Syracuse University have already sought the privilege of staging the meeting this year, but Harvard officials say they have received requests from several colleges that the Stadium be offered again, for that purpose.

Operation on Harvard Hurdler.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 19.—It was announced to-day that A. L. Jackson, the Harvard hurdler, had passed successfully through an operation yesterday for the removal of a piece of splintered bone from the muscles of his leg. It is expected that he will be able to participate in the Spring track meets.

Fast Hockey Expected To-night.

Much interest is being taken by hockey fans in the game between the St. Nicholas and Irish-American teams to-night at the St. Nicholas Rink, for a victory for the latter will create a three-cornered tie between the Hockey Club, Crescents, and St. Nick teams and bring the Irish-American up to within striking distance of the leaders. The Winged Fistites are a heavy scoring aggregation and lead all their rivals in goals scored this season.

Steel Mast for Cochran Yacht.

BOSTON, Feb. 19.—Work has been started on a steel mast for the yacht being built by the George Lawley & Son Corporation for A. S. Cochran as a candidate for the defense of the America's Cup. The mast, which will be approximately 110 feet long, will be stepped immediately after the sloop is launched, and it is expected that the first trials will be made with this. Another mast of hollow wooden construction is to be built and will replace the steel mast in case that should prove unsatisfactory. Cold weather has delayed the setting up of the yacht, and the work is a week behind the schedule mapped out before construction was begun.

Fordham Prep Baseball Dates.

The Fordham Prep baseball schedule, announced yesterday by Manager Reilly, contains nineteen games. Luke Healy, '12, former Fordham "Varsity third baseman and now instructor in the classics in the Prep, will coach the team. The Prep nine will be captained this Spring by Ray Hays, the little outfielder whose batting was a feature last year. Coach Healy will have to form a new nine, as most of last year's team has graduated. The schedule:

March 28—Yonkers H. S., at Fordham. April 1—Concordia College, at Bronxville, N. Y.; 8—Mount Vernon H. S., at Fordham; 11—Flushing H. S., at Fordham, 18—Brooklyn Prep, at Fordham; 22—Morris H. S., at Fordham; 25—Xavier H. S., at Fordham; 25—Mamaroneck H. S., at Fordham; 28—Cathedral College, at Fordham; 29—Stamford H. S., at Stamford, Conn. May 2—Dickinson H. S., at Fordham; 6—Manhattan Prep, at Fordham; 9—Morristown Academy, at Morristown, N. J.; 13—Peekskill Military Academy, at Peekskill, N. Y.; 16—New York Military Academy, at Cornwall-on-Hudson, N. Y.; 20—Peddie Institute, at Heightstown, N. J.; 23—Carlton Academy, at Summit, N. J.; 27—St. Francis Prep, at Fordham.

Jim Delehanty Joins Federals.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Feb. 19.—Jim Delahanty, former Detroit second baseman and last season with the Minneapolis American Association team, said here to-night that he has signed with the Federal League. He expects to play with the Buffalo team. Delahanty lives here. He was given his unconditional release at the close of last season and is a free agent.

Grover Land for the Outlaws.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 19.—Grover Land, a catcher last season with the Cleveland Americans and later with Toledo of the American Association, to-day said he had signed with the Indianapolis Club of the Federal League. He said his contract was for two years.

NEW YORK CLUBMEN SEE FAST BOXING

J. Carroll Vanquished Two Rivals in Amateur Tournament.

Some interesting boxing was witnessed last night by a large crowd of club members and their guests in the gymnasium of the New York Athletic Club, when the preliminary bouts of an open boxing tournament were contested. Thirteen bouts comprised the programme, and a slim youngster, J. Carroll of the Ozanam Association, became the most popular of all the contestants. Carroll won two bouts and qualified for the finals which will be contested to-morrow evening.

The reason for Carroll's popularity was the way in which he worked under difficulties. He lacked the ability to land a stinging blow, and against the more rugged youngsters of his class more than made up the deficiency by the way in which he handled himself. His cleverness was little short of marvellous, and it was only by sheer gameness that he survived the closing bout, in which he gained the honors over J. Rapaski after three hard rounds.

The 125-pound class as a whole produced the best sport, as all three of the preliminaries of the division furnished good boxing. In the first event, after being on the losing end in the first round, J. Riordan, unattached, made A. Jacques, East Side House, quit in the third round. Riordan's nose began to bleed in the second round, but he stuck to his task, and after effectively getting to Jacques's stomach with hard hooks, the latter asserted he was seized with cramps. The summaries:

108-Pound Class, Preliminaries.—First Bout—M. Herbert, West Harlem A. C., defeated H. Magget, unattached. Three rounds; bout stopped. Second Bout—M. Stamulis, Greek-American A. C., defeated F. Smith, unattached. Four rounds; referee's decision. Third Bout—A. Conifry, New Polo A. A., defeated E. Dooley. Three rounds; referee's decision. Fourth Bout—J. Carroll, Ozanam Association, defeated J. Galluzzo, New West Side A. C. Three rounds; judges' decision. Fifth Bout—L. Diamond, Pastime A. C., defeated J. Donlan. One round; referee's decision; bout stopped.

108-Pound Class.—Second Round—First bout: C. Collins, Young Men's Hebrew Association, defeated W. Herbert, West Harlem A. C., three rounds; referee's decision; bout stopped. Second bout—L. Diamond, Pastime A. C., defeated W. Aste, Christ Church House, three rounds; judges' decision. Third bout: J. Carroll, Ozanam Association, defeated J. Rapaski, Antler A. C., three rounds; judges' decision.

115-Pound Class, Preliminaries.—F. B. Bellner, Trinity Club, defeated M. Schroedner, Union Settlement A. C. Three rounds, judges' decision. Second Bout—F. Yackman, Christ Church House, defeated A. Parner, unattached. Three rounds, judges' decision. Third Bout—G. Maas, Glencoe A. C., defeated H. Gerber, Trinity Club. Three rounds, judges' decision. Fourth Bout—V. Allen, Mott Haven A. C., defeated E. Cutsinides, Greek-American A. C. Three rounds, judges' decision.

125-Pound Class, Preliminaries.—First Bout—J. Riordan, unattached, defeated A. Jacques, East Side House. Two Rounds, referee's decision. Jacques quit. Second Bout—J. Sheridan, Trinity Club, defeated C. Fitzsimmons, Irish-American A. C. Three rounds, referee's decision. Bout stopped. Third Bout—T. Touhey, Entre Nous Lyceum, defeated C. Waldstein. One round, referee's decision. Bout stopped.

COFFEY KNOCKS OUT ROSS.

Dublin Giant Disposes of Pennsylvanian Heavyweight in Six Rounds.

Jim Coffey, the Dublin giant, scored winning brackets last night in the main attraction at the Empire A. C. when he administered a knockout punch to Tony Ross of Newcastle, Penn. The end for the man from the Keystone State came in the sixth round, a short right-hand swing sending the Italian to the floor with a resounding smash. He made but one effort to get up, but was counted out. Coffey had done practically all the work up to that time, and his opponent received a severe beating.

In the semi-final Phil Cross and Johnny Harvey mixed matters for the limit of ten rounds. The latter got in the more effective blows, but Cross was always willing, and while he was on the verge of being put away several times he managed to make a good draw of the "go."

Johnny Schumacher beat One-Round Hogan in their ten-round preliminary, in which the winner took the place of Sammy Robideau. Hogan failed to come next with his mulch-boosted swing and right-hand punch and failed to live the pace set by his opponent.

Croll's Gardens Being Torn Down.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 19.—The old pavilion in Croll's Gardens, Alameda, Cal., across the bay from here, probably the world's best-known training place for famous pugilists, is being torn down to make way for modern business structures. Champions trained at Croll's as far back as 1880. Tommy Warren and Mike Conley, the Ithaca Giant, were among the first to condition themselves for fighting there. Bob Fitzsimmons, James J. Corbett, Jack Dempsey, Terry McGovern, and the trio of star negro boxers, Joe Gans, Joe Walcott, and George Dixon, also worked out there for important contests.

Bouts at City Athletic Club.

Professional boxers and wrestlers gave several exhibition bouts at the City Athletic Club last night. There were two knockouts, Buddy Ryan putting Bull Cassidy out in two rounds, and Willie Howard stopping Jack Young with a knockout in the third round. Fred Haas and George Fox boxed a six-round draw. In the main wrestling match George Bothner threw "Bull" Mantana in twenty minutes, but failed to win the handicap match by throwing him twice in thirty minutes. There were several other bouts.

Leach Cross to Box Dundee.

It was announced last night by the McMahon brothers, managers of the Empire A. C., that they had signed Leach Cross and Johnny Dundee for a ten-round bout at their club on March 5. This will be Cross's first bout after he returns from the Pacific Coast.

Veteran Artillery Corps Rifles Win.

The Veteran Corps of Artillery rifle team defeated the officers of the Twelfth Regiment at the Twelfth Regiment Armory range last night by a score of 406 to 322. The match was at 25 and 50 yards. Corp. Montgomery of the Artillery had the high score of 84. The scores follow:

Artillery Corps—Sergt. Delafield, 41, 38—79; Corp. Montgomery, 43, 41—84; Corp. McGuire, 42, 41—83; Lieut. Eagle, 38, 41—79; Sergt. Luquer, 43, 38—81. Total—406.

Twelfth Regiment—Capt. James, 42, 35—77; Major Downs, 41, 25—66; Lieut. Cammack, 31, 24—55; Lieut. Col. Porter, 36, 34—70; Capt. Ashmore, 33, 21—54. Total—322.

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GIBSON OUT OF GARDEN?

Promoter Dissatisfied with Conditions in Big Boxing Club.

The latest development in the widely-discussed ten-round bout between Packey McFarland and Mike Gibbons was a well-circulated rumor yesterday that Billy Gibson had severed his connection with boxing in Madison Square Garden. Gibson would neither affirm nor deny the rumor.

For some time Gibson has been dissatisfied with conditions at the Garden, and the friction, which has been growing came to a head last week over the matching of McFarland and Gibbons, who were originally scheduled to box at the Garden on March 9.

Manager Gibson worked for several weeks trying to bring McFarland and Gibbons together in a ten-round bout at the Garden, but the weight question and family matters of McFarland's interfered with the match. William H. Weiman, manager of Madison Square Garden, early in the week signed Gibbons without consulting Gibson, and then went to Chicago to have a talk with McFarland.

When Gibson heard of the arrangements he declared the match off, and expressed himself as being disgusted with the way business was conducted at the Garden.

In spite of the fact that Gibson has promoted nearly all the big boxing bouts of the past two years at the Garden, it is stated that the Garden A. C. did not earn any money during the past year. This was largely due to the big sums demanded by the pugilists and the unusual expenses in connection with the staging of the shows.

Although he has done perhaps more than any other man in New York to raise the standard of the sport, Manager Gibson was handicapped from his first connection with the club. Owing to the attractions booked at the Garden, the club was compelled to accept almost any date offered by the management. This frequently interfered with the plans and boxing engagements of the principals and necessitated the payment of more than the usual sum for their services.

DUNDEE WHIPS SHUGRUE.

Italian Boy of New York Concedes Much Weight and Wins.

Special to The New York Times.

WATERBURY, Conn., Feb. 19.—In a bout marked by a stirring finish with the two boys standing at close range and exchanging punches in rapid fire order, Johnny Dundee of New York outpointed Joe Shugrue, formerly of Jersey City and now of Waterbury, in a fast twelve-round bout before the Waterbury Independent A. C. here to-night. Dundee conceded 10½ pounds to his opponent, the ringside weight being 123½ pounds for Dundee and 134 pounds for Shugrue. The contest lacked many of the sensational features of the recent ten-round bout between the same boxers in New York.

The early rounds were in Dundee's favor, the Italian boxer jumping in and out with a speed that had Shugrue bewildered. In the last two rounds the pair cut loose with some of the toe to toe slugging, such as they recently furnished in New York. Dundee had the better of six rounds on points. Shugrue had the four others given. The margin of victory belonged to Dundee for his superior work at long range, his continual jabbing resulting in Shugrue being cut near each eye and his face being considerably bruised. In the infighting Shugrue exceeded Dundee, but the margin in this respect was not sufficient to offset Dundee's cleaner hitting at long range.

In the ten-round semi-final Buddy Faulks of Newark outpointed Joe Mooney of New York.

COLUMBIA FIVE CRIPPLED.

Basket Ball Team in Poor Shape to Win Championship.

The Columbia basket ball team, crippled but still full of hope and fight, returned from Ithaca yesterday morning after sustaining its first defeat of the season at the hands of the Cornell team on Wednesday night. Neither Harry Fisher, the coach, nor any of the members of the team had anything to say about the game except that they were beaten and would have to win every remaining game in order to keep in the running for the intercollegiate title, because they fear that Cornell will win its remaining five games without much difficulty.

This will put Columbia and Cornell in a tie at the end of the season with nine victories and one defeat each, and it will then be necessary to play off for the championship. In the event of such a series being necessary the Columbia men said yesterday that they would give Cornell a taste of their own medicine.

Dan Meenan, Captain of the Columbia five, suffered some hard blows on his injured shoulder, and will probably not be fit for a hard game for some time to come. Wegener, a freshman centre, sprained his ankle and will be on the hospital list for a day or two, as will Reynolds, who sustained further injuries to his weakened ankle. Benson, Lee, and Dwyer are the only men who came through the test without injury. A surprising feature of this contest was that although it was the roughest that has been played in the Intercollegiate League this season, less than fifteen fouls were called.

Winners with the Cue.

Charles B. Conway failed last night to overcome a twenty-five point handicap, and was defeated by Dr. H. D. Jennings in the amateur handicap 18.2 balkline billiard tournament at Keeney's Billiard Academy, in Brooklyn, by the score of 225 to 192. Jennings maintained the lead throughout and completed his string of forty-two innings.

George Avery defeated Felix Olando in the final game of the amateur 18.2 balkline billiard tournament at Doyle's Billiard Academy last night by the score of 125 to 95.

Four in 18.2 Balk Line Tourney.

CHICAGO, Feb. 19.—Plans for a billiard tournament for the 18.2 balk line championship to be held here in March were announced here to-day. Champion Willie Hoppe, George Sutton, George Slosson, and Kaji Yamada have entered. They will play 600 points.

Yale Wrestlers at Columbia.

Columbia's wrestling team will be opponents of the Yale grapplers to-night on the mat in the Morningside Heights gymnasium. It will be the third meet of the year for the Blue and White wrestler and the first for Yale. Columbia has been beaten by Lehigh and Pennsylvania, but the results in both meets were close.

TRAFFIC EXPERTS TO AID ALDERMEN

Advisory Board of Eight Asked to Assist Investigation of Committee on Thoroughfares.

Eight men well versed in traffic conditions in this city have been asked by the Committee on Public Thoroughfares of the Board of Aldermen, of which Alderman Daniel M. Bedell is Chairman, to serve as an advisory board to that committee in the work of investigating traffic conditions here, which it is about to undertake. The plan of action is to have this advisory board conduct a thorough investigation into congestion, safety, and the proper use of the streets, with an eye to betterment for both vehicular—motor and horse-drawn—and pedestrian traffic.

Those who have been asked to serve on this board are James A. Blair, Jr., Robert Grier Cooke, President of the Fifth Avenue Association; John C. Eames, E. P. Goodrich, engineer of the Borough of Manhattan; J. K. Orr of the Team Owners' Association, Alexander R. Piper, G. E. Pride of the Motor Truck Club, and Samuel W. Taylor, Chairman of the Uniform Motor Vehicle Legislation Commission. In addition, a Deputy Police Commissioner or the Inspector of Police in charge of traffic will also be asked to serve. Of those invited, five are members of the Citizens' Street Traffic Committee of Greater New York, a body which was formed about a month ago to investigate independently various aspects of the traffic problem. These are Messrs. Cooke, Goodrich, Orr, Pride, and Taylor. The selection of so many members of this committee to act in an advisory capacity to the Aldermanic committee is taken to mean that the two bodies will work in complete harmony. Under the present plan, the suggestions of the advisory committee will be used by Alderman Bedell's committee in the framing of any new traffic ord

WAGNER'S RING CYCLE IS ENDED

A Fine Performance of "Gotterdaemmerung" Given at Metropolitan Opera House.

MR. BERGER AS SIEGFRIED

His Impersonation Intelligent and Manly — Mme. Fremstad Sings Brunnhilde with Dramatic Power.

Siegfried..... Rudolf Berger
Gunther..... Hermann Weil
Hagen..... Carl Braun
Alberich..... Otto Goritz
Brunnhilde..... Olive Fremstad
Gutrune..... Rita Fornia
Waltraute..... Margarete Ober
Woglinde..... Lenora Sparkes
Wellgunde..... Bella Alten
Flosshilde..... Margarete Ober
Conductor, Alfred Hertz.

The cycle of Wagner's Trilogy, "Der Ring des Nibelungen" was brought to a close at the Metropolitan Opera House with a performance of "Götterdämmerung" yesterday afternoon. The public interest in the cycle was maintained to the end by the fine representation of the culminating drama of the tragedy. It was the first performance "Götterdämmerung" has had this season, and was consequently the first showing of the new scenery provided for this member of the Trilogy. This scenery is fitting, in most of the scenes handsome; but it does not embody any very high flights of imagination in scenic art, and is on the whole no improvement on the scenery last used in these representations at the Opera House. The interior of the Hall of the Gibichungs is effective in the familiar manner; but the exterior in the second act is quite insignificant, and the clearly defined false gable added to the insignificance. The wild valley in the third act is pretty. The lighting effects all through the performance are very well managed.

Mr. Berger as the new Siegfried naturally attracted attention, and deserved commendation. His personal appearance is again much in his favor in this part. It is a considerable time since a tall Siegfried has trod the stage of the Metropolitan Opera House. Mr. Berger's impersonation is intelligent, vigorous, and manly; it is not deeply imbued with imagination or couched with illuminating detail. He sang yesterday with a good deal of power; but his voice, as has before been noted, is not one of the most beautiful organs, nor is his vocal style one that makes it count for all it should. It was clear that Mr. Berger made a favorable impression.

Mme. Ober was another new figure in the cast, appearing both as Waltraute and as Flosshilde. Her Waltraute was a beautiful achievement; one that distinctly added to the very high esteem which Mme. Ober has gained for herself. Its beauty consisted in her singing and in her action, and in the fusion of these two in a consistent dramatic expression. The passage of long sustained song in Waltraute's account of Walhalla was delivered with admirable vocalization.

Mme. Fremstad's Brünnhilde has become one of her most notable impersonations; a profoundly beautiful and moving embodiment of Wagner's heroine, composed with consummate skill, enacted with tragic power and searching pathos, touched with the imagination of genius and full of illuminating detail. Mme. Fremstad was not, it must be said, in the full plenitude of her voice; and she had trouble with some of her highest tones. But on the whole her singing of the rôle was of great dramatic power.

Mr. Braun's Hagen is one of the most remarkable things he does, and is one of the most remarkable Hagens seen here. It is a very consistently drawn portrait, and as clear, in execution as it is in conception, of sinister power and baleful suggestion. And Mr. Braun's superb singing is one of its most notable features.

There was unusual excellence in Mr. Weil's Gunther and Mme. Fornia's Gutrune. Of Mr. Hertz's conducting much good is to be said, and he presented the score in a strongly dramatic light, and there were notable passages of profound impressiveness.

There was much applause from the large audience, evidently deeply moved by the performance. Mr. Berger deserved some of it, and took it; the audience made it perfectly evident after the second act that he was also taking a good deal that belonged to Mme. Fremstad.

THE BOSTON ORCHESTRA.

Thrilling Performance of Brahms's Fourth Symphony.

Brahms's fourth symphony filled the chief place in the programme of the Boston Symphony Orchestra's fourth evening concert, which took place last evening in Carnegie Hall. It loomed all the larger, indeed, from the fact that Dr. Muck made the rest of the programme out of pieces of insignificant content. There were Ravel's suite, called "Ma Mére l'Oye," and the overture to Cornelius's comic opera, "The Barber of Bagdad," familiar to the older generation, who had heard the opera at the Metropolitan Opera House in the days of the German company, but not much played as an item in orchestral programmes. There was also a solo singer, Mme. Elisabeth van Endert, who was heard in songs with piano accompaniment arranged for orchestra: Wolf's "Verbargenheit," Strauss's "Wiegenlied," and Cäcilie," and in Hamperdinck's "Es Schaukeln die Winde," and d'Albert's "Mediaeval Hymn to Venus."

Brahms's fourth symphony is spoken of as "academic." It is not academic when it is played as it was last evening; in other words, when it is really played in this composer's spirit. Dr. Muck and the orchestra were very much in the vein. With what magnificent vehemence, passion, and splendor of utterance the performance was filled; with what tenderness in the andante; with what boisterous gayety and overwhelming spirit in the "Allegro Giocoso" that is a scherzo in its essence; with what a superbly fiery sweep in the final passacaglia! The orchestra rarely has played with a more beautiful euphony in every gradation of dynamics. The performance deeply impressed the audience, and Dr. Muck made the players rise to share with him the applause that was so enthusiastically bestowed.

Ravel's "Mother Goose" pieces do not run quite parallel with the English Mother Goose. They are rather suggestions of French fairy stories. These five pieces are orchestral transcriptions of a set originally written as piano duets for children, or at least for childish interests. They had been played here by the New York Symphony Orchestra a little more than a year ago. They are slight in substance, ingenious and appropriate in their orchestral garb, and were found amusing by the audience last evening; for they are the product of a delicate and fertile fancy.

Mme. van Endert has a voice of pleasant quality, more substantial in its upper ranges than in its lower, where its color is rather pale and thin. Her singing of the transcribed songs was agreeable and had musical qualities, but it was not strongly emotional. She was more successful in Strauss's "Wiegenlied" than in the others, because of its lesser demands upon the emotional powers of the interpreter. More thrilling versions of the passionate "Cäcilie" have been heard.

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MR. FAVERSHAM AS ANTONY.

He Appears in "Julius Caesar" at the Lyric Theatre.

After an interval of a little more than a year, Mr. Faversham gave again last night at the Lyric Theatre his sumptuous production of "Julius Caesar," wherein, with fine fire and eloquence, he plays the part of Mark Antony. The Brutus and the Cassius are new—new to this company and new to New York. Mr. MacLean has played the "noblest Roman of them all" in many a town and city throughout the country, but not here before last night. All his training has made for the dignified performance that he gives in the part of the fate-driven Marcus Brutus. To the rôle of Cassius Mr. De Cordoba brings intelligence of delivery if not complete impressiveness of manner. Miss Collier is lovely and moving as Portia, but, save for Mr. Faversham himself, none of these players appeared last night to such good advantage as they did in the production of "Othello," which marked the earlier part of the engagement.

AUTHORS IN THE MOVIES.

See Themselves in Pictures at Benefit for League of America.

Well-known authors and dramatists saw themselves in motion pictures yesterday afternoon at the Plaza, where, in the large ballroom, an entertainment was held for the benefit of the Authors' League of America. Among the writers shown in the movies were Ida Tarbell, Princess Troubetzkoy, Booth Tarkington, Ellis Parker Butler, George Ade, Rex Beach, George Barr McCutcheon, and Louis Joseph Vance. Pictures were shown of the authors at work and at play, and then views were shown taken from their books or plays.

The entertainment was under the direction of Augustus Thomas, who first introduced John Luther Long, who read a scene from his "Madame Butterfly." Others who took part were Mary Stewart Cutting, Henry Sydnor Harrison, Josephine Daskam Bacon, Rupert Hughes, Rachel Crothers, Percy Mackaye, Cyril Maude, and Laurette Taylor. This was followed by an auction of autographed books of many of the writers.

Among those present were Mrs. Arthur Scribner, Mrs. John Jacob Astor, Mrs. Ralph Pulitzer, Mrs. Hamilton Fish, Arthur Train, Mrs. W. G. Rockefeller, Mrs. R. T. Wilson, Arthur P. Sturgis, Mrs. Douglas Robinson, Mrs. Norman Hapgood, Princess Troubetzkoy, Mrs. Mabel O. Wright, Mrs. William G. Park, Mrs. Cornelius Bliss, Jr., Mrs. Leo Everett; Mrs. Charles B. Alexander, Mrs. W. H. Russell, Mrs. W. F. Sheehan, Mrs. Walter Watson, Mrs. Walter B. James, Mrs. Theodore M. Taft, Mrs. Otto Kahn, Mrs. James B. Chews, Joseph Walker, Mrs. William L. Hodgman, Mrs. John T. Terry, Mrs. Henry W. Marsh, Mrs. John Claflin, Howard Taylor, and Mrs. Lanfear Norrie.

The entertainment was arranged by the following committee: Mrs. Reginald de Koven, Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, Mrs. Willard D. Straight, Mrs. Archer Huntington, Mrs. Benjamin Guinness, Mrs. Arthur C. Train, Mrs. Payne Whitney, and Princess Troubetzkoy.

THE CHILDREN'S 'GRUMPY.'

Small Folk of the Stage in a Benefit Performance.

While the grown-up players were away the children of the stage provided an agreeable diversion for a dismal afternoon yesterday when they joined in a special performance of "Grumpy" at Wallack's Theatre. This was done at the suggestion of Mrs. James Speyer for the benefit of St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children. The old playhouse was packed.

The children were all amusing, but the bright particular star of the afternoon was the small boy who played the part of Grumpy himself. He was more than amusing. He was amazing. Thomas Benton Carnahan, Jr.—they say he is just 10 years old—was Cyril Maude to the life. It was reported that Mr. Maude had been down to the theatre to attend personally to the making up of the pocket size Grumpy, but he gave considerably more than face paint and powder to yesterday's performance. His every inflection, his every gesture, the very measure of his shambling walk appeared for the afternoon at Wallack's. Those out in front who had seen the original fairly beamed while the boy barked and stormed his way through the fine, long part of the querulous old lawyer.

Gladys Annetta Conterno, whose father directs the orchestra at Wallack's, was very sweet as Grumpy's granddaughter, and in a small part was Florence Ware, a niece of Helen Ware. They were all good, but as for Thomas Benton Carnahan, Jr.—he was more than good. He was uncanny.

DRAMATIC STUDENTS ACT.

Appear in "Magnate and the Hardware" and "Waters of Bitterness."

Before a large audience at the Empire Theatre yesterday afternoon the students of the American Academy of Dramatic Arts and the Empire Theatre Dramatic School produced two plays new to America, and one which had its first production on any stage. This latter was "The Magnate and the Hardware," an idyll, in one act, by W. F. Downing, an English writer, who is now in New York. The other was "The Waters of Bitterness," a play in three acts, by S. M. Fox.

"The Magnate and the Hardware" proved to be a charming little sketch, and it was admirably played by Everett Hove, Harvey Nichols, Wade Boetler, Lelice Sencion, and Genieve Robinson. The latter, in the rôle of a Cockney girl from London, did a fine bit of character acting.

"L'Amore del Tre Re" Sung Again.

Italo Mentemezzi's opera, "L'Amore del Tre Re," the most successful of the new operas so far produced this season at the Metropolitan Opera House, was performed there last night for the last time this year. The temporary shelving of the work necessitated by the fact that Eduardo Ferrari-Fontana, who sings the tenor rôle, is leaving to fill an engagement at Milan. Last night's performance was attended by the same large audience which has characterized all the presentations of the work, and the opera apparently made as deep an impression. Lucrezia Bori, Pasquale Amato, and Adamo Didur, besides Mr Ferrari-Fontana, were heard in their customary rôles to fine effect, and Mr Toscanini led an orchestra that had had only two hours to recover from the fatigue of the afternoon's "Götterdämmerung" performance, but which was, nevertheless, equal to a splendid playing of the score.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Richard Bennett will produce "Maternity," another Brieux play, in New York next season.

In the cast of "Prince Karl," to be given at The Playhouse on the afternoon of Feb. 24, for the benefit of the City History Club, are Virginia Pearson, Lucile La Verne, Marguerite Skervin, Douglas J. Wood, Edmund Elton, Franklyn Hanna, Edward Lummerson, Philip Leigh, and Cecil Butler.

(William Hammerstein, who has the American rights to produce "Should a Woman Tell?" has engaged Oliver Dodd Byron to appear in the London playlet, which will be produced with an American cast at the Victoria Theatre on March 16.

The officers of the United Daughters of the Confederacy will be the guests of honor at "Southern Night" at the Gaiety Theatre to-night. Among those in the boxes will be Mrs. James H. Parker, President; Mrs. L. D. Alexander, Mrs. A. C. Dickinson, Mrs. W. M. Klein, Mrs. Henry B. McCorkle, Mrs. James L. Watt, and Mrs. J. D. Beale.

Harry L. Cort, son of John Cort, and Carl Read, secretary to Mr. Cort, will sail for Cherbourg, en route to Paris, on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie to-morrow morning on a pleasure tour of the continent and the British Isles. They will meet Miss Loretta Cort, who has been on a Mediterranean tour.

A new comedy, "What Would You Do?" by Augustin MacHugh, author of "Officer 666," comes to the Hudson Theatre on Monday, March 2, following William Collier. In the cast of "What Would You Do?" is Milton Sills, A. Byron Beasley, Richie Ling, Bessie Barriscale, Gladys Wynne, Hattie Russell, Edith Tabor, and others.

The American Academy of Dramatic Arts will revive Gilbert's three-act romantic drama, "Broken Hearts," at its fifth matinee of the season, Thursday afternoon, Feb. 26, in the Empire Theatre. This play was produced at Madison Square Theatre almost thirty years ago with a notable cast.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(c) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Rogers, JJ.

In re Cantor.
Reilly<Cornell St'boat.
Un Ferry<Tug Bern.
In re Hamell.

DISTRICT COURT—Hand, J. Motions.

Gardner Crusker< Allis-C.
Same<same.
USA<Mann Disinf.
Iron St Bt Co—NY Ed
In re John W McKinnon.
US<Ziegfeld.
Sykes<Walters.
Pavlowa<Atwell.
Staitwolf<Andrews.
R Dutch W I Mail<
Merritt & Chapman.
Marrow<St Tug Catherine.
Lovell McCornell<
Nuller.
Same<Natl Auto Sup.
Same<Zeisler.
Same<NY Auto Sup.
Same<3,500 Auto Sup.
Same<Crane & Wagner.
Same<Am Auto Sup.
Wallerstein<Wyatt.
Solar Light<Schlossberg.
Kelly<Mason & Hanger.
Schwartzs<Harper.
Burke<Ocean SS Co.

C RR of N J<Elmira.
Hangan<Tug G Hill.
McKinnar<Assets Realization.

Hartford<Hoyt & De Mallie.
Irving<Neal.
Ball<Imp Prop Hold.
Otis Elev Co<W 82 St Rlty.
Baldwin<Abercrombie & Fitch.
Macy<Brown.
Corso<Alpha Cement.
Sheron<Mason & Hanger.
Crane & Co<Boyd Eng Co.
Burke Elec<Ind Pneu Tool.
De Mayo Coaling<
Robins Conv Belt.
Johns-Batt Co<Doll & Sinclair.
Anatomik Footwear Co<Coward.
Parker<Societe Francaise.
Male<A T & St F Ry.
Wetteck&Atlas Finish
Moosar<Erlanger.
Am Car, &c, Co<
Bettendorf.
Gillette Razor<Rivers.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J. Equity calendar.

Col Metal Box<Halper.
Stallo<Tillinghast.
Goodwin<Leipsic Fur.
Lovell-McConnell<
Garland Auto.

Same<Jacobson.
Same<Haynes Auto.
Fenton<Farson.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J. (Jury.)

Bennett<Ruppert.

Supreme Court Order.

All causes from Nos 3101 to 3630 will be called, unless sooner reached, on Wednesday, Feb. 25, 1914, at 4 P. M., in Part I., Trial Term. The answer must be "Ready" or "Off." "Ready" will only mean that the cause is to go on a list of causes from which following day calendars will be made up. Causes marked "Off" cannot be restored until No. 3630 shall have been reached. Causes may be marked "Ready" by either party before the call.

NEW YORK COUNTY.
Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Ingraham, McLaughlin, Clarke, Scott, and Hotchkiss, JJ.

Van Buren Bill Post'g<Miller.
In re W Farms R'd.
Houghtaling<Sherw'd.
Sherman<Elnhorn.
People<Copelan Townsend.
Coffin<Coffin.
In re W Farley.
Bennett<Mech Road Roller.
Kimbark<Waldemar et al.
Rose Theatre Co<Corn Glendenning<W U T.
Keegan<Marconi W et al.
Hatch, Jr<Smith.
Gropp<Gt Atl & P T.
Lerman<Fishkill Elec Ry.

Weiss<Bernstein Soc. Stem, &c<Warren et al.
Masterson<D of H'th, &c.
Hughes<N Y Pub. Lt.
Markowitz<Rel Trad.
Schwabe et al<Herzog
Vogel<Wolf.
5 Av Shop<Fox, Stiefel & Co.
Crowe<Mattes.
Vulcan Detinning<
Assmann et al.
Neuberger<Gowan.
Woodcock<Teeples et al.
Jones<Woodin.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Cohalan, J. Litigated motions.

Fleischmann Goldner.
Town Dev Co<Simpson.
In re Krises.
Hogan<Hogan.
Connelly<Thompson & Starrett.
In re Kirkland.
Lynch<Board of Ed.
J Batt & Co<Earle.
In re CNY(Parker St.)
In re same(Van C Pk.)
Moritz<Lord & Taylor.
Downes<NYC & HRR.
Millet<Baumert.
Netzvitsky<Shapiro.
Slaughter<Rottmann.
Kupferstein<Dalton.
Mahon<Mahon.
Lalkin<Lalkin.
Stabile<Ann Homes.
Ienna<Towbin.
Serges<Weldon.
Markowski<U Un Gas.
McDonald<Stern.
People<Adler.
Ginsburg<NE Enamel.
Kahly<Gennaro.
Wolfsky<Stallos.
D Point Pen<Finestone.
Matter of CNY, &c.
Condit<Harris.
Okun<C I & B RR.
Hinze<Alterman.
Jaeger<Schaefer.
Hausen<Williams.
Krugler<Levy.
Kaiser<Ochs.
Silverstone<Berman.
Prince<Watson R'lty.
Brauning<VanNorden.
Tropauer<Tropauer.
Chapman<Ludvigh.
Prince<Watson R'lty.
Kingsland<Hecht.
Bliss<Bliss.
McQuade<Marrow.
Hess Blg Cons Gas.
Rosenfeld<Lozier Mot.
Chenalier<Biograph.
Sichel<Sichel.
Levine<Essex & Lee.
Squibb<Neuburger.
Gallagher<A O H.
Cushman<Cook.
Myer<Myer.
CNY<Fromme.
Shea<Spencer.
Jacobson<Jacobson.

Heins<Klosh.
Kenyeres<Kenyeres.
Rous<Roas.
Schuyler Co<CNY.
White<Welsch.
People ex rel Leo Suc D A G B<Schneider.
In re Beck (Ernst.)
Harris<Gt East Cas.
Savarese<Skerry.
People<Swersky.
Fitzsimmons<NY St Athletic Com.
In re E 217 St (Lyons.)
Rosenfeld<Jacobs.
In re Beach (Lacombe Av.)
De Cicco<Greco.
Gerr<Gerr.
Hellman<Saul.
In re CNY(Brox Bvd.)
Buchanan<Buchanan.
In re Vernal R'lty.
People ex rel Salemitana Assn<Grimaldi.
Abukall<Ferdinand.
Schwartz<Mandel.
McCurdy<Swanick.
In re del Solar (Dalchea.)
Halbraub<Halbraub.
Feldman<Schick Joe.
Feldstein<McDonough.
McCain<R B Shimer & Co.
Fischerauer<Pitts Con.
Walter<Garland Auto.
Goldman<Friedman.
Nassberg<Berliant.
Revenor<Revenor.
Callahan<Gerberenz.
In re Pierman (Tremont Av.)
Becker<Becker.
McCain<Brown.
Irwin<Warren.
Jerkowski<Morten.
Bruder<Isaacs.
Smith<Ziegfeld.
Guardian Tr<Seamon.
People<Sharkey.
Ryan<Ryan.
In re Gaillard & Co.
Smith<CNY.
Edwards<Stebbens.
Gibson Distillery<
Brennan.

PART II.—Bijur, J.

PART III.—Page, J.
Demurrers.
Hess & Co<C. Sp Bl. C'wealth Trust<McCook.
Same<Krech.
Same<Merc. Trust.
Andrea<Doorly.
Tacchiadji<Marcoglou.
Undefended divorces.
Hogan<Hogan.
De Posch<De Posch.
Preferred causes.
Farley<Caputo.
Same<Wertheimer.
Ernst<Ter Clearing House.
Same<Goth Ct. House.
Cent Consum<Cronin.
General calendar.
Stark<Crerand & Co.
Wiesz<Wiesz.
Hall<Hall.
Lorge<Lorge.
Novak<Hassman.
Rothenberg<Levy.
Bronx Art Stone<Knopp.
Kuhn<Colenter.
Elliott<Elliott.
Fort Masonry<Rafink Con.
Schultz<Schultz.
St. John<Reiss.
Gerwig<Gerwig.
Tachiadji<Marcoglou.
Lehmann<Lehmann.
Kahn<Frank.
Schnumacher<Burke & Sons.
Kyles<Kyles.
Treuthar<C B L.
Crescent Tobacco<Roy Turkish Tob.
Foster<Kaldeberg.
La Sala<Hope Con Co.
Charles<Abbe Eng Co.
Ethelia R Co<Bravemen.
Norton Co<5th Av & 23d St Co.

Case on.

PART IV.—Case on. V.—Case on. VII.—Case on. VIII.—Clear.

PART VI.—Hendrick, J. Certiorari cases.

People, ex rel Regent Conet<Purdy.
Same<same.
People ex rel Butterfield Pub<same.

Same<same.
Same<same.
Clear.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Davis, J.—(Criminal Term.)

For sentence:
Jos A Sheridan.
Demurrer:
Thos. Hassett.
Trial calendar:

Anthony Deisco.
J F Brennecke.
F C Baker.
Case on.

PART II.—Whitaker, J.

Dolches<Western Dev.
Schrank & Co<Savay Glass.
Elfenbein<Knespal.
Bridgeport Natl B'k<Hanson Cont.
Adrian<McVickar & Kelly.

Malat<same.
Urech<same.
Hiatis Bank<Mgno.
Fidelity & Dep Co<Donlon Cont.
Clear.

PART III.—Platzek, J.

Hayes<Morlss.

Case on.

PART IV.—Lehman, J.

Geoghegan<NY & Q C Ry.
McDowell<I R T.
Murphy<Wash Sq Taxi
O'Connor<NY Rys.
Romalo<Traitel Marble
Langendorf<Balschman & Sons.
Waters<Hay F & I Wks.

Gliesman<Rich'd L & RR.
Grasso<Smith M Bed.
Myers<NY Rys.
Hamilton<Hunter.
Lerner<Scherr.
Higgins<668-682 Bway.
Meehan<Joline.
Case on.

PART V.—Benton, J.

Coffyn<CNY.
Leghman<Brown Bros.
Hennessy<Armour & Co.
Kravitz<C RR N J.
Burtnett<Erie RR.
Beros<Dall.
Daino<Savini.
Todaldi<Hitchcock.

Wersall<Knoff.
Welch<NY Rys.
Leone<NY Ry.
Ziegler<Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins.
Benlach<P'burgh Cont.
Murphy<Knege.
Linde<25 & 7 Av Rlty Co.
Case on.

PART VI.—Weeks, J.

Cribbins<CNY.
Nethercott<L I RR.
Smith<Straus.
Murven<Renard Co.

Newman<Mason, Seaman Transp.
Commings<Canavan Bros Co.
Case on.

PART VII.—Dugro, J.—Adj. until Feb. 24.

PART IX.—Donnelly, J.

Sade<Dominick.
Gugig<Frolich.
Dunn<Betelman.
Schonwald<Harms.
Schonwald<same.
Mason<Shapiro.
Robinson<NY, NH &c.
Jagoda<Trenbig.

Riccombein<N Har R.
Kennedy<Bud Nav.
Schmer<Goldschein.
Redner<Dutf.
Fisher<Lr R T.
Beaderman<Glazeberg.
Van Slocham<Willard.
Case on.

PART X.—Adj. for term.
PART XI.—Adj. to Feb. 24.
PART XII.—Pendleton, J.—No day calendar.
PART XIII.—Van Kirk, J.

Mageworth<Mehles.
Meier<Yellow Taxi.
Slotzak<Krevitsky.
Case on.

Johnson<Bradley Cont.
Hindler<Eisler.
Freise<Rosenwasser.

PART XIV.—Erlanger, J.

Farley<Man.
Orpheum Theatre<Morris.
Mine & Smelter Sup<Herrmann.

Ditje<Lee Studios.
Polte & Weyer Co<Harney.
Case on.

PART XV.—Ford, J.

Case on—Clark<Met Life Ins.

No day calendar.

PART XVI.—Emerson, J.

Pierce<Werner & S Co.
Case on.

Sugar<Barth.

PART XVII.—Newburger, J.

Alexander<C'bridge Tile.
Same<Bridge Exam B.

Same<C'bridge Tile.
Case on.

PART XVIII.—Greenbaum, J.

Rosenberg<Hamilton R & B.
Audit Co<Palmer, &c.
Brietor<Rosenberg.
Emke<C I & B RR.
H Enke<same.
Saige<same.
Paltrowitz<Amer Ins.
Same<Royal Exchange
Same<Ger-Am Ins.

Same<H-Bremen F Ins
Same<Prussian Ins.
Same<Royal Ins.
Reid<Oliver.
Murray H Hotel<McDonald.
Scanlon<Carrollan.
Esta C A Coe<Becker.
Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS.—Cohalan, S. Motion calendar.

Sarah T Carpenter.
Maria V Folliolno.
C F Myers.
Patrick Sheehy.
Mamie Guatelli.
R M Morasco.
J G Lafargue.
Karl Beran.
Henrietta L Heine.
C E Lewis.
L P Rouquette.
Spiegelberg, Infs.
Lillian F Scofield, &c.
H A Schroeder.
Sarah Bischoff.
Gust Kersten.
F J Seybold.
Henrietta Hohns.
G M Still.
T P Finnean.
Alphonse Scharhag.
Alex Rinnean.
Annie McGee, &c.
Mary Anderson, or O'Brien.
Elizabeth Tanner.
Christian Wusthols.
Annie E Maynard.
Martin Gorbach.
Julia Cross.
Nathan Liberson.
C W Dunlop.
Peter Gorman, &c.
Frank Bury.
G. B. Boynton.
Diederick Blendermann.
W G Walter.
Anna M T Blakeman.

F L Brogan.
Catherine Brogan.
John Wallace.
Adam Maue.
P M Gross.
A Alling Reeves, Jr.
B G Smith.
Gottfried Franke.
Patrick Rafferty.
John Corrigan.
J M Burke.
Jacob Sitton.
Amanda Ferrero.
David Stevenson.
R E Wahner.
Mary Lappino.
Elise Schellhaas.
G V Bartlett.
A N Stein.
John Downey.
Aug Hoettel.
Rebecca Kaufman.
M C Cooney.
Geo Faust.
H C Simonson.
Fredericka Lambert.
Isabel M Leese.
Henry Kiggins.
Minnie A O'Shea.
Gerson Hyman.
Heilbuth, infants.
J C Haug.
Albert A Adams.
Elizabeth Mitchell.
Elizabeth Trimmer.
Ernst G G Heal.
Jos R Slater.
Annie Diamond.

TRIAL TERM.—Fowler, S. Contested wills.

Magdalena Hermann. Johanna Strauss.

City Court.

TRIAL TERM.—Part I., McAvoy, J.

Foley<Penn RR.
Salkind<Rabinowitz.
Otis Litho Co<de Mille
Finkelstein<Kirsch.
Avenett<Degnon Con.
Straiitzky<Allman.
Rubenstein<Imp'l Aut
Kenny<C. Britton Tr.
Feldman<Lebowitz.
Russo<Hibbs.
Rutt<Jackson.
Schoenberg Co<Brooks
Willner<Jacobowitz.
Grenberg<Fargo.
Hill<Hogan & Sons.
Boland<I R T.
Cinn Abbatoirs<Strauss.
A H Clark Co<Pierce.
Rosenberg<Weisberg Mach.
Waintraub<London.
Cohn<Siegel.
Szymanski<I R T.
Barret<Cudahy.
Glaser<Pearl.
Ramano<Urban C'crete
Feilner<NY Rys.
Raccacpo<same.
Same<same.
Spence<Marshall.
Yarca<Freeman.
Same<same.
Sullivan<Ruppert.

Same<same.
Same<same.
Same<same.
Reiser<Grad.
Am M P Mach Co<Taylor A. Co.
Friedrich<Phusing.
Von Bard<Knick Stab
Gonzalez<NY Rys.
Mokene<Riley Holding.
Green<Pfiefling.
Rosen<Shapiro.
Kurtz<Myers.
Clear.

PART III.—Guy, J.

Foley<Penn RR.
Salkind<Rabinowitz.
Otis Litho Co<de Mille
Finkelstein<Kirsch.
Avenett<Degnon Con.
Straiitzky<Allman.
Rubenstein<Imp'l Aut
Kenny<C. Britton Tr.
Feldman<Lebowitz.
Russo<Hibbs.
Rutt<Jackson.
Schoenberg Co<Brooks
Willner<Jacobowitz.
Grenberg<Fargo.
Hill<Hogan & Sons.
Boland<I R T.
Cinn Abbatoirs<Strauss.
A H Clark Co<Pierce.
Rosenberg<Weisberg Mach.
Waintraub<London.
Cohn<Siegel.
Szymanski<I R T.
Barret<Cudahy.
Glaser<Pearl.
Ramano<Urban C'crete
Feilner<NY Rys.
Raccacpo<same.
Same<same.
Spence<Marshall.
Yarca<Freeman.
Same<same.
Sullivan<Ruppert.

Same<same.
Same<same.
Same<same.
Reiser<Grad.
Am M P Mach Co<Taylor A. Co.
Friedrich<Phusing.
Von Bard<Knick Stab
Gonzalez<NY Rys.
Mokene<Riley Holding.
Green<Pfiefling.
Rosen<Shapiro.
Kurtz<Myers.
Clear.

PART II.—O'Dwyer, C. J.

Security B'k<Geoghegan.
Schroeder<Perley.
Rath<Hallenburg.
Rath<Wolf.
Kubar<Am Un Rlty.
Loew<Gillespie.
Franklin Fed Stores<Grand Boule, &c.
Jacobson<Jacobson.
Manheimer<Hammerstein.
Watson<10th Av Thea
Dunn<Fagan.
Kass<Tilone.
Crawford<Spadone.
Weinstein<Levine.
Schwartzkopf<Zucker.
Harrigan<Pendergast.
Kride<Binkenfeld.
Riverside Drive Apts<Neuburger.

Wilken-Barrep Realty Co<Powell.
Brubtour<Sunset Film Cohn<Metzger.
Joseph<Rosenberg.
M O'Mara Co<Woods Prod.
Elliott<Elec Prod.
Oppenheimer<Senft.
Blitzer<Jackmowitz.
Schwartz<Minsker Elec Co.
Steele<Powell.
Empire Tr<Gearing.
Gen Motor Trucking<Nathan.
Kleebold Press<Goessler Bros.
Horowitz<Oleo Shock Absorber.
Case on.

PART III., case on; IV., case on; V., clear; VI., case on; VII., case on; VIII., case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Cohalan, J. Kurzman<Olsen—Richard H Clarke.
SUPREME COURT—Bijur, J. Central Mtg Co<Silvestri—Lawrence S Greenbaum. Wallace<Cohen—John Gruenberg. Peerless Holding Co<Rinschler—Jacob Gendain. Same<Gordon—J. Lewis Anderson. Same<Reham—Morris Moskowitz. Same<Newman—Henry Waldman. Ball<Fox—Alexander Pfeiffer.
SUPREME COURT—Davis, J. Weiss<Codae Realty Co—Frederick C Hunter.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Cohalan, J. Morton E Myers<Louis H Guterman—Irving J Joseph.
SUPREME COURT—Bijur, J. Rachel Bachrach<Margaret J Crawford—Gordon S P Kleeberg. Niagara Life Ins Co<Eugene B Schiller—Joseph M Hartberg.

KINGS COUNTY.
Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kapper, J.; II., Van Siclen, J.; III., Clark, J.; IV., Kelly, J.; V., Manning, J.; VI., Aspinall, J.; VII., Crane, J.

Scott<B H R R.
Massa<Strube.
Grafton<Ball.
Mauro<Nas R R.
Manna<same.
Barbuto<Brady & Gloe.
Curley<Bradley et al.
Rudd<Blebe.
Neal<N Y, N H & H R R.
Bazzolino<Nas R R.
Bheel<Friedman.
Nielson<Rel Paint, &c.
Bugoski<B H R R.
Waitkus<Schmitz.
Bateman<C I & B RR.
Puckhaber<Holmes.
Martin<Sauer Co.
Lokets<Frank et al.
Billet<Wagenman.
Garbotzki<Cunard SS.
Preti<Kroder & Ruebel.
Quinn<Berenstein.
Clark<Green.
Nat'l Coop'ge<Breidt C Bwg.
Millner<B H R R.
Forster<Earle.
Howe<Nas R R.
Broder<Berger.

Dunne<Nas R R.
Fratwal<Graziano.
Goldstein<B H R R.
Cook<Masurkiewicz.
Germann<B H R R.
Friedman<B'lyn E D Term.
Walsh<Sheehan et al.
Kayta<N Y Rys Co.
Sage<Rich L & P.
Schmidt<Michel Bwg.
Gold<Heise.
Bleier<B H R R.
Kane<Ronsheim.
Fleishman<CNY.
Kelly<Abraham et al.
N J Co<McLaughlin Co.
Cucciniallo<Hopkins.
Agne<Meyer.
Yellow Taxi.
Evans<N Y Mail.
Adler<B H R R.
Weiss<Ward Bread Co
Griffin<Ev Journal.
Nobis<CNY.
Tuohey<Shults Bread.
Cohan<Herz.
Magenheimer<Cohen & another.
Broome<Somerville R.

These causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day:

Hanson<Dickson & Turnbull.
Loesch<L I R R.
Finn<Hoe & Co et al.
Carvadore<Home Title
Dougherty<Cirker.
Smith<Mohadam.
Freilicher<B H R R.
Barkelow<C I & B RR.
Muratore<B H R R.
Katz<Forw'd Assn.
Friedman<B H R R.
Emery<Nas R R.
Weiss<Steinberg C S.
Gold<Dunaif.
Johnston<B H R R.
Egan<same.
Steinman<Nas R R.
Wilson<Int R T.
Curran<Bush Term.
Osterlund<Ritchie & Co.
Carner<Gregory.
Kattler<Rosenblatt.
Prall<Letcher.
Lavy<Astor.
Kennedy<E, Q Co & S R R.
Patterson<Benziger.
Roma<Am Steved.
Perlstein<Dennett Sup Coffee.
Nelson<Jackie.
Highest number reached, 2945.

Dobbs<Int R T.
Monahan<Skin Tissue.
Geraghty<NY, N H & H R R.
Schnurmacher<Cuff.
Thompson<H R T.
Comet<C I & B R R.
Curran<B H R R.
Baker<same.
Rickerson<Walbridge.
Leibe<Flasch.
Curravelli<Beall.
Journey<Hitchings.
Zemel<Arthur.
White<Robins D D.
Esposito<Laynon.
Fremont<Kane.
Carl<C I & B R R.
Nobis<CNY et al.
Jensen<Berger.
Taxter<GNY.
Mallon<Thomas.
Heban<B H R R.
Zabrowski<Nas R R.
Giovanna<B H R R.
Devoe<same.
Sinns<CNY.
Stothard<Nas R R.
Nassauer<B, Q Co & S R R.
McClintock<CNY.
Strainc<Mason.
Lazarus<Borden's M.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Blackmar, J.—Litigated motions.

Conran<Dewdswall.
Roller<L I R R Co.
Akerstrom<Morse D D
Clarke<Miller et al.
Seinfel<Branagan et al
Miller<Riegel.
J. Rais Co<Post.
Berger<Keller Con.
In re Waters.
Giller<Miller.
People<Klingel et al.
People<same.
Parker<N Y & Flatbush Realty.
In re Uses.
Blum<Blum.
Bunton<Banton.

People<Augustine.
Higgins<Higgins.
Ross<Un Trust.
Sims<same.
Wells, F. K.<same.
Wells, F. M.<same.
Spindle<Luihlen.
Pines<Buntington, &c
Murray<Weckesser.
O'Hearn<Transit Dev.
Di Santo<Atl S Co.
In re S & Q Rlty.
Torpey<Torpey.
Moses<Shealer.
N Y Munic Ry<Lynn et al.

Special Term—Part I.

Erwin<Erwin.
Manfre<Manfre.
Woolley<Stewart.
Allocca<Allocca.

Special cal. of foreclosure cases:
Carrig<Straussberg.

SPECIAL TERM—Maddox, J.—Ex parte business.

CRIMINAL CALENDAR—Part VII.—Crane, J.

Louis Markert.
Paul Goodman.

Short Term Notes

Eastman, Dillon & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
Investment Bankers
71 Broadway New York

Good Merchandising

Always takes into account the welfare of the customer, and is based upon the earnest desire to cooperate with him in making the right selection. This same principle holds true in the business of conservative investment, where, once the banker knows the requirements of the investor, he is placed in a position to cooperate in investing the money to its best advantage.

Send for Circular 1417, describing Railroad, Public Utility, Municipal and Provincial Bonds.

Spencer Trask & Co.
INVESTMENT BANKERS
43 Exchange Place, New York

FARSON

We Own and Offer
$375,000
St. Louis & San Francisco R. R. Co.
Receivers' Certificates
Due January 2, 1915
To Net 6%
Description on request.
Farson, Son & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
New York 115 Broadway Chicago First Nat'l Bank Bldg.

Carefully Chosen and Diversified

are the bonds described in the new leaflet which we have just issued.

One State bond; two Railroad bonds; two Public Utility bonds, and one Industrial bond comprise the list. All of them are safe and marketable. They yield up to 5.45%.

If you have money to invest now or in the future, would it not be worth while for you to send for circular No. 102.

Knauth, Nachod & Kühne
INTERNATIONAL BANKERS
New York · Leipzig

Exempt from Federal Income Tax
$100,000
City of Tampa, Fla.
5% Gold Bonds
Due Dec. 1, 1962 Optional 1932
Price 103¾ & int. yielding 4.70%
Full particulars on application.
Estabrook & Co.
Members | New York Stock Exchange | Boston Stock Exchange
24 Broad St. New York

Issued at 50% of Cost
Equipments
Maturities 1 to 9 years
Netting 6%
F. J. LISMAN & Co
Members N. Y. & Chicago Stock Exchanges.
30 Broad St., New York
PHILADELPHIA CHICAGO HARTFORD
Stk. Exch. Bldg. 108 S. La Salle St. 30 Pearl St.

Bonds for Investment
February Circular
Redmond & Co.
33 Pine St.—New York

Union Typewriter Company Notes
Due January, 1916.
Swartwout & Appenzeller
Members New York Stock Exchange
44 PINE STREET. NEW YORK.

W. N. COLER & CO., BANKERS.
Established 1870.
45 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK CITY.
NEW YORK CITY and other high grade
[illegible]
[illegible] on request.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Trading Light; Prices Move Little—Hopeful Regarding Outcome of Rate Case.

Trading on the Stock Exchange yesterday was smaller than on any day since the January rise began. Here and there in the list sharp price movements were recorded, some up and some down, but the general level of the more active issues changed scarcely at all so far as the net effect of the day's operations was concerned. Some ground was gained in the early dealings but this was offset by a later reaction. There was a conflict of influences growing out of the day's advices regarding the status of the rate increase case and this conflict was reflected both in the indecision of the price movements and in the curtailment of trading. For one thing it appeared clear that Wednesday's reports that the decision in the rate case was to be expedited had this much basis, that the President was in favor of as early a decision as possible, that he inclined to the view that some relief should be granted to the railroads, and further that the Chairman of the Commerce Commission had informed the President that the decision would be rendered as soon as possible.

All in all the events of the last two days have served to strengthen the hope that the railways will be supplied with means of increasing their net revenue as a result of the inquiry now being conducted by the Interstate Commerce Commission. At the same time the belief has gained ground that such relief as may be granted will be given in other forms than by an approval of the proposed uniform advance of 5 per cent. in freight rates. In this connection considerable interest attached to the statement issued yesterday by the Chairman of the Committee of Railway Presidents which is directing the railways' movement for an increase in rates. If unnecessary inequalities now exist in the rate fabric through the elimination of which the railways may gain the necessary increment in their net revenues, a double advantage would be gained by meeting the existing railway problem through the elimination of such inequalities. The intimations from the Commerce Commission that it will be in a position to render its decision before the Summer recess, if all the information for which the Commission has asked is promptly supplied, hardly suggests as early a settlement of this question as some in Wall Street have lately been hoping for, but if circumstances favor this period of waiting may be further shortened. There was special point, therefore, to the suggestion of the railway committee's Chairman that the data asked for by the Commission be supplied to it as quickly as possible.

Trading in bonds was better maintained than the dealings in stocks, although quieter conditions now prevail than during the month of January and the early days of February. A persistent feature of the bond market is the avidity with which municipal issues are being absorbed. One result of this is that municipalities are now borrowing both on short time and long time obligations at rates which appear very low, contrasted with those which the market demanded sixty or ninety days ago.

The returns of the two chief central banks of Europe did not make a uniform showing, for the English Bank statement reflected the loss of gold to Holland, to other parts of the Continent and to outlying points. These drafts, however, were made upon an unusually ample supply of gold and the bank's proportion of reserve still stands well above the average at this date. The Bank of France, on the other hand, which has been profiting by the gold shipments from this side, showed a gold gain for the week of over $3,000,000. London discounts hardened, further lessening whatever chance previously existed of another reduction in the English Bank rate. The Bank of France did not, as had been expected in some quarters, lower its rate, but the tendencies continuing to operate in the Paris market suggest that before long the French rate will be lowered to the present level of the English rate.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ren'l.
On call	2	1¾	1¾	1¾
A year ago	3½	2½	2½	2½
Since Jan. 1	10	1½	..	..
Same period, 1913	5	2¼	..	..

	60 days.	4 mos.	6 mos.
On time	2%@3	3¼@3½	3½@3¾
Commercial paper (prime bills)	....	3¼@4	3¾@4¼

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Clearings	$318,967,098	$14,950,202
Sub-Treas. credit balance	....	2,336,804
Banks lose since Friday, $4,404,000.		

Rates Abroad.

	Discount.	Money.	Check on London.
Berlin	2%	3%	20 m 44½pf
Paris	2%	..	25 f 21c

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

The range for demand sterling was:

	High.	Low.	Last.
Yesterday	$4.8595	$4.8585	$4.8590
A year ago	4.8745	4.8720	4.8730
Since Jan. 1	4.8695	4.8535	.....
Same period 1913	4.8780	4.8570	.....

Foreign exchange closing rates were:

	Demand.	Cable.
London	$4.8590	$4.8605.
Paris	5.18⅝—1-64	5.18⅜+3-64
Berlin	95	95 1-16
Switzerland	5.18⅜—1-64	5.18⅜+3-64
Holland	40.28	40.31
Belgium	5.21¼+1-32	5.20⅝—1-32

Bankers' Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.83¾	$4.82⅝
Paris	5.21¼	5.22½
Berlin	94½	94¼

Commercial Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.83⅛	$4.82½
Paris	5.21⅞	5.23⅛
Berlin	94⅜—1-32	94 3-16—1-32
Amsterdam	39.94	39.80

Domestic Rates.

Rates on New York were:

	Prem.		Prem.
Chicago	5c	San Francisco	50c
St. Louis	10c	Montreal	31¼c
Boston	Par	St. Paul	50c

BAR SILVER QUOTATIONS.

London, 9-16d per ounce, up 1-16d; New York, 57½c, up ⅛c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Receipts and expenditures:

	Feb. 18.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$915,186	$10,686,582	$192,691,306
Int. rev. ord.	807,227	12,869,048	201,395,734
Corp. tax	34,675	279,707	3,596,320
Miscellaneous	54,844	2,770,287	24,569,231
Total rcts.	1,812,003	26,605,625	432,252,792
Expenditures	1,566,511	33,641,502	457,156,529
Surplus	245,492	....	....
Deficit	....	7,036,176	24,903,736

STOCKS EX DIVIDEND TO-DAY.

The following stocks listed on the New York Stock Exchange are quoted ex dividend to-day:

Federal Mining & Smelting preferred.
General chemical common.
Homestake Mining.
National Lead preferred.
Pittsburgh, Youngstown & Ashtabula preferred.
Studebaker Corporation preferred.
United Dry Goods preferred.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

A Saving in Income Tax.

Several of the national banks which heretofore have not deducted in their returns to the Government under the corporation tax the amount of local taxes paid in behalf of their stockholders under New York State laws have decided that under the new income tax and the rulings made under that law, they are free to deduct these taxes from their gross profits in figuring the amount of their own Federal tax. This will mean a considerable saving in the aggregate. The sum saved is greatest in the case of the banks with large capital and surplus for the local taxes levied at the rate of 1 per cent. on capital, surplus and undivided profits. This is not a tax on the banks, but on the stockholders. The banks are free to look to their stockholders for the amount of this tax, but in practice nearly all the banks pay the tax for their shareholders.

A Difficult Market to Explain.

"Stocks are neither weak nor strong, heavy nor firm," exclaimed a broker toward the close yesterday. "The market is not drifting, nor has it a definite trend that I can detect. What do you make of it?" None of his customers could make anything of it other than that the inert character of prices and trading reflected the approaching holiday. Less than half as many shares changed hands as in the preceding session.

Rock Island Stocks Close Together.

The Rock Island common and preferred stocks were separated at the close of yesterday's market by only about 3 points difference in their prices, and at 9⅜ the preferred established a low record. The Street heard that within a few days the report of the committee working on a plan to do away with the two holding companies would be completed, and the rumor evidently was not relished by traders. Everybody interested in the Rock Island Railroad property naturally desires to see it freed from burdens which tend to lessen its efficiency, but the possible means of bringing about the result are considered doubtfully by those directly interested in the shares. There is a deal more of gossip about assessments than the trader likes to hear.

The Frisco After Traffic.

Out on the Frisco system a movement is under way to bring shippers into a more intimate knowledge of the road's value as a freight carrier. Because of the receivership and resultant difficulties over finances the company has received considerable publicity of the sort that does not tend to improve traffic. With this factor in mind, evidently, the authorities have passed the word along for trainmen to lose no opportunity for "boosting" the Frisco to manufacturers and other shippers whom they meet on their runs. The passenger conductors are especially urged to let no chance pass by for giving the good points of their road, but the officials are impressing on the men of all departments the worth of individual efforts toward building up the road's income.

Convertible Bond Terms.

One suggestion which has come out of the recent discussion of the status of the Union Pacific convertible bondholders under the proposed distribution of Baltimore & Ohio stock to the Union Pacific common stockholders and of the effect exerted on the old issue of Southern Pacific convertibles by the new issue is that in future, corporations might find it desirable in putting out such issues to put some limitation upon the terms at which further issues of convertibles might be sold. The idea back of the suggestion is that future convertible bond issues might contain a clause binding the issuing company not to put out other convertibles upon more favorable terms without giving the advantage of those better terms to the outstanding issues. Such a provision it is recognized would somewhat limit the freedom of corporations in issuing new securities, but on the other hand, it is argued, it would increase the attractiveness of future convertible issues. It is felt that there would be an analogy between such a provision and the clause put in some debenture issues under which they would be covered by any mortgage which might later be given by the corporation issuing the debentures.

New Haven Directors Meet.

The New Haven Directors held their monthly meeting yesterday without drawing any attention from Wall Street. When the corresponding meeting was held a year ago the news tickers were watched closely, to see whether the company had declared the usual dividend of 2 per cent. or reduced it. It was declared then, but the next one, in June, was 1½ per cent. Yesterday the Street had no cause to wonder about the dividend. It knew in advance all there was to be known.

A New Standard Oil Report.

With the exception of the pipe line companies, former subsidiaries of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey gave out little information about their income last year. The Atlantic Refining, Standard of California and Washington Oil Companies published revenue figures for 1912, but none of the producing concerns issued anything more than a balance sheet. The appearance of a statement of earnings of the South Penn Oil Company yesterday was, because of this, hailed with satisfaction on the Curb. A producing company had broken its silence of the past and informed shareholders of its earning power. Profits equivalent to more than 50 per cent. on the stock were considered as an important commentary on the productiveness of Pennsylvania and West Virginia fields in 1913, but they were looked upon with scarcely more favor than the fact that action had been taken by the Directors to show investors what stood back of the stock.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha Con	.03	Julia	.04
Andes	.04	Justice	.05
Belcher	.02	Kentucky Con	.03
Best & Belcher	.07	Mexican	1.13
Bullion	.01	Occidental Con	.70
Caledonia	.08	Ophir	.77
Challar	.04	Overman	.31
Confidence	.09	Potosi	.03
Con. Cal. & Va.	.31	Savage	.10
Con. Imperial	.02	Seg. Belcher	.10
Crown Point	.4	Sierra Nevada	.11
Gould & Curry	.05	Union Con	.21
Hale & Norcross	.08	Utah Con	.06

TONOPAH.

Belmont	7.90	Comb. Fract	.10
Jim Butler	.96	D'field Daisy	.04
McNamara	.08	D'field Bl. B	.03
Midway	.08	Florence	.54
Mizpah Exten	.48	G'field Con. M	1.00
Montana	1.02½	G'field Merger	.11
North Star	.39	Jumbo Exten	.24
Rescue Eula	.14	Lone Star	.02
Tonopah Merger	.60	Silver Pick	.08
West End	1.22½	Vernal	.04
		Nevada Hills	.40

GOLDFIELD.

Atlanta	.17	Manhattan Con	.03
Booth	.06	Man. Big Four	.16
C. O. D.	.04		

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot	6¼	6¾	Jackpot	5¾	6¼
Elkton	48	50	McKinney	55½	58
El Paso	200	240	Old Gold	1	2¼
Findlay	5	8	Portland	107	110
Gold Dol.	5	8	Vindicator	28	29
Isabella	9½	10¾	R. B. H.	3	4½

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Less Activity in the Oil Stocks, but Sharp Advances Occur in Several Issues.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 98,402 shares of stock, and $25,000 of bonds. The sales of stock were divided as follows: Industrials, 3,970; oils, 4,282; mining, 90,150. The range of prices in all issues in which transactions were reported, were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
50	Am. Drug S.	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞
100	A. G. & W. I	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼
100	A.G.&W.I.pf.	15	15	15	15
40	Kelly S. Tire.	58	58	58½	56½
200	I. R. T. ctfs.	8½	8½	8½	8½
1,000	Marconi of A.	5⅛	5⅛	5	5⅛
550	Max. M. com.	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
130	M. M. 1st pf.	28¼	28½	28¼	28½
150	M. M. 2d pf.	9	9	9	9
350	Pueb. S. & R.	2⅝	2⅝	2½	2⅝
800	Riker-Hegeman	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜
100	Savoy Oil	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
200	U. C. S. of A.	92½	92¼	92¼	92¼
200	Willys Over	69¼	69½	69	69

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
1,000	A.-A. Oil, new	17⅜	17	17⅜	+ ⅛
7	Atlantic R.	398	397	398	+ 1
25	Buckeye P. L.	168	168	168	+ 1
10	Continental O.	220	220	220	+ 5
5	Eureka P. L.	300	300	300	..
20	Galena-S. Oil.	187	185	185	— 1
45	Indiana P. L.	133	132	132	..
700	National T.	42	41½	42	..
300	Ohio Oil	160½	157	160	+ 3½
100	Pierce Oil	98	95	88	..
100	P. O. & G.	520	520	522	+ 8
100	South. P. O.	350	340	348	+ 3
300	S. O. of Cal.	327	320	322	..
310	S. O. of Ind.	550	540	550	+10
50	S. O. of Kan.	501	490	497	+12
60	S. O. Ky. new	274	270	275	+ 5
5	S. O. of Neb.	450	450	450	+ 2
129	S. O. of N. J.	417	412	417	+ 2
425	S. O. of N. Y.	203	199	202	+ 2
15	S. O. of Ohio.	435	435	435	— 3
200	Union T. L.	97	95	96	— ½
275	Vacuum Oil	213	211	213	+ 3

MISCELLANEOUS RIGHTS.

325	W. U. rts.	28¾	28⅝	†28½	28¾

MINING STOCKS.

1,000	*Atlanta	18	18	18	18
500	*Beaver con.	30	30	30	30
1,000	*Big Four	16	16	15	15
100	Boston Mon.	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
500	Braden Cop.	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼
2,300	B.-C. Copper	2½	2½	2¼	2⅜
1,500	*Can. G. S.	4	4	4	4
1,200	*Caribou C.	72	72	70	71
1,000	C. A. Smelt.	½	½	½	½
100	Coniagas	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾
1,200	C. R.	1 13-16	1 13-16	1 25-32	1 25-32
3,000	*D'field D.	4½	4½	4½	4½
100	Dome Mines	16¾	16¾	16⅝	16⅝
2,000	*Florence	52	55	52	55
8,000	*Gold Hill	42	46	42	45
800	Goldfield C.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
10,000	*Greenwater	7¾	7¾	7¾	7½
100	Halifax Ton.	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16
1,700	Iron Blossom.	1.22	1.22	1.19	1.19
6,000	Jumbo Exten.	25	25½	24½	25
100	Kerr Lake	4 13-16	4 13-16	4 13-16	4⅞
300	La R. C.	1 11-16	1 11-16	1 11-16	1 11-16
1,000	*M. Big Four	15	16	15	16
100	McKinley-D.	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,000	*New Idylls.	41	41	41	41
200	*New Utah B.	49	49	49	49
200	Nipissing M.	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜
4,500	North Star	39½	39½	38	39
18,000	*Oro	15	15	15	15
1,500	Peterson Lake	43¼	43¼	43	43
200	Pitts. S. Pick.	38	38	38	38
1,200	*Porcupine G.	16	16	15	15
200	Stand. S.-L.	1⅞	1⅞	1 11-16	1 11-16
500	Stewart	1¼	1¼	1 5-16	1 5-16
500	*Temiskaming	17	17	17	17
150	Tonopah Bel.	7⅞	7 15-16	7⅞	7 15-16
100	Tonopah Ex.	1 11-16	1 11-16	1 11-16	1 11-16
1,800	Ton. J. Butler	96	96	96	96
3,500	*Ton. Merger	60	60	59	59
1,500	*Ton. Midway	38	38½	38	38½
200	Ton. Mizpah	49	49	49	49
4,000	*T. Rescue A.	15¼	15¾	14	15
100	Tuolumne	11-16	11-16	11-16	11-16
2,000	*Union M.	5	6	5	6
3,000	West End C.	1 5-16	1 5-16	1¼	1¼
1,800	*West End E.	3	4	3	4

BONDS.

$25,000	Cub. New 5s.	95¾	98¾	98½	98¾

*Sell cents per share. †Odd lots.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name.	Rate.	Maturity.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Amal. Copper	5	Mar. 15, '15	100¼	100⅜	4.30
Am. Locomo.	5	July, 1915	99¾	100¼	4.60
Austrian Gov.	4½	July, '14-15	99⅞	100⅛	4.30
B. & Ohio	5	July, 1914	100½	100⅝	2.75
Boston & Me.	6	June 2, '14	99	100	18.00
Brklyn. R. T.	5	July, 1918	99¾	99½	5.15
Can. Pacific	6	Mar., 2, '24	103½	103⅝	5.50
Chatt. R. & L.	5	June, 1915	96	97¾	7.60
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June, 1915	100	100⅛	3.70
Chi. & W. I.	5	Sept. 1915	99¾	99⅞	5.10
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July, 1914	97½	98	10.60
Con Pow. (M.)	6	May, 1917	96¾	98	6.65
Erie R. R.	6	Apr. 8, '14	100¼	100⅜	4.60
Erie R. R.	5	Oct., 1914	100¼	100⅜	4.10
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1915	99¾	100	5.00
Fed. Sugar	5	Nov. 1, '14	99¾	99⅞	5.60
Gen. Elec.		April 6, '14	3.75%	2.75%	
Gen. Motor	6	Oct., 1915	100¼	101	6.85
Gen. Rubber	4½	July, 1915	98⅞	99¼	5.15
Hock. Valley	5	Nov., 1914	100¼	100⅜	4.05
Ill. Central	4½	July, 1914	100¼	100⅜	3.20
Int. & Gt. N.	5	Aug., 1914	97	97½	10.25
Int. Harvest.	5	Feb. 15, '15	100½	100⅝	4.25
Lack. Steel	5	Mar., 1915	97¾	98¼	6.40
L. S. & M. S.	4½	Mar. 15, '14	100	100¼	2.00
Mich. Cent.	4½	Mar., 1914	100¼	100⅜	1.75
Minn. & S. L.	6	Feb., 1916	97½	98	7.00
Mo., K. & T.	5	May, 1915	98¼	99	5.80
Mo. Pacific	5	June, 1914	97¾	98	11.20
M. St. P. & S. S. M.	4	Apr., 1915	99¾	100¼	3.80
N. Y. C. & H. R.	4½	Mar., 1914	100	100¼	1.75
N. Y. C. & H. R.	5	Apr. 21, '14	100¼	100⅜	2.75
N. Y. C. & H. R.	5	Sep. 15, '14	100⅜	100⅝	3.60
N. Y. C. & H. R.	5	Nov. 5, '14	100⅜	100⅝	4.05
N. Y. C. & H. R.	4½	May, 1915	100	100¼	4.30
N. Y., N. H. & H.	6	May 18, '14	98¾	99	10.00
Nor. Pacific	6	July 9, '14	100⅜	101¼	3.20
Pac. G. & E.	6	June 25, '14	100⅜	100⅝	4.80
Seaboard A. L.	5	Mar. 1916	99¾	100¼	4.90
So. Pacific	5	June 15, '14	100½	100⅝	3.35
Southern Ry.	5	Feb., 1916	99¾	100¼	4.90
Stiz. & Sons.	6	June, 1916	99¾	100¼	5.95
State of Tenn.	5	July, 1914	100¼	100⅜	5.70
U. S. S., R. & M.	5	Aug., 1914	100	100⅜	4.20
Union Typew.	5	Jan. 15, '16	97½	98¼	5.80
United Fruit.	6	May, 1917	101¾	102¼	5.25
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	102¼	102½	5.85
West. E. & M.	6	Aug., 1915	101¾	101⅞	4.85
Western Md.	5	July, 1915	98	98¼	6.15
Western Pow.	6	July, 1915	97	100	6.00

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

B. & O. eq. tr.	4½	Apr., 1914-23	4.60%	4.40%
C. & N. W. eq. tr.	4½	July, 1914-23	4.60%	4.40%
Erie eq. tr.	5	July, 1914-23	5.00%	4.75%
H. Val. eq. tr.	5	Aug., 1914-23	4.80%	4.60%
Ill. C. eq. tr.	4½	Aug., 1914-23	4.60%	4.40%
L. & G. N. eq. tr.	5	Aug., 1914-23	5.75%	5.25%
N. Y. C. L. eq. tr.	4½	Jan., 1915-28	4.65%	4.50%
Penn. eq. tr.	4½	Apr., 1914-23	4.50%	4.35%
S. A. L. eq. tr.	5	Feb. 15, '14-22	5.05%	4.85%
So. Pac. eq. tr.	4½	Mar., 1914-23	4.60%	4.45%

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Feb. 19.		Feb. 18.	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	143	148	143	148
American Cigar pf.	95½	97½	95	97
Am. Mach. & Fdy.	85	90	85	90
British-Am., new	23¾	24½	23⅝	24¼
Conley Foil	270	285	270	280
Johnson Tin & M.	175	195	175	190
J. S. Young	140	150	140	150
MacA. & Forbes	180	187	180	187
MacA. & Forbes pf.	95	102	95	102
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	212	222	210	220
P. R.-Am. 6% scrip	125	135	122	132
R. J. Reynolds	255	265	255	262
R. J. Reyn. 6% scrip	100	101	100	103
Tobacco Products pf.	84½	86	84½	86
United Cigar Stores	92	93	92¼	93
Unit. Cigar Stores pf.	112	115	112	115

BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve decreased	£595,000
Circulation decreased	32,000
Bullion decreased	626,884
Other securities increased	1,147,000
Other deposits decreased	4,288,600
Public deposits increased	4,778,000
Notes reserve decreased	600,000
Government securities unchanged.	

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 52.06 per cent.; last week it was 53.46 per cent.

Rate of discount unchanged at 3 per cent.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Augusta & Aiken	22	22	22
10	Augusta & Aiken pf	70	70	70
20	Balt. Elec. pf.	44¼	44¼	44¼
3	Bank of Com.	31	31	31
53	Cons. Power	105½	105	105¼
1,004	Cons. Power rights.	51c.	50c.	51c.
285	Fairmont Gas	24	24	24
20	Fairmont Gas pf.	45	45	45
50	Houston Oil ctfs.	17¼	17¼	17¼
10	Houston Oil pf. ctfs.	58½	58½	58½
5	Marine Bank	42	42	42
10	Maryland Casualty	88	88	88
170	Norf. Ry. & Light	25	25	25
145	Penn. Water & Pow.	74½	73½	74½
10	Union Bank	136	136	136
37	United Rys. & Elec.	25¾	25¾	25¾

BONDS.

$6,000	Anac. & Potom. 5s	99¾	99½	99½
1,000	Atl. Con. St. Ry. 5s	103½	103½	103½
16,000	A. C. L. con. 4s	94	93¾	93¾
200	City. Balt. 4s, '61	99¼	99¼	99¼
400	City Balt. 4s, '35	99	99	99
4,000	Con. Power-4½s	89¾	89¾	89¾
1,000	Det. United 4½s	74½	74½	74½
5,000	Elkhorn Fuel 5s	94½	94½	94½
1,000	Ga. & Fla. 5s	43	43	43
6,500	G. B. S. Brew 4s	28½	27½	28½
7,000	G. B. S. inc. 5s	3½	3½	3½
1,000	Maryland Elec. 5s	99	99	99
4,000	Mt. V.-W. Cot. D. 5s	37¼	37	37⅜
2,000	Un. Rys. & E. 1st 4s	83½	83½	83½
10,000	Un. Rys. & E. inc. 4s	63¾	63½	63½
1,000	Un. Rys. & E. fd. 5s	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Algomah	1½	1½	1½
215	Ailouez	43½	43	43⅜
25	American Zinc	20	20	20
82	Arizona Com'l	5¼	5 3-16	5 3-16
25	Butte & Balak	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
890	Butte & Superior	36⅜	36¼	36¼
320	Calumet & Arizona	68¾	68¼	68¼
15	Copper Range	39½	39½	39½
25	Daly West	2¾	2¾	2¾
80	East Butte	12	12	12
1,240	Franklin	5¼	4⅝	5
118	Granby	87¼	86	87
10	Hancock	21¼	21¼	21¼
10	Indiana	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
11	Island Creek	48	46½	46½
29	Lake	9¾	9½	9½
110	La Salle	5½	5½	5½
15	Mason Valley	3½	3½	3½
200	Mass Con	3⅝	3¼	3¼
10	New Arcadian	4½	4½	4½
4,579	North Butte	30¾	29	29¾
15	Old Colony	4½	4½	4½
45	Old Dominion	52⅝	52⅜	52⅜
50	Osceola	83½	83	83½
50	Pond Creek	18½	18½	18½
30	Quincy	66½	66¼	66¼
50	Santa Fe	2	2	2
20	Shannon	7¼	7¼	7¼
100	Shattuck	29	29	29
10	St. Mary's Land	37⅝	37⅜	37⅜
124	Superior & Boston	2¼	2¼	2¼
45	Superior	31½	31	31
210	Tamarack	41	40¾	40¾
15	U. S. Smelters	42¼	42	42¼
44	U. S. Smelters pf.	48¾	48¾	48¾
375	Utah Apex	2¼	2¼	2¼
254	Utah Con	13½	13	13
100	Victoria	1½	1½	1½
340	Winona	4¾	4¼	4½
10	Wolverine	48	48	48

RAILROADS.

50	Boston Elevated	83	82	82
100	Boston & Maine	45	43¾	45
4	Maine Central	97	97	97
90	Mass. Elec. pf.	63	63	63
37	No. N. Hampshire	112	110	110
9	Old Colony R. R.	165	165	165
25	West End St. R. R.	72½	72	72
65	West End St. pf.	93	92½	92½

MISCELLANEOUS.

11	Am. Agr. Chem.	54¾	54	54⅜
118	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	96	95½

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Subject to Prior Sale
100 Shares
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7% Pfd.
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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, FEB. 19, 1914.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales Feb. 19, 1914	203,523
Same day last year	221,763
Total year to date	14,755,700
Same period last year	13,090,360
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	71.19 —.04
Same day last year	73.49 —.15

	High.			Low.		
This year's range to date	73.30	Jan.	31	67.50	Jan.	3
Same period last year	79.10	Jan.	9	72.95	Feb.	19
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan.	9	63.09	June	10

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
22½	22⅞	100	Alaska Gold Mines	22½	22½	22½	22½	— ⅛
75⅝	75⅞	11,200	Amalgamated Cop	76½	76½	75⅝	75⅝	— ¼
54	56	100	Am. Agr. Chemical	54½	54½	54½	54½	+⅞
24	24¼	2,200	Am. Beet Sugar	24⅝	24⅝	23⅞	24	— ⅛
69	73½	100	Am. Beet Sugar pf	69	69	69	69	—4½
145	147	150	Am. B. S. & F. pf	146⅛	146⅛	146¼	146⅛	+1½
30⅜	31⅛	500	American Can	31	31	30⅞	30⅞	+ ⅛
92½	93	400	American Can pf	92⅝	92⅞	92½	92½	— ⅛
51½	52	500	Am. Car & Fdry	52¼	52¼	51¾	51¾	— ¼
45	46	50	Am. Cotton Oil	44½	44½	44½	44½	
31½	31¾	12,100	Am. Ice Securities	29¾	31⅝	29¾	31½	+2⅛
34¼	34⅜	200	Am. Locomotive	34¾	34¾	34½	34½	— ⅛
101	102½	100	Am. Locomotive pf	102	102	102	102	+ ⅛
68	68½	100	Am. Smel. & Ref	68½	68½	68½	68½	— ⅛
121¼	121⅝	200	Am. Tel. & Tel	121⅜	121½	121⅜	121½	+ ⅛
248	250	300	American Tobacco	249	249¼	248½	248½	+ ½
105½	106½	100	Am. Tob. pf., new	105¼	105¾	105¼	105¾	+ ⅝
76¼	78	212	Am. Woolen pf	77½	77½	77½	77½	— ⅝
36⅞	36⅝	1,200	Ana. Copper Co	36⅞	36⅞	36½	36½	— ⅜
24	25⅜	10	Assets Realization	26	26	26	26	
97⅜	98¼	700	Atch., T. & S. Fe	98	98¼	97⅜	97⅞	— ⅛
8	Fidelity Phenix Insurance	100	Baldwin Loco. pf	106¾	106¾	106¼	106¾	+ ⅛
92¼	92⅝	1,400	Baltimore & Ohio	92⅜	92¾	92¼	92¼	— ¼
82	85	6	Balt. & Ohio pf	82	82	82	82	
37¼	37½	700	Bethlehem Steel	37	37⅛	37	37¼	+ ⅛
77⅝	78	100	Beth. Steel pf	78	78	78	78	+1½
92¼	92⅝	2,400	Bklyn. Rapid Tran	92⅜	92¾	92⅜	92⅜	
27½	28¼	100	California Pet	28	28	28	28	+ ⅛
64	65	100	California Pet. pf	64	64	64	64	
214⅞	215	2,350	Canadian Pacific	215⅜	215⅝	214¾	215⅛	+ ¼
82¼	86	850	Case, (J. I.) Co. pf	86¾	86¾	82	83	—4
33	33½	3,500	Cent. Leather Co	34	34	32⅞	33¼	— ⅛
99¾	100½	10	Cent. Leath. Co. pf	100½	100½	100⅜	100½	
64½	64¾	1,500	Chesapeake & Ohio	63⅞	65	63¾	64⅛	+ ⅛
30½	31	50	Chi. Great West. pf	31	31	31	31	
103	103½	1,300	Chi., M. & St. Paul	103½	103¾	103	103	— ¼
135½	135¾	100	Chi. & Northwest'n	136	136	136	136	
42	42¼	6,900	Chino Copper	42⅜	42⅝	41⅞	42¼	— ⅝
38	40	100	Clev., C., C. & St. L	38	38	38	38	
32½	33	300	Colo. Fuel & Iron	33	33½	32¾	32¾	
155¼	156½	400	Dela. & Hudson	156	156⅜	156	156¼	+ ¼
18⅞	19¼	200	Distillers Securities	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	+ ⅛
30¼	30⅜	9,800	Erie	30⅛	30⅜	30¼	30¼	— ⅛
47	47⅜	100	Erie 1st pf	47⅜	47⅜	47⅜	47⅜	+ ¼
108	110	10	General Chem. pf	109½	109½	109½	109½	
148⅝	148⅞	100	General Electric	148⅝	148⅝	148⅝	148⅝	— ⅛
74⅛	75	8,200	General Motors	71¼	75⅝	71¼	74⅜	+4⅛
93½	94	3,400	General Motors pf	94	95	93¼	93¾	+ ⅛
24½	24⅞	800	Goodrich, (B.F.,) Co	25¼	25¼	24⅞	24⅞	— ⅛
129⅜	129½	4,500	Great Northern pf	129⅞	129⅞	129⅛	129⅜	— ⅜
52	52¾	1,000	Guggenheim Exp	52⅜	52⅝	51⅝	51⅝	— ¼
116		9	Homestake Mining	116¼	116¼	116¼	116¼	
15¼	15⅜	400	Int.-M. V. Tr. ctfs	15½	15½	15¼	15¼	— ⅛
60¾	61	100	Int.-Met. pf	61	61	61	61	
107⅞	108¾	300	Int. Harvest'g, N. J.	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾	+ ¼
9⅛	10	150	International Paper	9½	9½	9½	9½	— ⅛
22	30	100	Int. Steam Pump pf	24	24	24	24	—2
60¾	62	100	Kan. City So. pf	61	61	61	61	
85	87	12	Kayser, (J.,)&Co. pf	86¾	86¾	86¾	86¾	
98	99	100	Kresge, (S. S.,) Co	99	99	99	99	+1
35	38½	100	Lackawanna Steel	37	37	37	37	—1½
151	151½	1,400	Lehigh Valley	151⅝	151⅝	150	151	
226	228	100	Liggett & Myers	228⅞	228⅞	228⅞	228⅞	— ⅛
86½	87	1,000	Mackay Cos	85¼	86½	85¼	86½	+1¼
69¾	73	100	Mackay Cos. pf	70	70	70	70	+ ¼
100	101¼	141	May Dept. S. pf	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	+ ¼
2½	3	100	Mer. Marine	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
11¾	12⅜	100	Mer. Marine pf	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	+ ⅛
67⅝	67⅞	1,520	Mex. Petroleum	67⅞	67⅞	67¼	67⅜	— ⅛
23⅜	23⅞	200	Miami Copper	23⅜	23⅝	23⅜	23⅝	— ⅛
134⅜	136	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	135	135	135	135	+ ⅝
21¼	21⅝	300	Mo., Kan. & Texas	22	22	21¼	21¼	— ⅛
59	59½	100	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	59	59	59	59	
26⅜	26⅝	500	Missouri Pacific	26½	26½	26½	26½	
50	51	700	Nat. Lead Co	50	50	50	50	+ ⅛
16¼	16¼	700	Nevada Con. Cop	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼	— ⅛
90⅛	90½	4,000	N. Y. Central	90¼	90⅝	90	90½	+ ⅛
69¼	69½	1,900	N. Y., N. H. & H	69⅜	69⅝	69¼	69¼	— ⅛
28⅝	28⅞	200	N. Y., Ont. & W	28⅜	28⅜	28⅜	28⅜	— ⅛
38⅜	40½	30	Norfolk Southern	38¾	38¾	38½	38¾	
104⅜	104½	100	Norf. & Western	104½	104½	104½	104½	+ ⅛
70	70	100	North American	70	70	70	70	—1¼
116	116½	350	Northern Pacific	116¾	116¾	116¼	116¼	
111⅞	112¼	1,000	Penn. R. R.	112¼	112⅝	112	112	+ ⅛
91½	91⅝	400	Pitts. Coal pf	92½	92½	91⅜	91⅜	— ⅝
44⅜	45	800	Pressed Steel Car	45⅛	45½	44½	44½	
2	2¾	100	Quicksilver	2	2	2	2	— ⅛
31⅜	32⅜	500	Railway Steel Sp	31⅝	31⅝	31⅛	31⅝	— ⅛
99	102	10	Railway Steel S. pf	99	99	99	99	
20	20¼	1,250	Ray Con. Copper	20¼	20¼	19⅞	20	— ⅛
167⅛	167⅝	12,900	Reading	167⅜	167⅞	167¼	167½	+ ⅛
25½	26½	300	Rep. Iron & Steel	25½	25⅝	25½	25½	— ⅛
80	90	50	Rep. Iron & S. pf	80	80	80	80	
4,500	Rock Island Co	6⅜	6⅞	6⅛	6½	— ⅛
4,500	Rock Island Co. pf	10¼	10¼	9⅞	10	— ⅛
31	35	200	Rumely (M.,) Co. pf	33	33	33	33	+ ⅛
21	21½	100	Seab. Air Line	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	— ⅛
54½	54⅞	700	Seab. Air Line pf	54⅜	54⅞	54½	54⅝	— ⅛
33	35	100	S.-S. S. & F. Co	34½	34½	34½	34½	+ ⅛
96⅛	96⅝	5,300	Southern Pacific	96⅛	96⅝	96¼	96⅜	+ ⅛
273	273	100	So. Pacific t. f	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	+ ⅛
26½	26⅞	600	So. Railway ext	27	28⅛	26⅞	26⅞	+ ⅛
83⅝	84	30	So. Railway pf. ext	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	
84⅜	86½	100	Studebaker Co. pf	84⅝	84⅝	84⅝	84⅝	— ⅛
35⅜	36¼	900	Tennessee Copper	36⅜	36⅞	35⅝	35⅝	— ⅛
148½	148⅞	700	Texas Co	148	148⅞	147⅜	148½	+ ⅛
15	16	100	Texas & Pacific	15⅜	15⅝	15⅜	15⅜	— ⅛
43¾	44	150	Third Avenue	44	44	44	44	— ⅛
10¼	10⅝	200	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼	— ⅛
7	7⅞	1,800	Union B. & P. Co	7½	7⅝	7	7⅛	+ ⅛
162¼	162⅝	14,100	Union Pacific	162⅜	162⅞	162	162¼	+ ⅛
85¼	85⅞	100	Union Pacific pf	85¼	85⅝	85½	85⅝	+ ⅛
48⅞	50¼	200	Un. Cigar Mfrs	49⅜	49⅝	49⅜	49⅝	— ⅛
103	104	100	Un. Cigar Mfrs. pf	103⅞	103⅞	103⅝	103⅞	+ ⅛
100	101	100	Un. Dry Goods pf	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	+ ⅛
22	22½	100	Un. Railways Inv	22½	22½	22½	22½	
46¼	48	200	Un. Rys. Inv. pf	46	46½	46	46½	— ⅛
53½	54½	100	U. S. R. & Imp. Co	54	54	54	54	
59¼	60½	17,800	U. S. Rubber	59⅜	60⅜	59⅜	60	+ ⅛
101⅞	102¼	700	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	102	102	102	102	
66	66¼	37,800	U. S. Steel	66¼	66⅝	65⅞	66	+ ⅛
110	110½	300	U. S. Steel pf	110¼	110¼	110¼	110¼	+ ⅛
55	55⅝	4,200	Utah Copper	55⅞	55⅞	54⅝	55¼	— ⅛
2	2½	2,900	Wabash	2⅜	2⅜	2	2½	— ⅛
7½	8	600	Wabash pf	7⅞	7⅞	7½	7½	—1
80	84	150	Wells-Fargo Exp	82	82	82	82	—2½
30¼	31	200	West. Maryland	30⅞	30⅞	30¼	30¼	— ⅛
65½	65⅝	1,100	West. Union Tel	65½	65⅝	65¼	65¼	— ⅛
70¼	71	400	Westingh. E. & M	71	71	71	71	+ ⅛
4¼	4⅜	100	Wheeling & L. E	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	

ATTACK ON BILL FOR TRADE COMMISSION

Chamber of Commerce Hears Protests and Will Send a Committee to Washington.

CANNON URGES CHANGES

Thinks Powers of Inquiry Should Be Limited Strictly — Metz Assails the Measure.

The plan for a Federal Trade Commission was criticised bitterly at a special meeting of the Chamber of Commerce yesterday. At the close of one of the liveliest sessions ever held it was decided to send a large delegation to Washington to oppose the pending bill. Incidentally, the Administration came in for some harsh comment.

The attack on the trade-commission plan began with the presentation of a resolution by James G. Cannon, Chairman of the Executive Committee. The resolution said that a Federal Trade Commission, if created, ought to be limited in its powers of inquiry to those corporations which the Department of Justice believed to be offenders against the law, and if investigations were made they should be limited to alleged infractions of the law. They should not be permitted to cover matters of ordinary and legitimate business, the privacy of which always had been protected by the law.

Howard C. Smith of Hathaway, Smith, Folds & Co., commercial paper brokers, said that business men should be permitted to present to the commission projects which they desired to undertake, and after a reasonable period of investigation, if no objection were made by the Government, they should be permitted to proceed without fear of further interference. Mr. Smith desired to amend the resolution by authorizing the Chamber's Executive Committee to present the views of the Chamber to Congress.

Welding Ring took the floor and said that what the chamber needed was immediate action or the hearings on the Trade Commission bill before the Judiciary Committee of the House would be closed before anything was done. Then Representative Metz took the floor.

"They close the hearings to-morrow," said he. "The Trade Commission is a nuisance, and nothing else. There is no reason for it. What is the use of this commission? One of the provisions is that a concern that is incorporated for $5,000,000 shall publish its records, or make them public. That is going to be amended to a $3,000,000 concern.

"The whole thing is against big business, and it is about time for the people of New York to awake and say to them at Washington that you are against that kind of legislation. If you do not do that you will never get anything in your favor. The only people who have any standing there to-day are the farmer and the workingman. Others have no chance on the floor of Congress.

"They want information. They mean to do the right thing; but we have too many Brandeises and too many theorists and not enough business men. You could not get a suggestion in there with an axe from any man that knows anything about real business."

President Claflin said that evidently Mr. Metz was quite in accord with the resolution presented by Mr. Cannon. Mr. Metz said that he was.

"I have no doubt from the applause that greeted your remarks," continued Mr. Claflin, "that a majority of the members of the Chamber would prefer that no trade commission should be appointed. I have not the slightest doubt that the members of this Chamber think at any rate that it is a mistake to authorize a trade commission." Mr. Cannon's resolution then was adopted by the Chamber.

E. L. Rogers, of the banking firm of Rogers & Gould, then assailed the pending Administration measures, saying:

"On Jan. 20 the President delivered a speech in which he said that the antagonism between business and Government was over. On Jan. 23 the Trust bills were introduced. I do not think it is for us to introduce a lot of barley water in our resolution. I think it is up to us to inform the country in our resolution of our condemnation of the Administration bills. They are very serious. We will be handicapped if those bills go through. I move that a committee be appointed to go to Washington, a big one and a representative one, to show the House, where the bills now are or shortly will be, what we think of them."

Mr. Rogers's motion was carried. Before the meeting closed President Claflin said that he would telegraph to Washington to ask to have the hearings on the Federal Trade Commission bill continued. He will appoint a committee to represent the Chamber.

NEW HAVEN MERGER UP IN SENATE AGAIN

Norris of Nebraska Wants to Know if Dissolution Plan Involves Immunity.

B. & M. INTERESTS ANXIOUS

Lawrence and Others Fear Minority Stockholders Will Not Be Properly Safeguarded.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Senator Norris, a radical Republican from Nebraska, to-day introduced a resolution asking the Attorney General whether the plan for the peaceable dissolution of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad merger involved immunity for the officials and fiscal agents of the road or would hinder the railroad company or its stockholders in suits for the recovery of lost funds.

When Mr. Norris first proposed the resolution for an investigation of the New Haven, on the day after the road passed its dividend, he was dissuaded by the argument that a Congressional investigation might grant immunity to certain persons. Since then the Department of Justice has issued a statement saying the Federal laws gave no basis for criminal suits for actions connected with the finances of common carriers. That statement spurred Mr. Norris to introduce his resolution. It follows:

Resolved, That the Attorney General be, and he is hereby directed to inform the Senate whether the Department of Justice has entered, or is contemplating entering into any contract, agreement or understanding with the officials or other persons representing the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company regarding the reorganization of said company, or the settlement of any of its financial or other difficulties, or if any such contract, understanding or agreement has been entered into, or is contemplated, then to inform the Senate specifically whether said contract, agreement or understanding either directly or indirectly contemplates:

First—The giving of immunity from prosecution to any person or persons connected with said railroad company or any of its subsidiaries, any of its fiscal or financial agents, or any other person or persons.

Second—Whether such contract, agreement or understanding, either directly or indirectly, contemplates the surrender by said railroad company or any of its stockholders of any right to begin and maintain an action for the recovery of money or damages on account of the misappropriation of the money, funds or property of said company by its officers, agents, employes, financial agents or other person or persons.

Through objection by Mr. Bankhead of Alabama the resolution went over until to-morrow.

Mr. Norris's real motive in introducing the resolution was to force publicity on the precise terms of the agreement tentatively made last night, so that the minority interests in the Boston & Maine Railroad and other subordinate lines might know precisely what was going to happen. Mr. Norris introduced the resolution after a conference with William B. Lawrence of Medford, Mass., one of the largest individual stockholders of the Boston & Maine.

Mr. Lawrence came to Washington in response to a telegram from Mr. Norris. He is very anxious to know what in the agreement for voluntary dissolution before it is finally signed. Mr. Lawrence seems to fear that the minority stockholders may not be sufficiently safeguarded.

Mr. Lawrence is particularly interested in the line limit to be set for the handling of the Boston & Maine stock by Trustees. It is understood that Howard Elliott wants the Trusteeship to last ten years, so that there may be time for the stock to regain some of its former value before sales are forced. Attorney General McReynolds wants the stock sold within two years. Mr. Lawrence approves the position of the Attorney General.

SUBMITS NEW HAVEN PLAN.

Elliott Outlines Dissolution Arrangement to Directors.

Howard Elliott of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad submitted to the road's Board of Directors yesterday a tentative plan for the dissolution of the merger between the New Haven and Boston & Maine Railroads.

This tentative plan had been agreed upon, it was announced in dispatches from Washington on Wednesday, at conferences between Attorney General McReynolds and Mr. Elliott. Mr. Elliott said at the conclusion of the Directors' meeting that no formal action had been taken upon the plan, but that he and a committee of the Directors had been authorized to continue the conferences with the Attorney General.

"When will the next meeting with the Attorney General take place?" Mr. Elliott was asked.

"Next week," he replied.

In response to further questions, Mr. Elliott indicated that he did not care to make public any of the specific points still at issue between himself and Attorney General McReynolds. He said that the personnel of the Boston & Maine trusteeship had not yet been agreed upon.

"And how about immunity?" insisted one questioner. "Did you talk over in Washington the question of immunity from prosecution for alleged violation of the Sherman law?"

Mr. Elliott's reply was rather emphatic.

"I never discussed that matter in any way with any one," he said.

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INCOME TAX DEPARTMENT
We are prepared to assist our depositors and others in filling out the certificates required by the Treasury Department regulations in connection with the collection of coupons and registered interest and in preparing their annual returns of income, which must be filed with the Collector of Internal Revenue on or before March 1st.
We should be glad to talk with you in regard to this matter.
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BOROUGH OF BROOKLYN, CITY OF NEW YORK
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PACIFIC ELECTRIC RAILWAY CO.
REFUNDING MORTGAGE
FIFTY YEAR GOLD BONDS.
Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9, Article fourth, of the Mortgage from this Company to the United States Mortgage & Trust Company, Trustee, dated September 1, 1911, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad therein mortgaged, the sum of $10,000. In the year 1913, to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds issued under the said mortgage will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of said bonds at prices to be named by the bidders, subject to the provisions of the mortgage in respect thereof, to the amount of $10,282.43. In the Sinking Fund.
Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office in the City of Los Angeles, California, on or before the twenty-eighth day of February, 1914, at 12 o'clock, noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Pacific Electric Railway Company's Refunding Mortgage Fifty Year Gold Bonds."
PACIFIC ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANY
By PAUL SHOUP, President.
Los Angeles, Cal., February 1, 1914.

$250,000.00 FIFTH LOUISIANA LEVEE DISTRICT BOND SALE.
Sealed proposals for the purchase of $250,000.00 5% Bonds will be received at the office of the Board of Commissioners for the Fifth Louisiana Levee District, Tallulah, La., up to 12 o'clock M., March 3d, 1914.
Denominations of $1,000.00 each. Bids will be received for part or the whole offer, with the right to reject any or all bids.
Good faith deposits of one and one-half per cent of the bid required, certified check or currency.
For further information apply to the President or Secretary of the Board.
E. C. RHODES.
President Board of Commissioners, 5th La. Levee District.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

New York, January 23rd, 1914.
ELECTION NOTICE.
The Missouri Pacific Railway Co.
Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of The Missouri Pacific Railway Company will be held at the general office of the company, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, on Tuesday, March 10th, 1914, at 9 o'clock A. M., for the election of thirteen directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of any other business that may come before said meeting. The annual meeting of the Directors will be held at the same office on the same day at twelve o'clock noon. The transfer books will be closed on Monday, February 2nd, 1914, at three o'clock P. M., and will be reopened on Wednesday, March 11th, 1914, at ten o'clock A. M.
The Missouri Pacific Railway Company.
By H. F. BUSH, President.
A. H. CALEF, Secretary.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE DROP FORGING COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
The annual meeting of stockholders for the election of Directors for the Drop Forging Company of New York not having been held on the day designated in the by-laws, and the Directors not having within one month thereafter called a special election, notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the said corporation for the purpose of electing Directors thereof will be held at the office of Messrs. Latson, Tompkins & Pickard, counsel to the Company, No. 55 John Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 5th day of March, 1914, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.
Dated New York City, February 16, 1914.
ALBRO M. TILTON.
A Stockholder of Said Corporation.

THE LAWSON PUBLISHING COMPANY hold annual stockholders' meeting 37 East 28th Street, New York, Tuesday morning, March 3rd, 1914, 11 o'clock, to consider whatever business may properly come before the meeting.

The Annual Meeting of MEINEL & WEMPLE, INC., will be held at the office of said corporation, No. 80 Malden Lane, New York, N. Y., on Monday, March 2, 1914, at 11 o'clock A. M. WILLIAM Y. WEMPLE, Secretary-Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC RAILWAYS COMPANY OF LONDON, LIMITED.
6 PER CENT. INCOME BONDS OF 1948.
Notice is hereby given that interest on the Income Bonds for the Half-year ended December 31st, 1913, at the rate of 6% per annum free of British Income Tax) will be paid against presentation and surrender of Coupon No. 12, on and after the second day of March, 1914, in London, at the London County & Westminster Bank, Ltd.; in NEW YORK at NEW-YORK TRUST COMPANY, in Frankfort-on-Main at Mr. Lazard Speyer-Ellissen; in Amsterdam by Associatie Cassa.
Coupons must be left for examination three clear days before payment.
By Order of the Board.
W. E. MANDELICK, Secretary.
London, February 19, 1914.

MERGENTHALER LINOTYPE CO.
New York, February 17, 1914.
At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day, a regular quarterly dividend of two and one-half per cent. and an extra dividend of one-half of one per cent. were declared, payable on and after March 31st, 1914, to the stockholders of record on Saturday, March 7, 1914, at one o'clock P. M

WILL SPEND $300,000 FOR SIEGEL STORES

Creditors Authorize the Purchase of New Goods to Keep Them Going.

DEBTS OVER $11,000,000.

Exceed by More Than $3,000,000 the Assets—Discussion of Plans of Reorganization.

Creditors of the various enterprises of Henry Siegel and his partner, F. E. Vogel, voted yesterday morning that the receivers of the mercantile enterprises should be permitted to expend $300,000 within the next two weeks for new goods to be added to the present depleted stocks. The expenditure of that sum, the receivers said, was necessary to keep the stores going. The matter was brought up at a meeting of representatives of the different creditors and bank depositors called by Special Master Holt in the rooms of the Merchants' Association in the Woolworth Building to decide on the continuance or discontinuance of the Siegel enterprises. William A. Marble and John S. Sheppard, Jr., receivers for the Siegel stores, submitted a report showing that the enterprises of Henry Siegel and F. E. Vogel, exclusive of their private banking institution, had liabilities which exceeded by more than $3,000,000 their assets.

Objection to the expenditure of $300,000 for new stock for the Siegel stores, which, it was said, were still unprofitable, was made by representatives of the depositors of the private bank of Henry Siegel & Co. On the other hand, Joseph M. Hartfield, of counsel for the committee representing the commercial banks and mercantile creditors of the stores, of which Pierre Jay is Chairman, endeavored to explain to the impatient depositors that if a reorganization of the stores was to be made, it was essential that they should be kept going, and likewise if they were to be sold in bulk it was evident that a reorganization was found impossible, more money would be realized from the sale if the stores were "going enterprises."

Mr. Hartfield said that the members of the Creditors' Committee had spent a great deal of their time in trying to ascertain the actual condition of the Siegel stores. With respect to the claims of the receiver of the private bank, Mr. Hartfield, asserted that the Committee of Mercantile Creditors had no hostility to the depositors. He said that there was not a single mercantile creditor who desired any settlement which would be unfair to the depositors.

According to Mr. Hartfield, the members of the Committee of Mercantile Creditors are still working on a plan of settlement, which they hope will result in a reorganization of the Siegel stores. Before that reorganization could be effected, he said yesterday, many difficulties would have to be overcome. The situation was made more difficult because there were so many landlords interested in the buildings and sites occupied by the Simpson Crawford Company and the Fourteenth Street Store. These landlords, he said, would have to be induced to reduce their rents before reorganizations could be effected, and in addition there was the difficulty of obtaining credit for stores known to be in the hands of receivers. Working capital also was needed. Mr. Hartfield asked for an adjournment of the hearing so that the committee he represented might prepare and submit their plan of settlement.

At this juncture, H. R. Kolin, representing the Depositors' Realization Corporation, 42 Broadway, said that Messrs. Siegel and Vogel were ready to make a payment of 32½ cents on the dollar to the depositors of the bank, in the event of a reorganization, and their relatives and friends would participate in that payment. The remaining 67½ cents would be secured by notes maturing in five years.

John P. Murray of Coudert Brothers, counsel for the Depositors' Committee of Ten, questioned Mr. Kolin about this proposed plan of settlement with the depositors. Mr. Kolin said that, including the bank's bond of $100,000 given to the State authorities, $25,000 in cash held by the receiver, and an assignment of all claims against the different stores on the part of the bank's receiver in case the plan of the Depositors' Realization Corporation was accepted, that organization would have $315,000 to distribute among depositors. In addition, the frends and relatives of Siegel and Vogel would contribute approximately $440,000. This would make possible the payment of 32½ per cent. to the depositors, and the payment would be made on the surrender of the depositors' passbooks and an assignment of their claims. The notes for the remaining 67½ per cent. would be secured by $4,000,000 stock in the Siegel Cooper Company of Chicago and such new corporation as might be organized to take over the Simpson Crawford Company and the Fourteenth Street Store in this city.

The report of the receivers gave these assets and liabilities of the mercantile enterprises of Henry Siegel and F. E. Vogel, as shown by the books of the various concerns on Dec. 29, 1913:

ASSETS.

Simpson Crawford Co.	$5,220,478
Fourteenth Street Store	1,410,803
Henry Siegel Co., Boston	133,222
Merchants' Express Co.	188,734
	$8,089,06

LIABILITIES.

Simpson Crawford Co.	$5,823,958
Fourteenth Street Store (possible $3,148,742)	3,161,685
Henry Siegel Co., Boston, (possible $2,783,112)	1,962,172
Merchants' Express Co.	189,604
	$11,137,419
Liabilities exceed assets	$3,048,158

In the preface to their report the receivers said: "The various figures contained in these reports are not to be taken as admissions by the receivers nor as final figures collated by the receivers up to the present time, all subject to modification, change or withdrawals, but representing at present the results of the investigations made by the receivers, their accountants and counsel.

"We found that 'Henry Siegel & Co., Bankers,' had a large amount of deposits from 15,000 depositors, aggregating about $2,500,000; that these moneys had apparently been used by Siegel and Vogel in some way in the conduct of the three stores (Simpson Crawford Company, The 14th Street Store, and the Henry Siegel Company) although the books of the stores did not reveal with any degree of accuracy the indebtednesses on account of the advance of these moneys.

"We procured an order for the examination of Siegel and Vogel individually; and upon that examination both of said defendants claimed that they regarded the deposits as their 'private money,' that they had loaned it to themselves as individuals and then used it for the stores, with the understanding that any indebtedness by the stores in respect of such moneys should be subordinated to the claims of the other general creditors of the stores; and that by reason of this understanding these indebtednesses had not been entered upon the books of the stores.

"The books of the bank indicate indebtednesses of the various stores in various amounts, but the examination which we have caused to be made of the original checks of 'Henry Siegel & Co., Bankers,' and then of the checks of some of the stores, revealed that the statements on the books of 'Henry Siegel & Co., Bankers,' did not accurately indicate the particular store which got the benefit of the various loans."

The hearing was adjourned until March 2, when the committee representing the mercantile creditors of the Siegel stores, will appear again before Special Master Holt with the proposed plan of reorganization, which will include a cash payment to the bank depositors.

J. B. Sullivan Heads Appraisers.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—President Wilson to-day designated Jerry B. Sullivan of Des Moines to be President of the United States Board of General Appraisers at New York, to succeed H. M. Summerville, who retired from the Chairmanship, but remained a member of the board. Sullivan was a Commissioner.

POSTAL RATE OPPOSED.

Paper Men Against Increase on Second Class Matter.

Emphatic protest was made yesterday by the American Pulp and Paper Association at its annual convention at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel against the bill now pending in Congress to advance the postal rate on second class mail matter from 1 cent to 2 cents for 4 ounces. The proposition was unqualifiedly condemned in formal resolutions as practically confiscatory so far as the publishing and paper industries are concerned, and without any real necessity or corresponding advantage to the country.

A long preamble setting forth the opposition of the members of the association to the proposed measure was read to the convention by George E. Crafts, Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions. The resolution accompanying the preamble was adopted unanimously, and will be forwarded to President Wilson and members of Congress. The paper manufacturers hold that, in the event of the passage of the pending bill, the increase in the cost of distributing second class matter will immediately result in the discontinuance of many publications and make it necessary for the great majority of them to save themselves from the added burden by materially reducing the size and weight of their issues.

The preamble also points out that such discontinuances and reductions would enormously curtail the consumption of print paper and thus destroy in a large measure the market of the paper manufacturers in this country. It is stated to have been the policy of the Government from the beginning of the postal service to encourage a cheap means of distributing literature among the people even though at an actual loss to the public treasury. The publishing business has been built up on its faith in the continuance of such governmental policy, while the manufacturers of paper have established and invested enormous sums upon the estimated requirements of the publishing interests so encouraged by the Government.

The morning session was devoted to addresses and papers relating to subjects of trade interest. At the final session in the afternoon, matters of business routine were acted upon, including a change in the manner of selecting officers for the association. It was also decided to give the various trade sections or divisions of the association greater autonomy. Up to this time, it has been the practice of the Chairmen of these divisions to be Vice Presidents of the association. Under the plan adopted yesterday, each division will have its own President, Vice President, and Secretary. The carrying out of these plans was left in the hands of the Executive Council, which at its next meeting will name the new officers of the association, and of the several divisions into which the general organization is divided. Arthur C. Hastings, who will continue as President until the Executive Council has completed the reorganization, said yesterday that the business outlook in the paper manufacturing industry is improving, and the future encouraging excepting the threatened postal rate legislation.

The convention was brought to a close last night with a dinner held in the large ballroom of the hotel, attended by more than 500 members and guests. The list of speakers included the Rev. Dr. Nehemiah Boynton, Prof. H. C. Emery, former Chairman of the Tariff Board; F. H. Green of the Chester, Penn., Normal School; Henry A. Wise, and M. P. Northrup, member of the Canadian Parliament.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES

Further information may be obtained from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Washington, D. C., and at the branch office, 315 Custom House, by giving the number of item referred to.

12,530. MANILA PAPER.—A rep. of foreign paper manufacturers desires to procure from Am. the terms and dates upon which they could supply and deliver manila paper in rolls weighing 35 grams, 70 grams, and 120 grams per square meter. The total amount of paper required annually by the firm is about 330,000 pounds

12,531. STREET FLUSHER.—A Canadian city is contemplating the purchase of a street flusher for use on paved streets.

12,532. ELECTRIC CRANES.—Proposals are requested for supplying and installing in the Port of Gijon Musel, Spain, four electric cranes with the corresponding electric line, the estimated cost of which is about $53,000, and the construction of the railway line necessary for these cranes, the estimated cost of which is $7,500. Proposals must be submitted through a resident agent to the Secretaria de la Junta del Puerto de Gijon Musel. Gijon Musel, Province of Oneido, Spain.

12,533. ELECTRIC HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCES.—A Canadian city is about to have a daytime electric current service. There will be a moderate demand for electric household accessories, flatirons, &c.

12,534. STEAM ENGINE WITH HIGH-PRESSURE PUMPS.—The municipality of Antwerp has called for bids for a steam engine with high-pressure pumps for one of the pumping stations in connection with the hydraulic power used in the equipment of the port. Bids must be received by April 6, and must be accompanied by a bank or cash guaranty of $965.

12,535. HARDWARE SPECIALTIES AND EXPORT JOURNALS.—A European business man desires to correspond with Am. mfrs of small hardware, building hardware specialties, locks, and hinges, small mechanical specialties for household use and for the woodworking and metal trades; in fact, such articles as are found in the average well-assorted hardware store in the U. S. He also desires sample copies, with subscription rates, of Am. export journals printed in the Spanish language.

12,536. FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY.—A firm wishes the agency for an Am. fire ins. co.

12,537. LEATHER.—A European boot and shoe dealer desires to reach Am. mfrs. of leather uppers similar to samples which has forwarded.

LINES' MANAGERS MEET.

Conferences of Atlantic Steamship Representatives Begun.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—Conferences between the representatives of the Hamburg-American, the North German Lloyd, the Red Star, and the Holland-America steamship lines began here to-day and will be continued to-morrow and Saturday.

Both Phillip Heineken, Managing Director of the North German Lloyd Company, and Albert Ballin, Managing Director of the Hamburg-American Line, were in attendance.

It was stated that a number of details must be arranged before negotiations for the reconstitution of the Atlantic pool could be commenced. A meeting of all the American, British, and Continental shipping companies has been called for this purpose for Feb. 23.

BUSINESS NOTES.

A. J. Baker, Vice President and Sales Manager of the Niagara Silk Mills of North Tonawanda, N. Y., is now in this city on a short business trip.

Joseph H. Mintz, coast representative of the French Lingerie Company, 320 Fifth Avenue, leaves to-day for his territory. Louis J. Woolf, who represents the same company, left yesterday for his trip through the South. Alvin S. Mela, also representing that company, is now en route, covering Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, and Kansas.

The Sisson Brothers-Welden Company, Binghamton, N. Y., have appointed F. M. Atkins their resident buyer. The offices are at 220 Fifth Avenue.

The McCurdy & Norwell Company, Rochester, have transferred their account to the James T. Leonard Company, resident buyers, 353 Fourth Avenue,

The L. Saks Company, Birmingham, Ala., has appointed F. M. Atkins its resident buyer. Its offices are at 220 Fifth Avenue.

F. M. Atkins, resident buyer, has moved the downtown shipping office from 40 Great Jones Street to 147 West Twenty-fourth Street.

The Scranton Lace Company has concentrated its entire selling organization at the office, 212 Fifth Avenue. John M. Haley, formerly of the Chicago office, has been made general sales manager, with Charles M. Bacon as his assistant. The Secretary of the company, H. J. Hail, will also be directly associated with the new sales management.

PROPOSALS FOR SUPPLIES.

1,657. GENERAL SUPPLIES.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the General Supply Committee, Union Building, Washington, D. C., until March 19, for furnishing the executive dep'ts and indep. establishments during the fiscal year 1915 with stationery and drafting supplies, hardware, metal, cordage, leather goods, leather, saddlery, dry goods, wearing apparel, drugs, medicines, chemicals, laboratory apparatus, hospital appliances, surgical instruments, electrical, engineering, and plumbing supplies; lumber, millwork, packing boxes, building materials, paints, oils, glass, brushes, furniture, floor coverings, groceries, provisions, household supplies, photographic supplies, special Agricultural Dep't equipment, engraving and lithographic supplies, including supplies for the Printing Office, Bureau of Engraving and Printing; incandescent electric lamps, incandescent gas lamp supplies, motor trucks, typewriters, and computing machines.

1,658. METAL FLUMES.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the United States Reclamation Service, Great Falls, Mon., until March 9 for furnishing and erecting metal flumes. The work involves the furnishing of about 7,357 linear feet of flumes of various diameters, ranging from 2 feet 6½ inches to 14 feet, and the erection of about 3,050 linear feet of flume of 8 feet 3¼ inches diameter.

1,659. POST OFFICE CONSTRUCTION.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Supervising Architect, Treasury Dept., Washington, D. C., until March 30 for the construction, complete (including mechanical equipment, interior lighting fixtures, and approaches,) of the Post Offices at Urbana, Ill., Cartersville, Ga., and Minot, N. D.

1,660. CANAL CONSTRUCTION.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the United States Reclamation Service, Great Falls, Mon., until April 15 for the construction of a portion of the St. Mary's Canal, Milk River project, Mon., involving about 560,000 cubic yards of excavation, 7,750 cubic yards of concrete, 13,000 square yards of paving, 700 cubic yards of riprap, and 8,500 cubic yards of puddling, the placing of about 485,000 pounds of steel reinforcement bars, and 293,000 feet, board measure, of lumber in wooden structures, and the erection of about 105,000 pounds of miscellaneous metal work.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Forecast:

N. and S. Car.—Fair F., rain in early morn., colder. Sa. fair; mod. n. to n. e. winds.

Ga.—Fair F., rain on coast; colder. Sa. fair; mod. and var. winds, bec. n. e.

Fla.—Local rains F., fair in n. pt.; colder. Sa. fair; colder in s. p.; mod. w. to n. w. winds.

Ala., Miss.—Fair, colder F. Sa. cloudy; lt. n. winds.

La.—Fair F.; colder in s. e. Sa. cloudy; lt. n. winds.

E. Tex.—Cloudy F., Sa.; probably rain Sa.; mod. n. to n. e. winds.

W. Tex.—Fair F., Sa.; warmer F. in n.

Utah—Unsettled F., Sa.; probably snow in mountains.

Okla.—Fair, warmer F. Sa. unsettled, prob. rain.

Ark.—Fair F. Sa. cloudy, prob. rain.

Tenn.—Fair, colder F. Sa. cloudy, prob. rain in w.

Ky.—Fair F., Sa.

Lower Mich.—Fair F., Sa.; lt. n. w. to n. winds.

Ohio, Ind.—Fair F., Sa.; lt. n. winds.

Ill.—Fair F., Sa., cloudy; lt. n. to n. e. winds.

Upper Mich.—Fair, cont'd cold, F., Sa.

Wis.—Fair F. Sa. cloudy, prob. snow in w. pn.; lt. n. to n. e. winds.

Iowa.—Snow F.; Sa. fair.

Mo.—Fair F., snow in n. w. Sa. prob. snow.

N. Dak.—Fair F. Sa. not so cold.

S. Dak.—Snow, not so cold F. Su. fair.

Neb.—Fair F., snow in n. Sa. fair, warmer.

Kan.—Fair, warmer F. Sa. fair.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

The grain markets were irregular. Wheat lost at the close part of an early rally, leaving off ½c lower to ¼c higher. Corn was net unchanged to ¼c lower, and oats closed without changes. Cotton was listless with some options 7 points higher at the close and others unaltered, cotton oil and provisions were heavy.

WHEAT.

While final quotations were ¼@⅝c down from the top, they were net ¼c lower to ¼c higher. Strength in the Northwestern markets had a pronounced influence on sentiment, and there were reports that mills were buying.

In the local cash market No. 2 hard Winter wheat was quoted at $1.00¾, c. i. f., to arrive; No. 2 red, $1.02½, elevator; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.05¾, f. o. b., afloat; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.04¾, f. o. b., afloat.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	102 9-16	102¾	102 9-16	102¼	99¼
July			97¾	97¾	96¼

CHICAGO PRICES.

May	94¾	94¼	94¼	94¾	92¾
July	89¾	89	89¼	89¾	91¾

CORN.

Sentiment in the corn market was divided, and price changes were comparatively narrow, the market closing net unchanged to ⅛c lower. In the local cash market No. 3 yellow corn was quoted at 69¼c c. i. f. to arrive.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	66¾	65¾	65¾	66	52⅛
June	65¾	65¼	65¼	65¾	53¾
July	64¾	64¼	64⅜	64⅝	54⅝

OATS.

At the close values were net unchanged for the day. Receipts at primary points were smaller and there was little pressure to sell. The local cash market was steady; standard white quoted at 45½ to 46c; No. 2, 46 to 46¼c; No. 3, 45 to 45¾c; No. 4, 44½ to 45c; ordinary clipped white, 44½ to 47c; fancy clipped white, 45½ to 48c, all elevator.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	40	39¾	39⅞	39⅞	34
July	39¾	39¼	39⅜	39⅝	34¼

PROVISIONS

The market for hog products was again easy in the face of firm hog markets, owing to continued selling through commission houses. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 27,000; estimated for Friday, 20,000; Kansas City received 6,000, and Omaha 14,000.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	10.90	10.80	10.80	10.92	10.60
July	11.07	11.00	11.00	11.10	10.63
Ribs					
May	11.57	11.52	11.53	11.57	10.87
July	11.70	11.67	11.67	11.72	10.80
Pork—					
May	21.70	21.62	21.70	21.70	19.77
July	21.70	21.67	21.70	21.75	19.66

COTTON.

The cotton market was very quiet yesterday, but ruled steady and closed steady, net unchanged to 7 points higher. The New York Cotton Exchange will remain closed on Saturday as a mark of respect to the memory of its late ex-President, George Neville, and after to-day's session will consequently not reopen for business until next Tuesday morning, as Washington's Birthday is observed on Monday. Part of yesterday's demand probably reflected covering for over this three-day adjournment, while in the late trading there was some buying here by houses with Liverpool connections.

Private cables reported a very quiet market at Liverpool with a steady undertone resulting from a good spot demand.

Southern spot markets as officially reported were generally unchanged. The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 5 points higher at 12.95 for middling upland; sales, nil.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
February	12.18	12.18	12.22@12.25	12.16
March	12.27	12.18	12.26@12.27	12.20
April			12.06@12.08	12.02
May	11.96	11.88	11.95@11.96	11.91
June	11.86	11.86	11.91@11.93	11.86
July	11.89	11.81	11.89@11.90	11.84
August	11.67	11.66	11.72@11.73	11.67
September			11.01@11.53	11.50
October	11.47	11.42	11.46@11.47	11.45
December	11.54	11.50	11.53@	11.53
January	11.46	11.46	—@—	

COTTONSEED OIL.

An easier feeling prevailed in the market for cottonseed oil, and prices at the close were 2 to 5 points net lower.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot			7.00@7.09	7.05
February	7.08	7.08	7.09@7.09	7.09
March	7.10	7.09	7.10@7.11	7.13
April	7.20	7.20	7.20@7.22	7.22
May	7.28	7.26	7.26@7.28	7.30
June			7.38@7.39	7.40
July	7.48	7.47	7.48@7.49	7.50
August	7.60	7.59	7.58@7.60	7.62
September			7.63@7.67	7.68

COFFEE.

Further liquidation occurred in the coffee market and prices declined to within about ⅛c of the low of the entire season. Havre closed at a decline of 1½ to 1¾ francs, while Hamburg was 1 to 1¼ pfennigs lower.

The local spot market was very inactive and prices were easier, with Rio 7s quoted at 9¼c.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
February			8.90@8.92	8.99
March	8.92	8.86	8.92@8.93	9.01
April			9.02@9.04	9.11
May	9.14	9.06	9.13@9.14	9.21
June			9.22@9.24	9.31
July	9.30	9.25	9.31@9.33	9.41
August			9.38@9.40	9.49
September	9.50	9.40	9.45@9.46	9.57
October	9.47	9.43	9.45@9.51	9.62
November	9.60	9.60	9.60@9.60	9.67
December	9.63	9.54	9.58@9.60	9.71
January			9.60@9.62	9.75

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday.....3¾@4¼% for the best names
Wednesday.....3¾@4¼% " " " "
The quotation is for six months' paper.

Another Way to Advertise.

"What won't some of our ingenious advertisers do next?" was the question put to a TIMES reporter yesterday by a local merchant. Thereupon he produced a business card of a local retail store devoted to women's ready-to-wear apparel. The card was highly scented with a new perfume. On the reverse side was printed the fact that the card was scented with a certain brand of imported perfume, and the name and address of the manufacturer in Paris was given.

Rubbers Sold at Auction.

David W. Biow & Co., 13 Lispenard treet, offered at auction yesterday 20,000 pairs of rubbers, in case lots, for men, women and children. The merchandise put up included boots, arctics and rubbers, and among the brands offered were Goodyear, Converse, Bay State, Hoods, Middlesex, Old Colony and Ball brand. The auction was well attended by local and out-of-town merchants, and the prices obtained were from 50 to 75 cents on a dollar. About 15,000 pairs were disposed of at the sale. Among those represented at the auction were J. Silverman, East Stroudsberg, Penn.; D. Riff, St. Stephens, S. C.; Edwin Silberg, Cranford, N. J.; the Globe Department Store, Herndon, Penn., and also a number of local retail storekeepers.

Japanese Silks Still Advancing.

A rise in the price of raw silk amounting approximately to $10 per picul of 133 pounds featured the week's trading in the Yokohama market. Slower buying followed the advance. Most of the late business booked is for future delivery, the smallness of stocks being a barrier to immediate business. Recently compiled statistics show that the Canton market is in a very strong position, shipments being much heavier and stocks lighter than at this time a year ago. The price trend at Shanghai is distinctly upward, the firm position being assured by tussahs there being taken as an indication that the market is all in favor of sellers. In Italy, the scarcity of cocoons has caused the closing of several of the filatures; and the major part of the better grades of silks are booked for the balance of the season. A good general demand was in evidence in the local market throughout the week, with prices rising in sympathy with conditions in the primary markets.

Trunks Shipped as Freight.

It was learned yesterday from a reliable source that several firms are preparing to take advantage this Fall of the ruling made by the Official Classification Committee late last year to the effect that trunks containing commercial samples may be shipped as freight under seal, thereby doing away with crating and binding, or sending the trunks in at an excess baggage rate. This ruling was the result of considerable work on the part of the Traffic tee by the Merchants' Association, and and, it is said, will save considerable money for many business houses if followed. Several of the prominent trunk manufacturers are said to have followed the idea suggested to the Committee by the Merchants' Association, and are providing commercial trunks with strong lugs on the lids and bodies, to which a regulation freight car seal is attached as a guard against theft. While it is said that under this arrangement there is no great saving in actual cost of transportation, there is a considerable saving in expense and time required for packing or crating and in the longer service of the trunks themselves. It is also said that often the salesmen have had to stay out on the last stop in their territory until all of their trunks were headed for home, and that this in itself often brought the salesman a day or two late at a time when they could work to advantage in their home offices.

Increasing Use of Silk Gloves.

One of the principal features of the current season's business in fabric gloves has been the heavy sale of men's silk gloves for formal dress. The demand for this kind of glove first became noticeable about a year ago, but the business that has been taken on them in the last few months has far overshadowed anything previously booked in price these gloves run from $1 to $2 at retail. They are said to be favored because of their coolness and general comfort, as well as the fact that they may be washed if desired. White gloves with black pointing are about the most in demand at the moment, though black pointing on gray gloves is also in favor, in women's gloves an excellent business has been booked to date. Long gloves are by far the leaders in demand, about 75 per cent. of the total business having been booked on this kind. There is small demand for colored gloves, the division being about 85 per cent. for white, 10 per cent. for black and the balance for variegated hues. The rise of the raw silk market in the last year has not yet manifested itself in the glove trade by way of higher prices, though it is said that Japanese silks cannot go much higher without causing an upward revision. Not much stock is placed in the lateness of Easter so far as shortening the season is concerned. It was said yesterday that the line between the seasons of leather and fabric gloves is rapidly disappearing, and that the silk glove business had been stimulated considerably this year by the number of women who wore silk gloves with their muffs in cold weather.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

JOHN LEON MARTIN of 251 West Eighty-ninth Street and 3 Beechmont Drive, New Rochelle, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday. On Nov. 1, 1913, Cora Maude Blake got judgment against him for $25,148 damages for breach of promise. His total liabilities are $100,298 and his assets $873. Among the creditors are Moritz Freedman, $30,000; Walter P. Duckworth, $2,500, and Delia L. Martin, $16,096.

THE STAR UMBRELLA CO., (INC.,) manufacturers of umbrellas at 131 and 133 Wooster Street, has made an assignment to Morris B. Arnold. A petition in bankruptcy was also filed against the company yesterday by these creditors: H. B. Claflin Company, $300; Rothschild & Newman, $125, and the Harvey Watts Company, $90.

JACOB WEINBERG, clothing dealer at 806 Lowery, assigned yesterday to Benjamin Lesser. Liabilities, $10,000; assets, $3,500. A petition was also filed against him yesterday by these creditors: B. Phillips & Sons, $175; Olitsky, Ratner & Co., $1,738, and Saul Goldberg, $250.

COMMERCIAL HAT MANUFACTURING COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Bernard Krulewitch, trading as the Commercial Hat Manufacturing Company at 12 Washington Place, by these creditors: Adolph Fisch, $200; Joseph A. Cohn, $300, and Jacob Cohen, $2. Krulewitch made an assignment on Wednesday to Frederick W. Stelle. Liabilities, $25,000; assets, about the same.

LOUIS C. NEUBERGER.—A petition has been filed against Louis C. Neuberger, jeweler, of 1 Park Row, President of the Neuberger Jewelry Company at that address, by these creditors: Abraham R. Katz, $3,429; West Side Bank, $5,500, and William S. Overend, $500. A petition was filed against his company on Jan. 5.

CHARLES KLING, JR., residing at 389 Mosholu Parkway North, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $4,474 and assets of $1,004.

BARNET ROOFF of 1,327 Wilkens Avenue, formerly a dealer in men's furnishing goods, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $3,765 and no assets.

ANNA ZIMMERMAN of 985 Aldus Street formerly a dealer in waists, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $781 and no assets.

EZRA M. SPENGLER, automobile mechanic, of 215 West 109th Street, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $1,469 and no assets.

THE LIBERTY GARTER MANUFACTURING COMPANY of 413 Broadway, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, showing liabilities of $20,784 and assets of $17,003. Among the creditors are the Standard Trading Company, $8,000, secured, and R. M. Segall, $1,200, secured.

P. J. DUFF & SONS, INC., steam heating engineers, at 1,235 Bedford Avenue, have filed schedules in bankruptcy, showing liabilities of $21,688 and assets of $12,659. Among the creditors are the Gurney Heater Company, $4,897, secured, and the H. B. Smith Company, $4,698.

THOMAS G. HUNT, dealer in trunks and leather goods at 430 Sixth Avenue, has filed schedules, showing liabilities of $6,216 and assets of $1,000.

TOZZINI & CO., (INC.,) marble works, at 147th Street and Austin Place, have filed schedules showing liabilities of $19,716 and assets of $8,900.

THE NATIONAL LUNCH COMPANY of 823 and 987 Sixth Avenue has filed schedules showing liabilities of $8,084 and assets of $4,411.

WILLIAM WOLFSON, shoe dealer of 33 Market Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $11,353 and assets of $5,364.

B. MOSS & CO.—Judge Hand has confirmed a composition of Barnet Moss, trading as B. Moss & Co., clothing manufacturer at 749 Broadway, with creditors at 35 cents on the dollar cash. Liabilities were $22,878.

Out of Town.

Special Dispatches to The Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Samuel Hutchinson, Pittsford, petition in bankruptcy filed; liabilities $70,114, assets $40,896. Failure said to be due to seizure of Hutchinson's property for barge canal purposes four years ago.

SAVANNAH, Ga.—W. B. Kicklighter, Tattnall County, merchant and farmer; voluntary petition filed in Federal Court; liabilities $23,698, assets $9,819. Claims amounting to $20,000 are secured.

FITCHBURG, Mass.—Austin Furniture Company, involuntary petition; liabilities $22,952, assets $13,180.

CHICAGO, Ill.—Acme Shoe Manufacturing Company of Streator, Ill., involuntary petition; liabilities not given.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Altman, Ferdinand—S. D. Woodruff & Sons, $259.

Armstrong, Max—Wm. Adler, Theatrical Costumer, Inc., $852.

Alexander, Woolf—T. R. Smith Realty and Construction Co., $190.

Bachner, Louis—M. Reynolds, $500.

Bedell, John and James—J. G. Roll, $117.

Byrd, Arthur E.—C. S. Nathan, $256.

Barnett, Mary, and Lena Blumenthal—M. Isaacs, $386.

Same—H. Schmidt et al., $283.

Same—F. L. Smith, $84.

Barkin, Samuel—F. N. De Luca, $3,388.

Burr, Orison E.—S. De Caballerero et al., $288.

Beringer, Solomon—A. Beringer, $549.

Cole, Wm. Washington—J. Byrne et al., $14,938.

Cohen, Isidor and Annie—W. E. Podesta, $219.

Cruger, Julia M., and Dora Bernheim—Joseph Krieg Fink Co., $170.

Donelly, Wm. F.—City of New York, $264.

Dows, Joseph H.—Merchants National Bank of Jersey City, $1,791.

Devine, John A., James P. McEvoy, and John Schreyer—Hannis Distilling Co., $161.

Engbrocks, Joseph R.—Simon Strauss, Inc., $226.

Fonda, Elizabeth C.—F. Doll et al., $1,901.

Farrest, Arthur—National Surety Co., $290.

Fimoclubian, Carlo—A. Ratkowsky, $154.

Fargo, James C., Pres't.—H. Greenspan, $2,118.

Glass, Samuel—A. B. Greenberg, $227.

Goldstein, Hyman, guardian—L. Levine, costs, $213.

Gluksmann, Carl and Olga N.—E. Norton, $332.

Hallinan, Margaret C.—Julius Roehrs Co., $225.

Heyt, Harrison E.—S. J. Raymond, $196.

Halg, Quentin F.—Careb Realty Co., $197.

Jackson, Frederick—George E. Sealy Co., $255.

Jewell, George and Susan B.—H. P. Hall, $119.

Heller, Bertha—Diogenes Brewing Co., $444.

Leahinsky, Adolph or Yondel—United Dressed Beef Co., $293.

Lipshitz, Sam—H. Srulovitz et al., $186.

Miners, Nellie—Broadway Trust Co., $261.

Mendlowitch, Jacob—A. Dandeweghe, $354.

McGlynn, Peter J.—M. Speilman, $552.

Maccarone, Antony—N. B. W. Doolittle, $1,577.

Montheim, Louis, and Jacob Kirschenbaum—City of New York, $264.

Mayer, Gustave—M. Liebenthal, $138.

Mayerson, Max—O. Glanckoff, $7,680.

Moffett, James, executor—City of New York, $496.

Neidlinger, Sarah—J. Tyroler, $433.

Pincus, Max—S. Faust, $116.

Palmer, George P.—Booksellers' Protective and Collection Association, $105.

Piel, Gottfried—J. A. Caire, $5,167.

Pearlman, Moses—David Mayer Brewing Co., $387.

Rodgers, John C.—W. H. Schlottman, $2,487.

Scott, Margaret—M. Kubanyi, $144.

Schlesinger, Rudolph T.—Waso Realty Co., $149.

Schulze, William H.—George W. Hoffman Co., $102.

Sable, Annie—Singer Sewing Machine Co., costs, $107.

Schneider, Abram—M. Shaw, $161.

Stern, Goldie—E. Bach et al., $519.

Stember, Max—A. A. Silberberg, $366.

Trow, Dora I.—M. Simon, $109.

Thompson, Robert L.—Joseph R. Porter Co., $124.

Tisch, Isaac—C. P. Goldsmith et al., $1,151.

Velsor, Winfield S.—G. B. Raymond & Co., $204.

Wheatcroft, Adline S.—C. Hunicke, $112.

Wood, Frank P.—D. N. Hayes, $444.

Weininger, Abraham—S. Karagnow, $263.

Werner, Abraham L.—City of New York, $264.

Wolchonok, Max—L. H. N. W. Co., $888.

Weigert, Aaron M.—F. Schlesinger, costs, $107.

Zimet, Victor; Benjamin L. Price, and John Baumgarten—S. Goldstein, $595.

A. C. Bosselman & Co.—H. E. Notz, $1,466.

Bijou Real Estate Co.—City of New York, $264.

Bay State Shoe and Leather Co. of New York—Logan Coal Co., $332.

Same—F. H. Lockwood et al., $237.

Clay Products Co. and Newman H. Raymond—Gulde Printing and Publishing Co., $597.

City of New York—R. W. Carroll, $1,695.

H. & S. Lunch Room Co., Inc.—Austin Nichols & Co., Inc., $223.

Italian Silk Underwear Co.—Julius Kayser & Co., costs, $181.

Beverages Pub. Co.—City of N. Y., $440.

Berriam, Eben C.—Same, $240.

Cavanaugh, John G.—Same, $240.

Dunn, Thomas J.—Same, $104.

Dickson, Frank H.—Same, $234.

Eschenbach, Saul—Same, $240.

Fisher, John W.—Same, $240.

Koppenberg, Hans—Same, $240.

Liftchild, Hans—Same, $240.

L'Unione Italo-Americano—Same, $104.

Maxham, Eben C.—Same, $240.

Macy, Basil C.—Same, $240.

Straub Envelope Co.—Same, $234.

Berrian, Walter B.—Same, $240.

Bridges, Samuel—Same, $240.

Benjamin, Carl F.—Same, $240.

Baskerville, Amos F.—Same, $240.

Boulter, Paul J.—Same, $240.

Bailey, William H.—Same, $240.

Bromell, Amos H.—Same, $240.

Mohnton

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac For To-day.

Sun rises..6:48|Sun sets..5:41|Moon rises..4:31

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	3:56	4:50	10:36	10:40
Governors Island	4:28	5:27	11:14	11:21
Hell Gate	6:18	7:17	12:54	1:01

Arrived—Thursday, Feb. 19.

SS Kronprinzessin Cecilie, Bremen, Feb. 10.
SS Franconia, Gibraltar Feb. 9.
SS Nieuw Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Feb. 7.
SS Eastlands, St. Lucia, Feb. 9.
SS Caracas, San Juan, Feb. 14.
SS Marie di Giorgio, Sana, Feb. 14.
SS Cairndon, London, Jan. 1.
SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville, Feb. 17.
SS Momus, New Orleans, Feb. 14.
SS Arcadian, Bermuda, Feb. 17.
SS Satilla, Port Arthur, Feb. 11.
SS Metapan, Kingston, Feb. 14.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

New York	Queenstown	Feb. 12
Dorothy	St. Lucia	Feb. 10
Maylands	Palermo	Feb. 2
Mitau	Portland	Feb. 4
Eupion	Sunderland	Feb. 5
Lackawanna	Manchester	Feb. 5
Canada	Palermo	Feb. 8
Saxoleine	Shields	Feb. 7
Castita	Naples	Feb. 5
Morro Castle	Havana	Feb. 17
El Rio	Galveston	Feb. 14
City of St. Louis	Savannah	Feb. 17

DUE TO-MORROW.

Maryland	London	Feb. 6
Barbarossa	Bremen	Feb. 7
Farmsum	Pernambuco	Feb. 3
Normannia	Seville	Jan. 31
River Orontes	Gibraltar	Feb. 9

DUE SUNDAY.

Carmania	Liverpool	Feb. 14
Cedric	Liverpool	Feb. 12
California	Glasgow	Feb. 14
President Lincoln	Southampton	Feb. 12
J. F. Piemonte	Algiers	Feb. 3
Dinnamara	Valencia	Feb. 5
Vickerie	Port Spain	Feb. 16
Algonquin	San Domingo	Feb. 14
Lorraine	Havre	Feb. 14
City of Savanah	Savannah	Feb. 19
Cestrian	Liverpool	Feb. 4

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
St. Louis, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 ...M.
Saramacca, Belize	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Prinz F. Hendrik, Haiti	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Apache, Jacksonville	..	1:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

Adriatic, Madeira	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Stephano, St. John's	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Arcadian, Bermuda	8:30 A.M.	10:30 A.M.
Tennyson, Rio Janeiro	9:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
San Juan, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tenadores, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Prinz Eitel Friedrich, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Parima, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Cristobal, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Seguranca, Bahamas	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Gregory, Para	..	6:00 A.M.
Columbia, Glasgow	..	12:00 M.
Pennsylvania, Hamburg	..	3:00 P.M.
Witan, Libau	..	2:00 P.M.
Niagara, Havre	..	3:00 P.M.
*Kronprinzessin Cecilie, Bremen	..	1:00 A.M.
Europa, Naples	..	11:00 A.M.
Proteus, New Orleans	..	12:00 M.
Concho, Galveston	..	1:00 P.M.
Comal, Tampa	..	1:00 P.M.
El Occidente, Galveston	..	12:00 M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	..	3:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	..	1:00 P.M.

*Mail closes 9 P. M. Friday.

SAIL SUNDAY.

Queen Helena, Argentina 2:30 A.M. 5:00 A.M.

SAIL MONDAY.

Madison, Norfolk 3:00 P.M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., FEB. 19.

SS New York, Southampton to New York, was 430 miles E. at 8 A. M.; due 20th, late. American Line.
SS Ancona, Naples to New York, was 1,150 miles E. at 6:25 A. M.; due 22d, late, or early 23d. Italian Line.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., FEB. 19.

SS Cestrian, Liverpool to New York, was 800 miles E. at 2:25 P. M.; due 22d, forenoon. Leyland Line.

QUEENSTOWN, IRELAND.

SS Megantic, New York to Liverpool, was 587 miles W. at 1:50 A. M.; due Queenstown 20th, late, or early 21st. White Star Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Nickerie, Port of Spain to New York, was 1,250 miles S. at 8 P. M., 18th.
SS Korona, St. Thomas to New York, was 1,330 miles S. E. at 8 P. M., 18th.
SS Vandyck, Barbadoes to New York, was 1,300 miles S. of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M., 18th.
SS Rayo, New Orleans to New York, was 200 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Frieda, Sabine to New York, was 360 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Brilliant, New Orleans to New York, was 333 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah to New York, was 125 miles S. at noon.
SS Creole, New Orleans to New York, was 129 miles S. W. of Tortugas at noon.
SS Washingtonian, Puerto Mexico to New York, was 52 miles W. of Sand Key at noon.
SS El Rio, Galveston to New York, was 154 miles S. at 5 P. M.
SS Morro Castle, Vera Cruz to New York, was 423 miles S. at noon.
SS Alamo, Galveston to New York, was 373 miles S. at noon.
SS Denver, Galveston to New York, was 235 miles E. of Galveston at 7 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Mesaba, at London, Feb. 19.
SS Queen Elizabeth, at Zarati, Feb. 18.
SS Christopher, at Barbados, Feb. 17.
SS Kandelfels, at Rangoon, Feb. 17.
SS Morinier, at Salonica, Feb. 17.
SS Karona, at Hongkong, Feb. 17.
SS Antonio Lopez, at Cadiz, Feb. 19.
SS Tatarran, at Port Said, Feb. 19.

Sailed.

SS Olympic, from Queenstown, Feb. 19.
SS Manhattan, from Antwerp, Feb. 18.
SS St. Patrick, from Algiers, Feb. 17.
SS Toneridge, from St. Lucia, Feb. 17.
SS Celtic, from Naples, Feb. 18.
SS Madonna, from Naples, Feb. 18.
SS Dora Baltea, from Genoa, Feb. 15.
SS Horwick Hall, from Rio Janeiro, Feb. 16.
SS City of Corinth, from Colombo, Feb. 17.
SS Cincinnati, from Palermo, Feb. 17.

Passed.

SS Challister, New York for Yokohama, passed Gibraltar.
SS Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, New York for Hamburg, passed Scilly.

Transatlantic Parcel Post.

Germany—Close at 5 P. M. Feb. 20, SS Kronprinzessin Cecilie.
Hungary—Close at 9:30 A. M. Feb. 23, SS Saxonia.
Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. Feb. 23, SS Nieuw Amsterdam.
Italy—Close at 5 P. M. Feb. 20, SS Europa, and at 9:30 A. M. Feb. 21, SS Adriatic.

Transpacific Mails.

Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Matsonia ..... Feb. 20
Hawaii, Japan, Corea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Nippon Maru ..... Feb. 22
Japan, Korea, and China, (specially addressed,) via Tacoma—Chicago Maru ..... Feb. 26
Tahiti, Marquesas, New Zealand, and Australia, (except west,) via San Francisco—Moana ..... Feb. 27
Hawaii, Guam, and Philippine Islands, (via Vancouver)—Empress of India ..... Feb. 28

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY. —In the matter of the Voluntary Dissolution of BISCHOFF'S BANKING HOUSE, under Section 99 of the Banking Law of the State of New York.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order made and entered in the above entitled proceeding on the 28th day of January, 1914, as amended on January 29, 1914, and filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, Bischoff's Banking House, an incorporated State bank, at 287 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New York City, has closed its business for the purpose of liquidating its effects, paying its debts, distributing its assets among its stockholders, and winding up its affairs, subject to the direction of the Board of Directors, according to Section 99 of the Banking Law of the State of New York.

All depositors and creditors of the Bank, and all persons whatsoever having claims against it are hereby notified to present their claims at the office of P. F. Massey, Esq., the attorney for said Bank, 55 Liberty Street, Manhattan Borough, New York City, on or before the 14th day of March, 1914, to receive payment of all deposits, moneys, securities, and property whatsoever which may be due them.

Notice is hereby further given that said order provides that all deposits, moneys, securities, and property whatsoever remaining unclaimed, as shown by the books and records of the Bank, on or after the 14th day of March, 1914, by any depositor, creditor, or claimant shall be paid over to and deposited by Bischoff's Banking House with the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York, to be held by said Superintendent in trust for such depositors, creditors, or claimants.

Dated New York, N. Y., January 29th, 1914.
BISCHOFF'S BANKING HOUSE.
By CARL WITTMANN, President.
H. ADOLPH WINKOPP, Secretary.
ALBERT P. MASSEY, Attorney for Bischoff's Banking House, 55 Liberty Street, Manhattan Borough, New York City.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

These Are on Drayage Charges and Mercerized Cotton Goods.

That Collectors of Customs are bound to follow the law as it stands, was the conclusion reached yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers, in the case of Paul Masson of Baltimore, who claimed that the officials at that port were making an excessive charge for drayage in the hauling of importers' packages from the docks to the Baltimore Appraiser's warehouse.

It was claimed by the protestant that 6 cents per package was the commercial rate prevailing for the haul in question, whereas the Collector exacted a higher rate. Section 2,965 of the Revised Statutes under which the Collector acted provides that the charge for such service shall "not exceed in any case the regular rates charged for such objects at the port in question." Some time ago, the United States Court of Customs Appeals in a proceeding brought by the same importer, decided the matter in the merchant's favor. In view of the latest protest before the board, it is understood the Collector ignored the Court's ruling, and continued to charge more than 6 cents per package. Judge Hay, in yesterday's decision, says that while it may be impossible under the system prevailing in Baltimore to let contracts for public store hauling at an average rate, it is nevertheless the duty of the Collector to change his practice, as the law of Congress is supreme.

William Robertson and A. H. Ringk & Co., New York, failed in a contention relating to the classification under the Tariff act of 1909, of fabrics invoiced as madras cotton. Appraiser Higgins returned the merchandise as colored cotton cloth, mercerized, and having extra threads used to form a figure or fancy effect. Duty was taken at the applicable rate according to count of threads under Paragraphs 315 to 319, and at the additional rate of 3 cents per square yard for mercerization and extra threads under Paragraph 323.

The importers claimed that the threads described by the Appraiser as other than the ordinary warp and filling threads, are in fact, filling threads and integral parts of the fabric, and that they have uses other than that of forming a fancy effect. It was also contended that the goods were not mercerized. In overruling the protests, Judge Cooper said he disagreed with the importers' claim that the figures are formed by clipping rather than by weaving.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Assignment—Ins. T. J. Kelly, 12 Dist., to com. 17 Dist. in addition to own for 8 days, vice Capt. Dominick Henry, on leave.

Reprimanded—Patrol. V. R. Raynor, 143 prect., failed to get uniform overcoat.

Charges Dismissed—Lieut. Edward J. Fulton, 81 prect., (two charges,) improper conduct with girl arrested, improper conduct, improper language to a woman; Patrol. H. E. A. Rohde, 39 prect., failed to prevent burglary; John Boland, 61 prect., same; Jos. Pape, 61 prect., same.

Fire Department.

Fined—J. A. Quinn, H. & L. 102, lost cap, badge, $5; Jno. Schulze, H. & L. 10, absent, no leave, 5 days; W. B. Dolan, Eng. 90, under influence liquor, 10 days; Wm. Lennon, H. & L. 32, neglect of duty, 5 days.

Appt'd Unif'd Firemen—Robt. J. Davis, H. & L. 16, and O. H. Gerig, Eng. 71, each $1,000 a yr.

Dismissed from the Dept.—J. J. Griffin, Eng. 88, absent, no leave; J. J. Kirby, H. & L. 48, same charge.

E. M. Underwood McReynolds's Aid.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—E. Marvin Underwood of Atlanta has been nominated by President Wilson for Assistant Attorney General in place of Winfred T. Denison, who was appointed to the Philippine Commission.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of JACOB GOLDBERG, Bankrupt. To the creditors of said bankrupt and others:

Please take notice that pursuant to an order of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, dated the 17. 1914, the estate of the above bankrupt, consisting of stock of men's furnishing goods and fixtures, now situated at his place of business, 35 Beaver St., New York City, will be sold by the undersigned at a private sale, under sealed bids, to be addressed to the undersigned at his office, 31 Nassau St., New York City, and to be opened by him on Wednesday, Feb. 25, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon, no bid to be accepted unless equal to 100 per cent. of the appraised value of said stock and fixtures as found by the appraisers appointed by the Court. Sealed bids must be accompanied by cash or certified check for 10 per cent. of bid. Premises open for inspection on Feb. 20, 21, and 24, 1914, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. Mail bids to

MERRILL E. GATES, JR., Receiver,
31 Nassau St., New York City.
Dated Feb. 19, 1914.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SANITARY BEDDING CORPORATION, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Feb. 20th, 1914, by order of the Court, at 12 noon, at 524 West 34th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of feathers, hair and cloth for the manufacture of bedding and mattresses, and machinery used in the manufacture of bedding and mattresses, safe, partitions, fixtures, &c.; also the good will of said business.

OSCAR IGSTAEDTER, Receiver.
BLAU, ZELKIN & COHEN, Attorneys for Receiver, 141 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BENJAMIN ACKERMAN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Feb. 20th, 1914, by order of the Court, at 12 noon, at 1,884 Amsterdam Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of delicatessen, groceries, canned goods, bottled goods, and other breadstuffs, show cases, utensils, fixtures, &c.

JAMES O. TRYON, Receiver.
MORRIS KAMBER, Attorney for Receiver, 90 Nassau St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of COLLAPSIBLE PAPER BOX COMPANY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Feb. 20th, 1914, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 430 West 14th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of paper boxes, paper board, paper box making machines, tools, fixtures, &c.

WILLIS S. WHITTLESEY, Receiver.
ADOLPH M. SCHWARZ, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of S. BAKHAUT & CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, March 2d, 1914, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, scarfs, muffs &c.

Inspection Feb. 27th and 28th, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

MICHAEL MAUTNER, Trustee.
HENRY H. SILVER, Attorney for Trustee, 291 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL SHAPIRO, Bankrupt.—No. 18,961.

To the creditors of Samuel Shapiro of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 18th day of February, A. D. 1914, the said Samuel Shapiro was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 4th day of March, A. D. 1914, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated February 19, 1914.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 19,482.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JULIUS BRAUNSTEIN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and District aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 29th day of January, A. D. 1914, the said Julius Braunstein was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, referee in bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver St., City and County of New York, on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1914, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Feb. 19, 1914.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HARRY B. HOLLINS, BRITON N. BUSCH, WALTER KUTZLEB, ANTHONY H. WALBURG, and JOHN A. AULL, individually and as members of the firm of H. B. Hollins & Co., Alleged Bankrupts. In Bankruptcy. No. 18,965.

Take notice that all persons making any claim to any certificates of stock, bonds or other property that were pledged to the Metropolitan Trust Company by H. B. Hollins & Co., or to the proceeds thereof, or any part thereof, are directed by order of the Hon. Julius M. Mayer, one of the Judges of this Court, bearing date the 22d day of January, 1914, to file their claims to said stock, bonds, or other property, or the proceeds thereof, in the office of the Hon. Stanley W. Dexter, Referee in Bankruptcy, as Special Master, at 71 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 4th day of March, 1914, and they are hereby further notified that a hearing pursuant to the aforesaid order of January 22d, 1914, will be had before said Hon. Stanley W. Dexter, as Special Master, at 2:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, and that all persons making such claims are hereby summoned to attend such hearing and to present proof in support of their claims.

A. LEO EVERETT, Receiver,
37 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
LEXOW, MACKELLAR & WELLS, Attorneys for Receiver, 43 Cedar Street, New York City.
Dated, New York, January 22d, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HARRY B. HOLLINS, BRITON N. BUSCH, WALTER KUTZLEB, ANTHONY H. WALBURG, and JOHN A. AULL, individually and as members of the firm of H. B. HOLLINS & CO., Alleged Bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 18,935.

Take notice that all persons making any claim to any certificates of stock, bonds or other property that were pledged to the Corn Exchange Bank by H. B. Hollins & Co., or to the proceeds thereof, or any part thereof, are directed by order of the Hon. Julius M. Mayer, one of the Judges of this court, bearing date the 30th day of January, 1914, to file their claim to said stocks, or other property, or to the proceeds thereof, in the office of the Hon. Stanley W. Dexter, Referee in Bankruptcy, as Special Master, at 71 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 5TH DAY OF MARCH, 1914, and they are hereby further notified that a hearing pursuant to the aforesaid order of January 30th, 1914, will be had before said Hon. Stanley W. Dexter, as Special Master, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, and that all persons making such claims are hereby SUMMONED to attend such hearing and to present proof in support of their claims.

Dated New York, January 30, 1914.
A. LEO EVERETT, Receiver,
37 Wall Street,
Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
LEXOW, MACKELLAR & WELLS, Attorneys for Receiver, 43 Cedar Street, New York City.

NO. 19,201.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New York.—BURTON DRESS COMPANY, Alleged Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the Burton Dress Company, alleged bankrupt, has filed its petition, praying that the composition heretofore offered by it to its creditors and accepted in writing by a majority in number of creditors, whose claims have been allowed, which number represents a majority in amount of such claims, may be confirmed by the court, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Honorable Judges of the United States District Court, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on March 2nd, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there to show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted, and also to attend the examination of the alleged bankrupt thereon.

New York, February 19, 1914.
WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy,
67 Wall Street, New York City.

NO. 19,201.—IN THE U. S. DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New York.—BURTON DRESS COMPANY, Alleged Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the Burton Dress Company, alleged bankrupt, has filed its petition, praying that the composition heretofore offered by it to its creditors and accepted in writing by a majority in number of creditors whose claims have been allowed, which number represents a majority in amount of such claims, may be confirmed by the court, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, March 23rd, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated February 19th, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of IGNATZ GREENBERGER, Bankrupt.—No. 19,292.

Notice is hereby given that Ignatz Greenberger, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated February 10th, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, March 23d, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated February 18th, 1914.

NO. 19,246.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of A. JOSEPH KOMAROW, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and District aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 27th day of January, A. D. 1914, the said A. Joseph Komarow was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, referee in bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver St., City and County of New York, on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1914, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Feb. 19, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—No. 19,833.—SELIG HANDEL, Alleged Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Selig Handel, alleged bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated February 18th, 1914, praying for a confirmation of composition of all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, March 2d, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the alleged bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, February 19th, 1914.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HARRY B. HOLLINS, BRITON N. BUSCH, WALTER KUTZLEB, ANTHONY H. WALBURG, and JOHN A. AULL, individually and as members of the firm of H. B. HOLLINS & CO., Alleged Bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 18,935.

Take notice that all persons making any claim to any certificates of stock, bonds, or other property that were pledged to the Kings County Trust Company by H. B. Hollins & Co., or to the proceeds thereof, or any part thereof, are directed by order of the Hon. Julius M. Mayer, one of the Judges of this Court, bearing date the 10th day of January, 1914, to file their claim to said stocks, bonds, or other property, or the proceeds thereof, in the office of the Hon. Stanley W. Dexter, referee in bankruptcy, as Special Master, at 71 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 26th day of February, 1914, and they are hereby further notified that a hearing pursuant to the aforesaid order of January 10th, 1914, will be had before said Hon. Stanley W. Dexter as Special Master at 2:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, and that all persons making such claims are hereby summoned to attend such hearing and to present proof in support of their claims.

Dated New York, January 12th, 1914.
A. LEO EVERETT, Receiver,
37 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
LEXOW, MACKELLAR & WELLS, Attorneys for Receiver, 43 Cedar Street, New York City

NO. 18,648.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CONCORD PETROLEUM CO., Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 15th day of September, A. D. 1913, the said Concord Petroleum Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver Street, City and County of New York, on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1914, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Feb. 19, 1914.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM J. INNES, Bankrupt.—No. 19,485.

To the creditors of William J. Innes of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 14th day of February, A. D. 1914, the said William J. Innes was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 3d day of March, A. D. 1914, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Feb. 19, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—No. 19,081.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—in Bankruptcy.—in the matter of JACOB GOLDBERG, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and District aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 11th day of February, A. D. 1914, the said Jacob Goldberg was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, referee in bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver St., City and County of New York, on the 4th day of March, A. D. 1914, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Feb. 19, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—No. 18,515.—THOMAS J. WALLACE, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Thomas J. Wallace, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated January 15th, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, March 23rd, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, February 18th, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—ATHENS KNITTING COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated Jan. 6th, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, March 30th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Feb. 19, 1914.

NO. 18,498.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BERNARD RAPP, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 23d day of October, A. D. 1913, the said Bernard Rapp was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver St., City and County of New York, on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1914, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Feb. 19, 1914.

NO. 19,463.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WICTOR LEIBOWITZ, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 9th day of February, A. D. 1914, the said Victor Leibowitz was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver St., City and County of New York, on the 6th day of March, A. D. 1914, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Feb. 19, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—WILLIAM M. GREENLEAF and MARCUS JAFFE, individually and as copartners composing the firm of GREENLEAF & JAFFE, Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupts have filed their petition, dated Jan. 22, 1914, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, March 30th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Feb. 19, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—SOLOMON SILVERSTEIN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated Feb. 19, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, March 30th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Feb. 19, 1914.

IN THE MATTER OF BERTHOLD SALINGER and SYLVAN L. ASCH, individually and doing business as SALINGER & ASCH.—Charles Shongood, Auctioneer, sells Tuesday, March 3, 1914, by order of the assignee, at 2 P. M., at 38 East 20th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above company, consisting of ruchings, pleatings, embroideries, imported ladies' neckwear, embroidered robes, laces, trimmings, machinery, consisting of sewing, shirring, W. & G. High Speed, cutting, wire, hemstitching, etc.; also attachments, cutleaders, hand fluters, motor, power tables, office fixtures, safe, etc.

EMILE PINCUS, Assignee,
7 Beekman St.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Assignee, 330 Broadway, New York.

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LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA

*Carmania	Feb. 28, 10 am	*Campania	Apr. 14, 6 pm
Lusitania	Mar. 31 6 P.M.	Lusitania	Apr. 21 6 P.M.
Mauretania	Apr. 7 6 P.M.	Mauretania	Apr. 28 6 P.M.

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MEDITERRANEAN—ADRIATIC SERVICE
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THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—The barometric trough that occupied the Ohio Valley Thursday morning has advanced to the Atlantic Coast districts and now extends from Massachusetts to Southern Alabama. The Pacific Coast depression still lingers along the Coast of Washington and Oregon; apparently a third depression is forming over Eastern Colorado.

Heavy rains have fallen in the Lower Ohio Valley and California and snow in Southern New York and New England and Northeastern Pennsylvania. Temperature has fallen in the Ohio Valley and Tennessee and the general tendency elsewhere is toward more wintry temperatures. Rain is indicated for the South Atlantic States and Florida on Friday, also for the Pacific Coast States. Saturday will be generally fair. It will be colder Friday from Virginia to Georgia, and by Saturday in Florida.

Winds for Friday and Saturday along the North and Middle Atlantic Coast will be moderate north to northwest; South Atlantic Coast, moderate north.

FORECASTS: TO-DAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, New England, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair and colder Friday. Saturday fair; moderate north winds.

Western New York—Fair Friday and Saturday; light to northwest to north winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1913.	1914.		1913.	1914.
3 A. M.	23	31	4 P. M.	40	31
6 A. M.	23	32	6 P. M.	36	29
9 A. M.	25	32	9 P. M.	38	27
12 M.	35	31	11 P. M.	37	28

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 30 for the corresponding date last year it was 32; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 31.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 32, at 8 P. M. it was 28. Maximum temperature, 34 degrees at 10 A. M.; minimum, 27 degrees at 9 P. M. Humidity, 86 per cent. at 8 A. M., 88 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.86 inches, at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.94 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

	Loss.
A. M.	
2:20—129 E. 86 St.; John Bolt	$150
2:30—704 E. 214 St.; Mike Carborello	$500
2:50—8,552 B'way; Mrs. Weber	Slight
3:20—591 B'way; Chas. Lezitt	None
7:15—2 Av. at 92 St.; I. R. T. Co.	Not given
7:55—938 8 Av.; Ernest Opp	Slight
8:07—2,783 Morris Av.; J. Whalen	Slight
9:05—1,614 7 Av.; J. J. Ziegler	Slight
10:15—164 Norfolk St.; J. Sacussky	$200
10:25—180 E. 101 St.; S. Stactzsky	$300
10:40—217 E. 97 St.; S. Binano	Slight
11:50—Front of 416 B'way; J. O'Hara	Slight
P. M.	
1:00—Col. Av. and 102 St.; Central Brewing Co	Slight
1:25—225 Eldridge St.; Max Grossman	$100
1:30—261 W 111 St.; B. Ferguson	Slight
2:00—21 Doyer St.; D. Kahnoeller	$10
2:00—200 Eldridge St.; Julia Dickstein	Slight
2:00—200 W 21 St.; Eva Sanders	Slight
3:35—318 E 32 St.; Veto Petrano	$500
5:25—428 W'chester Av.; Royal Theatre	Slight
6:30—47 Park St.; Mary Cavagan	Slight
7:35—118 5 Av.; Mott & Son	Slight
11:00—307 E. 154 St.; F. H. Sexton	Slight

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army Orders.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Maj. W. I. Westervelt, Ord. Dept., in addition to his other duties, will be assist. to the ord. of., South. Dept.

Maj. J. S. Wilson, M. C., Ft. Ethan Allen, Vt., and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., to Ft. Geo. Wright, Wash., relieving Maj. J. B. Edgar, Jr., who goes Ft. Lawton, Wash.

Leaves.—First Lt. B. E. Grey, 18th Inf., 1 mo. ext.; First Lt. R. F. Patterson, 1 mo.; First Lt. J. F. Fulmer, 7th Inf., 7 days.

Navy Orders.

Jr. Lt. R. O. Bauss, the Del., to hosp., Norfolk.

Ensigns R. E. Thornton, to rec. ship, Mare Island; F. W. Conway, Dixie, to the Birmingham; R. P. Guiler, Jr., Birmingham, to Dixie; E. P. Uberroth, the Kans., to the Mont.

Med. Insp. E. P. Stone, to hosp., N. Y.

P. A. Surg. W. L. Mann, Jr., hosp., Mare Isl., to Asia Station, sailing March 5.

Asst. Surg. W. W. Wickersham, M. R. C., to N. Y.

P. M. W. B. Izard, Honolulu, to San Fran., 4 mail orders.

Bo's'n M. J. Wilkinson, Potomac, to rec. ship at N. Y.

Gun. C. H. McLellon, rec. ship at Norfolk, to the N. Y.

Mach. J. C. Hines, Potomac, to temp. duty rec. ship at N. Y.

Marine Corps Orders.

Col. G. Barnett, Phila, to Hqts. of M. C.

Maj. J. T. Myers, Honolulu to Barks Mare Isl.

1st Lt. G. B. Garrett, Phil'pns to Legation, Peking.

2d Lt. G. W. Van Hoose, 2d Adv. Base Regt. to return Disciplinary Barks, Port Royal.

Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Nanshan at San Fran.; Monaghan, Sterrett and Terry, at Tampa.

Sailed—Buffalo, Mazatlan for San Diego; Arethusa, Guantanamo for Port Arthur; Nereus, Guantanamo for Guacayanabo Bay; Patuxent, Guantanamo for Port-au-Prince; San Fran., Guayanabo Bay for Vera Cruz.

After Mardi Gras at Mobile the Chester to Mex. waters.

Flag of the Com. 3 Div. Atl. Fleet transf'd from the R. I. to the Va.

Revenue Cutter Orders.

1st Lts. E. Barker to Bear; P. H. Scott, to Seminole, March 1; E. Barker, Seminole, orders March 1; G. C. Alexander, 20 days leave; C. G. Porcher, to Winona; C. M. Green, to Algonquin; S. M. Rock, to Androscoggin; H. N. Wood, to Apache; H. F. Schoenborn, to Sch'l of Instruction; G. S. Root, to Tahoma; H. L. Boyd, to fleet eng'r, North Div.

2d Lts. G. W. Davis, to Unalga; G. W. Cairnes, to Apache; C. H. Jones, to Manning; P. B. Fitch, Seneca, to Itasca; C. H. Dench, to Gresham; T. H. Yeager, to Tahoma; R. A. Bothwell, to the Miami; N. B. Hall, to the Itasca; S. B. Orne, to Tuscarora; W. M. Prail, to the Dept.; H. F. Johnson, to Gresham; J. W. Glover, to McCulloch.

3d Lts. J. D. Stika, to Snohomish; J. M. Earp, to McCulloch; W. P. Kain, to Manning; H. N. Perham, Itasca to Seneca; H. G. Hemingway, to Yamacraw; C. E. Anstett, to Tuscarora; J. A. Starr, to Morrill; G. R. O'Connor and W. H. Oberly, to Thetis; W. M. Troil, to McCulloch; B. C. Thorn and C. J. Odend'hal, to the Miami.

Capt. J. H. Quinlan, 5 days ext. of leave.

Const'r J. Q. Walton, to N. Y. on business.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has adopted the following:

Report of Mr. Murray recommending that the commission grant the request of the Department of Docks for an examination for promotion from stoker and marine stoker to stationary engineer.

Report of Mr Murray recommending that the commission grant the request of the Commissioner of Bridges for an examination for promotion from laborer to bridge tender.

Report of Mr. Rafferty relative to Henry J. Crippen, whose name appears on the list of patrolman.

Report of Mr. Rafferty relative to his investigation of certain candidates on the eligible list of fireman.

Report of Mr. Rafferty of his investigation as to the character and experience of candidates on the list of stenographer and typewriter. He recommends that the list be promulgated, and that the certification clerk notify him when the last name investigated has been reached for certification.

United States.

Open competitive examinations will be held by the United States Civil Service Commission at the New York Custom House on March 11 and 12 to fill vacancies as they may occur in the positions of supervising steamboat inspector, teacher, industrial teacher, and clerk in the Philippine service. The entrance salary of the majority of male appointees will be $1,200 a year, and appointees will be eligible for promotion up to $2,000 a year as supervisor or teacher, although positions above $1,800 are limited in number.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BETZA, HENRY, (Jan. 12;) $2,000 personalty; $100 to Katie Miller; residue in equal shares to Katie Roiffler, Lizzie McCanna, and William Weber, grandchildren.

BOUVIER, ZENAIDE S., (Feb. 7;) $88,000 personalty in equal shares to Alexine E. and Mary H. Bouvier, sisters.

DAY, MELVILLE C., (Dec. 29;) more than $10,000 personalty; $300,000 to Phillips Andover Acad.; $25,000 to the Wardwell Home; $5,000 each to Frank Goodwin, nephew; Frederick D. and George Goodwin, grandnephews; Clara G. Staples, grandniece; Katherine D. Locke, Emma Gould, and Mary C. Frey; $2,000 each to Sarah Wingate, Ella Hope, Mary Hoyle, Miriam D. Wyatt, Beverly Chew, and the Gould Acad. at Bethel, Me.; $10,000 to Marie E. Nicol; specific bequests to Harriet C. Frost; residue to Phillips Andover Acad.

HARTWIG, LOUIS, (Jan. 21;) $2,000 personalty to Ada L. Hartwig, wife.

MOORE, ROBERT, (Feb. 13;) $10,000 realty and $100,000 personalty; $25,000 to Alice W. Moore, wife; $25,000 (contingent) to Constance Moore, daughter; $5,000 to Grace Martin, adopted daughter; residue in equal shares to Clement, Robert R., Edward E., and Kneeland Moore, sons.

SLAUGHTER, ALEXANDER F., (Jan. 17;) $1 to Harry M. Slaughter, son; residue to his wife.

STACKPOLE, KATHERINE R., (Feb. 6;) $1,000 realty and about $10,000 personalty to Elizabeth Stackpole, sister.

TROY, JOHN, (Jan. 12;) $12,600 personalty; $1,000 each to Thomas and William Troy, grandnephews; residue in equal shares to Thomas, Kate, Annie, and Mary E. Hennessy, nieces.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Sale and Lease of Much Transferred House Near Times Square—Ninety-ninth Street Deal Near Fifth Avenue—West Side Dwelling Buyers—Active Bronx and Brooklyn Market.

An interesting deal and long-term business lease has just been disclosed near the Times Square section, in the transfer of the old three-story house at 106 West Forty-third Street, near Sixth Avenue, to J. Walter Rosenberg of Philadelphia. The property, fronting 22.6 by 100.5, has been sold by the Olivergate Realty Company, headed by Felix Isman, the new owner taking it subject to a mortgage of $65,000, and the latter has leased it for a term of 21 years to Horn & Hardart, a Philadelphia concern, which has lately opened several automatic lunch rooms in this city. The lease to be paid is said to be about $6,500 a year.

The building adjoins on the west the big Elks clubhouse, and it is near the Sixth Avenue corner. The property has undergone many changes in ownership since its sale in April, 1913, by the Faile estate to a speculator, who soon turned it over to Mrs. Mary L. Willoughby of Boston, who planned to erect a six-story bachelor apartment house, but instead sold the house at a profit to the Fifth Avenue Bond and Mortgage Company. Edward A. Wix, who paid $82,500, was the next owner. Last December the Olivergate Company acquired it for about $90,000. The new lessees of the building, Horn & Hardart, will make extensive alterations preparatory to opening it as a lunch room similar in style to their other places.

Deal Near Upper Fifth Avenue.

A deal which is said to forecast an improvement in the long-deserted section of upper Fifth Avenue was closed yesterday by William B. May & Co., who sold the three vacant lots on the south side of Ninety-ninth Street, 124 feet east of Fifth Avenue, to a client of Alexander & Green. The plot is 75 feet on Ninety-ninth Street by 100 deep, and has lately been owned by the Windham Realization Company, of which C. W. Pierson, W. H. P. Oliver, and A. A. Gulick are Directors. They acquired the lots at foreclosure in April, 1913, for $36,000, the former owners having been the Stockton Realty Company. Adjoining on the east is a parcel belonging to the Park estate. The assessed valuation of the three lots just sold is $51,000.

The Private Dwelling Market.

Anna T. Astell has sold to John J. Walsh, for occupancy, 139 West Seventy-seventh Street a three-story private dwelling on a lot 19 by 102 feet. Slawson & Hobbs were the brokers in the transaction. The same firm of brokers also sold for Daniel B. Freedman, 108 West Eighty-sixth Street, a four-story brownstone dwelling on a lot 20 by 102. The buyer is an investor who property being leased to one tenant for business purposes for a long term of years.

Buying Tenement Property.

Cahn & Cahn have sold for John J. Tully Company two five-story tenement houses, 218-220 East Eightieth Street, on a plot 50 by 100. To an investor. The same brokers also sold for Milton Dreyfoos, a five-story tenement with stores, 1,877 Third Avenue, lot 25 by 110.

W. H. Remington is the buyer of 347 and 349 West Forty-fourth Street, two five-story tenements, on a plot 54.8 by 100 feet, sold recently by the estate of Bertha Heidelberger. The consideration was about $85,000. Joseph P. Day negotiated the transaction.

Bronx Sales.

The Benenson Realty Company has purchased from Lowenfeld & Prager, operators, 169 Brook Avenue, a five-story new law tenement, on a plot 40 by 90. In part payment the buyer gave a vacant plot, 43.6 by 116.10, on the north side of 151st Street, located about 320 feet east of Morris Avenue.

J. C. Wagner has sold to the Hamilton Holding Company a plot 47.8 by 100 feet, located on the south side of 165th Street, about 84 feet east of Washington Avenue. The property was taken in part payment for the five-story flat at the southeast corner of Clinton Avenue and 180th Street, reported sold Wednesday.

A. J. Madden has sold for Mitchell & McDermott the block front on the east side of Morris Avenue, between 143d and 144th Streets.

Kurz & Tren, Incorporated, have sold for the Milton Realty Company 1,000 Brook Avenue, the three-story brick triangular business building at the intersection of 165th Street and Brook Avenue, on lot 67 by 37 by 55, to an investor.

Barry Brothers have purchased for improvement with a five-story flat a plot 50 by 82 on the east side of Bathgate Avenue, 150 feet south of Pelham Avenue. The seller, M. Sacks, took in part payment 2,067 Vyse Avenue, a four-story dwelling.

Brooklyn.

The John Pullman Real Estate Company has sold 557 Carroll Street, near Fourth Avenue, a two-story frame dwelling, on a plot 20 by 40 by 100, for Daniel A. Coffey to Antonio Caruso, for occupancy.

Wood, Harmon & Co. have sold at Marlboro one lot on West Second Street, near Kings Highway, to L. P. Denniss; two lots on West Fifth Street, near Sixty-fifth Street, to John Clarke; one lot on West Second Street, near Kings Highway, to L. B. Jacobs; one lot on West Seventh Street, near Avenue P, to H. E. Howe; four lots on West Eighth Street, near Avenue O, to Harold Taylor, Mrs. J. R. Enyart, and C. E. Bennett, and one lot on West Eighth Street, near Twenty-second Avenue, to R. C. Allen.

J. D. H. Bergen & Son have sold 281 President Street, a three-story stone dwelling, for the Brooklyn Trust Company, as executor, to E. L. H. Cornelissen; also 18 Manhasset Place, a four-story brick double flat, for H. L. Bridgman to D. Console, and 140 Amity Street, a three-story stone private dwelling, for Belle M. Hinman, as executrix, to Selma Deel.

Henry A. Frey has sold the property at 205 and 207 Flatbush Avenue, between Pacific and Dean Streets, to an investor.

Shampan & Shampan are preparing plans for a six-story apartment house to be erected on the north side of Kean Street 225 feet east of Marcy Avenue, for Hyman Hershkowitz, as owner.

Charles E. Rickerson has leased 93 St. Marks Avenue, between Flatbush and Carlton Avenues, a three-story brownstone dwelling, for a client to Mrs. T. McIntyre.

Long Island.

The Windsor Land and Improvement Company sold at Rockville Centre to D. Blume a plot 20 by 100 on Long Beach Road; to H. J. Matthei a plot 40 by 100 on Harvey Avenue; to D. C. Wesch a plot 40 by 100 on Loft Avenue.

Commercial Leases.

Carstein & Linnekin and Spear & Co. have leased for Klein & Jackson to the United Cut Glass Company the entire store and basement at 6 and 8 West Twenty-second Street, in the rear of the premises leased to Lazarus & Rosenfeld, importers of crockery and glass.

Horace Fly & Co., in conjunction with George R. Read & Co., have leased the store at 127-129 Water Street to the Chicago Belting Company for a term of years from May 1, 1914.

John N. Golding has leased to "Frederick," jeweler, the store in the building at the northeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Forty-fifth Street, which is occupied by his uptown real estate office.

Charles F. Noyes Company has leased the store and basement of 107 Beekman Street to Alonzo H. Magee; store and basement to 294 Pearl Street to the National Marine Lamp Company for three years, and the store 46 Ann Street to M. G. Pasquale.

Negotiations are pending for the lease of the building to be erected by George C. Boldt at 9 and 8 East Thirty-seventh Street, McCarthy & Fellows, agents for the new structure, stated yesterday that no papers had been signed in the matter as yet.

Fenno & Millman have leased a store at 211 Columbus Avenue to the Shaw Martin Company, and for Francis Schell the three-story residence, at 220 West 135th Street, to Miss Maud Hibbard.

Bronx Tenements Leased.

A. Mantinband and George Goldblatt have leased for S. L. Pakas to E. Adson the northwest corner of Third Avenue and 188th Street, a four-story tenement, with stores, and 4,704 Park Avenue, a five-story tenement, for a term of five years.

Hearing on Herrick-Schaap Bill To-day.

The Herrick-Schaap bill now before the Legislature, which proposes to double the tax on vacant land and halve the rate on buildings, will be given a public hearing before Mayor Mitchel this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

The Real Estate Board of New York which has condemned the bill as dangerous, will send a delegation to the hearing to oppose the measure.

Water and Front Streets Changes.

Plans have been filed with Building Superintendent Miller for making over the eight-story warehouse at 299 Water Street into a cold storage plant, at a cost of $5,000, and the three-story stable at 282 Front Street into a power house, at a cost of $5,000 for the Fulton Market Refrigerating Company as lessee. The former property is owned by T. B. Maguire, and the later by James J. Cosgrove. George P. Chappell is the architect in both cases.

Protection for Millionaire Owners.

A protective society has been formed in Purchase, the millionaire colony in the Town of Harrison, Westchester County. It is known as the Purchase Property Owners' Association, and its purpose is "to advance the civic welfare of the community." The Directors are the following: Oliver Harriman, William A. Read, William Muldoon, Stephen W. Collins, and J. L. Griffen.

Realty Notes.

Alfred E. Marling, President of Horace S. Ely & Co., gave a dinner last evening at the Union League Club in honor of Homer Foot, Jr., who has resigned to establish a business of his own. Mr. Foot has been connected with the firm for 18 years. Francis Guerrlich has been elected a Director of the company.

The Alliance Realty Company at its annual meeting yesterday elected the following Directors: Charles F. Adams, 2d, Daniel B. Freedman, R. G. Babbage, Benjamin Mordecai, Alwyn Ball, Jr., James H. Post, H. S. Black, Clifford Potter, Edward M. Bulkley, Walter T. Rosen, W. H. Chesebrough, Moritz Rosenthal, Clarke G. Dailey, Howard W. Smith, and F. S. Smithers.

The Lawyers' Title Insurance and Trust Company has made a building loan of $86,000 for the Sand Construction Company and the apartment structure to be erected on the south side of Vermilye Avenue, 100 feet west of Academy Street, a plot 100 by 150.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

The Auction Offerings of Real Estate Yesterday Were as Follows.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

124th St, 225 East, n s, 360 ft w of 1st Av, 20x100.11, three-story dwelling; Albert Jarmulowsky and others against J. C. Russell and others; T. K. McCarthy, attorney; P. J. McCook, referee; due, $6,440.01; taxes, &c, $163.85; to the plaintiff for $5,750.

109th St, 128 East, s s, 120 ft w of Lexington Av, 19x100.11, four-story tenement; Richard Lathers, Jr., and others, trustees, against Sarah Bird and others; R. E. J. O'Gorman, attorneys; Alexander Brough, referee; due, $7,929.81; taxes, &c, $181; to the plaintiff for $7,500.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Valentine Av, 2,426 to 2,436, n e corner of 187th St, 100x135, two-story dwelling and vacant; also Valentine Av, s e corner of 187th St, 13.3x85x25.1x150 to Tiebout Av, x38.3x235, vacant; National Savings Bank of Albany against M. J. C. Carey and others; Harold Swan, attorney; C. H. Ayres, referee; due, $16,093.16; taxes, &c, $452.50; to Joseph P. Lynch for $18,700.

By Joseph P. Day.

South Oak Drive, s e corner of Holland Av, 28.10x89.5x25x75.1; also South Oak Drive, s e corner of Holland Av, 128.4x90.9x irregular; also Holland Av, e s, 100 ft n of Burke St, 50x100; also Wallace Av, w s, 100 ft n of Burke St, 25x100; Mary C. Trull against Warwick Realty and Construction Co. and others; L. E. French, attorney; Henry Smith, referee; due, $5,335.69; taxes, &c, $1,400; to the plaintiff for $6,500.

TO-DAY'S AUCTION SALES.

Local and Suburban Realty Offerings in the Salesrooms.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

120th St, 152 West, s s, 225 ft e of 7th Av, 16.8x100.7x16.8x100.11, three-story dwelling; M. A. Kaufman against J. M. Scofield and others; Sigmund Wechsler, attorney; W. S. Grey, referee; due, $2,532.08; taxes, &c, $126.25.

181st St, 132 West, s s, 370 ft e of 7th Av, 20x99.11, four-story dwelling; Columbia Knickerbocker Trust Co., trustee, against Max Blanck and others; Cary & C., attorneys; Nathan Burkon, referee; due, $12,-509.31; taxes, &c, $880.25.

183d St, 583 West, s s, 225 ft e of Broadway, 25x99.11, five-story tenement; William Rankin against L. A. Harrison and others; Patterson & B., attorneys; Carl Ehlermann, Jr., referee; due, $3,710.88; taxes, &c, $546.50; subject to prior mortgage of $22,000.

By Daniel Greenwald.

112th St, 328-332 East, s s, 325 ft e of 2d Av, 75x100.10, two four-story tenements and stores and three-story stable; Sheriff's sale of all right, title, &c, which Joseph Faggatt had on July 3, 1912; Albert & A., attorneys.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

24th St, 417 East, for a five-story factory, 25x98.9; Bishop Gutta Percha Co., 420 East 25th St, owners; F. F. Ward, 208 Broadway, architect; cost, $30,000.

Westchester Av, n w corner of Glover St, for a one-story brick store and dwelling, 100x00; Borough Estate, c/o L. L. Evans, 2219 3d Av, President, owners; Anton Pirner, 2,069 Westchester Av, architect; cost, $15,000.

133d St, s s, 400 ft w of Cypress Av, for a one-story brick shop, 50x20; Jacob Doll Son's Co., 98 Southern Boulevard, owner; George H. Griebel, 16 East 42d St, architect; cost, $6,000.

180th St, n s, 27 ft w of Boston Road, for a one-story frame store, 50.7x40; Joseph Loweth, 1,021 East 180th St, owner; John E. Warneke, 1,021 East 180th St, architect; cost, $3,500.

Layton Av, n e corner of Dean Av, for a three-story brick store and dwelling, 20x40; Francesca and Grazia Sautamorena, 329 East 112th St, owners; De Rose & Cavallieri, 2,333 1st Av, architects; cost, $5,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

45th St, 129 West, to a four-story dwelling; E C. Manley and L. H. Grey, 100 Broadway, owners; J. T. Riggs, 507 2d St, architect; cost, $5,500.

Front St, 93, to a four-story office building; J. Robertson, 503 Hudson St, owner; F. P. Platt, 1,123 Broadway, architects; cost, $5,000.

Water St, 299, to an eight-story warehouse; T. B. Maguire, 116 Imlay St, Brooklyn, owner; G. P. Chappell, 258 Broadway, architect; cost, $5,000.

Front St, 282, to a three-story stable; J. J. Cosgrove, 292 Hancock St, Brooklyn, owner; G. P. Chappell, 258 Broadway, architect; cost, $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, FEB. 19.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, s e corner of 62d St, 100.5 x100, (foreclosed Feb. 17;) Paul Jones, referee, to Wolcott G. Lane, 15 East 74th St; Alfred E. Marling, 25 West 47th St, and Lorillard Spencer, 71 East 32d St, executors of Wm. A. Spencer, Feb. 19; attorneys, Miller, K. F. & T., 80 Broadway.....$75,000

ARDEN ST, s w s, 210 ft n w of Nagle Av, 40x130; Brown Brothers, a corporation, to Frederick T. Fearey, 48 West 89th St, mtg $30,000, Feb. 18; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

AVENUE A, 1,741, w s, 25x94; John Volz to Tilmil Realty Co., 132 Nassau St, (mtg $12,-000,) Feb. 17; attorneys Krakower & P., 309 Broadway.....Exchange

AVENUE A, 1,743, w s, 25x94; Robert Beam et al. to Ellie J. Shepard, Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 1, (prior mtg $4,000,) due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway.....$1,600

94TH ST, 330 East, ss, 25x100.8; Rosemary McGranahan and another to Estates Mortgage Securities Co., 160 Broadway, Feb. 19, (mtg $11,000,) due Aug 19, 1914, 6 p. c.....$420

99TH ST, 148 West, 15.4x—; Hy. Kroogman to American Mtg. Co., 46 Cedar St, Feb. 19, 3 years; attorneys, Bowers & S., 46 Cedar St.....$5,500

134TH ST, s s, 345 ft w of 5th Av, 100x71.10; John Volz to Tilmil Realty Co., 132 Nassau St, Feb. 18, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Krakower & P., 309 Broadway.....$16,000

141ST ST, n s, 414 East Broadway, 16x—; Frances T. Martinez to Emigrant Ind. Sav. Bank, 51 Chambers St, 5 years, Feb. 19; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St.....$9,000

118TH ST, 127 and 129 East, n s, 36.8x100.11; Jacob Moersfelder to Marie Loringer, Secaucus, N. J., Feb. 1, prior mtg $32,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Edward C. Graves, 277 Broadway.....$5,000

Bronx.

ELLIOTT AV, e s, 100 ft n of Bridge St, 50x185.6; Domenico Gargiulo to Eugene Lichtenstein, St. Remy, N. Y., Feb. 18, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee Co, 176 Broadway.....$1,600

FOREST or Liebig Av, w s, 700 ft n from s s of 230th St, runs — 100 x s 50 x n 100 x n 50 to beginning, (given to secure performance of contract;) Victor Zambetti to James M. Ames, 2,700 Heath Av; attorney, William J. Landon, 160 Wall St.....$2,000

FREEMAN ST, s w corner of Vyse Av, 50x 95; Martha Ferna to Isabella Brooks, 991 East 167th St, prior mtg $43,000, Feb. 5, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, F. J. O'Connor, 934 Freeman St.....$5,000

HUGHES AV, e s, Lot 704, map of S. Cambreling and others; Carmen L. Gerardi to John, Jr., and Amanda Bussing, Mount Vernon, N. Y., Feb. 10; due July 9, 1917; attorneys, Williamson & B., 364 Alexander Av.....$4,000

LOT 9, Map 1 of Olinville; Tilomena Cipolla to Julia Connelly, 1,120 9th St Northwest Washington, D. C., Feb. 14, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, R. C. Burlando, Williamsbridge, N. Y.....$900

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 1,464, e s, 18.9x 100, Thomas McWatters to Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway, Feb. 18, due, &c, as per bond.....$2,250

184TH ST, s s, 250 ft e of St. Ann's Av, 50x 70x50x75; Philip Zassman and another to Henry Knieriem, 148 Lee Av, and another, Feb. 10, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, M. Snyder, 15 William St.....$1,100

154TH ST, 412 and 414 East, s s, 50x100; Paul Mittelstaedt to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, Feb. 19, 5 years; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St.....$30,000

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

ST. NICHOLAS PLACE, 48, all; Brower-Weiss Realties Corporation to Joseph Jovans, 14 East 114th St, 7 months from March 1, 1914; attorney, Joseph G. Abramson, 30 Church St.....$2,000 per month

WORTH ST, 171, store and basement; Dominick Abbate and another to Jacopo Tarabella and another, 270 Winthrop St, Brooklyn, 5 years from Dec. 1, 12.....$600

1ST AV, 1,533 and 1,535, stores; Oliver Rochre and another to Louis Goldberg, 1,533 1st Av, 5 years from April 1, 1914.....$1,800

2D AV, 2,153, store floor and basement; Max Lederer to Samuel Lederer, 24 East 100th St, 5 years from Feb. 7, 1914; attorneys, Sternberg, J. & P., 232 B'way.....$1,080

14TH ST, 241 East, 1st floor; Frederick Jackson to Abram Asnes, 328 East 14th St, 3 years from July 1, 1913.....$1,020

52D ST, 37 West, 4 upper floors; Harry J. Lucé to New Centre Co., 39 West 32d St, 20 years from May 1, 1914; attorneys, Janover, F. & J., 30 Church St.....$1,000

Bronx.

8TH AV, 2,555, store floor; Henry R. Autenrieth to Jacob Davidson and another, 319 East 27th St, 3 years from May 1, 1914; attorneys, Davidson Brothers, 2,558 3d Av.....$1,350

132D ST, n s, 350 ft w of Cypress Av, 75x 210x23x50x50x100; Otto Doll and another to Nathan Hirschhorn, 1,095 Morris Av, 10 years; attorney, L. J. Baker, 34 Nassau St.....$3,500

MECHANICS' LIENS.

42D ST, 141 West; Altavia Realty and Construction Co. against Peter Delacy, owner and contractor.....$5,743

118TH ST, 216 East; Herman Schapirer against Jacob Lowenthal, owner and contractor.....$180

173D ST, 555 West; Benjamin Feldman against Bertha Golla, owner; William Johnson, contractor.....$961

Bronx.

BELMONT AV, s e corner of 181st St, 141.2x 85.9; Victor Building and Contracting Co., Inc., against Crownhill Construction Co., owner and contractor.....$7,000

DECATUR AV, 3,325; Emil Schandelier Co., Inc., against Edson Building Co., owner and contractor.....$100

PARK AV, 4,048; Klarman Brothers against John Doe, (fiction,) owner; James Robinson, contractor.....$22

172D ST, 856 to 860, and 864 East; Dominick Marimucci and Giovanni Ciampa against the Sole Realty and Construction Co., owner and contractor.....$3,683

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 1,304; Angelo Alteri & Co. against Daniel Ostrow et al., Dec. 22, 1913.....$217

6TH AV, 510 and 512; J. P. Duffy Co. against Louise Appell et al., Jan. 17, 1914.....$80

116TH ST, 60 and 62 West; John Bell Co. against Royal Pastime Co. et al., Dec. 11, 1913.....$200

116TH ST, 62 West; Goodman Construction Co. against same, Oct. 27, 1913.....$150

116TH ST, 60 and 62 West; Sterling Ceiling and Lathing Co. against same, Oct. 25, 1913.....$91

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

MADISON ST, 348; Clarence M. Coddington against Michael Gold and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. M. Coddington.

2D AV, 1,890; Anna R. Fairchild against Sarah Katz and other, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Thall & Beam.

42D ST, 141 West; Altoria Realty and Construction Co. against Peter Delacy, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorneys, Gettner, Simon & Asher.

Bronx.

DAVIDSON AV, s e corner of North St, 15x 100; May Price Constant Graf against Fleischmann Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, G. E. Coney.

EASTBURN AV, e s, 238.3 ft n of 174th St, 25x90 the Board of Education of the Reformed Church of America against Sarah Cohen, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. L. Livingston.

FOX ST, e s, 636.10 ft n of 165th St, 20.5x 100; Clara Best against Martha Perna, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Arrowsmith & D.

LOTS 207 and 223, map of Samler Estate, property located at Broadway and 256th St; Stuart Realty Co. against Stroefer Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Gilbert & G.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

BECKER, GEO., (Aug. 6, 1913;) net estate, $77,258; 1,957 Anthony Av., $10,000; 513-516 Tremont Av., $60,000; bank, $12,490.

BEERS, EMMA S., (Dec. 12, 1910;) net N. Y. estate, $1,041; fx. in land at Caroline, N. Y., $700; stocks and bonds, $508; 10 shs. Adams Ex. Co.

BIRCH, THOS. F., (Jan. 12, 1911;) net N. Y. estate, $9,954; stocks and bonds, $11,000; 100 shs. N. Y. C. & H. R. Ry.

BROWN, DAVID S., (June 22, 1913;) 12 Av., bet 51 and 52 Sts., $157,905; bank, $369.87; horses, carriages, clothing, and jewelry, $2,202; bonds and mortgs., $43,506; stocks and bonds, $3,900; 30 shs. N. J. Mortg. and Trust Co.

CANFIELD, KATHERINE T., (Jan. 23, 1911;) net N. Y. estate, $1,079; bank, $1,846.

DOEBS, CHAS. G., (Sept. 19, 1913;) net estate, $33,797; bank, $1,559; stocks and bonds, $16,909; 20 shs. N. Y. C. & H. R. Ry., 50 A., T. & Santa Fe, 50 So. Pacific, 30 Mo. Pac., 20 Int.-Met., 10 U. S. Steel, 30 Am. Smelting and Ref., 100 Br. Col. Copper, 250 com., 100 pfd. Chicago Un. Tract.; partnership in Sam. White & Co., $34,826.

GROSS, ED., (July 17, 1913;) net estate, $9,375; bank, $7,756; cash, $911; due, $643; stocks and bonds, $2,280; 50 shs. Am. Smelting and Ref.; 100 com., 100 pfd. Quicksilver Mining; liquor business at 45 Broad St., $3,000.

GURNEY, HIRAM H., (March 29, 1911;) estate consisted of int. in syndicate, owning land at Hempstead, L. I.

HAMILL, HUGH H., (May 14, 1909;) net N. Y. estate, $12,422; stocks and bonds, $12,-756; 240 shs. Am. Gas & Elect. Co., 26 Degnon Cont. Co., 9 Tubes Realty & Terminal.

HEINE, CLARA, (Jan. 6, 1913;) net estate, $27,744; 26 W. 72 St., $60,000, (mortg. $30,-000;) bank, $656; jewelry, $1,600.

HONEY, WM., (Mar. 28, 1904;) net estate, $6,025; 421 E. 13 St., $21,000, (mortg. $14,-500.)

LADWIN, DONALD P., (Jan. 13, 1913;) net N. Y. estate, $5,250; int. 63 Cortlandt St., $5,250.

KENNEY, MICHAEL, (May 1, 1913;) net estate, $33,666; bank, $34,151; salary, $17; cash, $57; stocks and bonds, $1,700; 100 com., 70 pfd., U. S. Light and Heating.

KLEIN, LOUISE, (May 16, 1913;) net estate, $7,816; 10 lots at Mt. Pleasant, N. Y., $750; bank, $7,146; furniture, $50; ins., $1,000.

LAWRENCE, ROBT. W., (Oct. 24, 1906;) net estate, $1,366; 227 E. 48 St., $13,000, (mortg. $6,000;) bank, $647; int. 250 shs. U. S. Steel, $504; gold watch, $20; furniture, $100.

LEE, ELIZABETH, (July 7, 1900;) net N. Y. estate, $3,553; 127 E. 127 St., $3,500; bank, $55.

McCUE, PATRICK F., (May 4, 1912;) net estate, $8,649; 2,019 Walton Av., $6,500; bank, $2,517; gold watch, $25.

MAUNEBACH, CATHERINE E., (Oct. 7, 1913;) net

Real Estate
Thirty cents a line.

Manhattan—For Sale.

Private residence for sale. 664 West End Av. Thomas Read, 2 Wall St.

Brooklyn—For Sale or to Let.

To Lease—Plot of ground, 100 feet by 150 feet, suitable for storage or factory purposes; also plot 50 feet by 184 feet, with building for manufacturing or stables. Thomas P. Kelly, 251 Green St., (Greenpoint,) Brooklyn, N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

TO SETTLE AN ESTATE will sell 500 lots in best part of Queens Borough, 30 minutes to Herald Square, for half of real value. Executor, Box 66, Springfield Gardens, N. Y.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

CEDAR KNOLLS,
twenty-eight minutes from Grand Central. The choicest part of Westchester County. Wooded hills, fully improved, carefully restricted, fine schools, churches, and country club, amid the homes of refined people. Send for booklet. First Mortgage and Real Estate Company, 30 East 42d St.

Best list of houses, lots, farms, and country estates for sale or rent at white Plains, Hartsdale, Scarsdale, and the better sections of Westchester County. Chauncey B. Griffen, Depot Square, White Plains, N. Y.

Mount Vernon.

Mt. Vernon, N. Y., 406 South Third Av.—Comfortable home, 12 rooms, hardwood trim, attractive surroundings, for sale cheap. Inquire on premises or 'phone 250-M Mt Vernon.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

In ideal Ridgewood, N. J., 30 minutes from New York, we offer a remodeled homestead; also two new modern houses, with good-sized garden ground; fruit and shade trees, hedges &c. Ridgewood is known as the healthiest spot in the East. Saddle River Valley Construction Co., Walthery Av., Ridgewood. Tel. Ridgewood 880 and 528W. N. Y. office, 80 B'way. Tel. Rector 4794-5.

A very little money and small monthly payments, or more money with a cash discount, will buy one of our extra fine low-priced houses or semi-bungalows at Fanwood; they are modern, new, ready to live in, and close to the depot. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

LAKEWOOD.

Plot 100x100 on beautiful River Av.; sacrifice. Apply Room 789, 200 5th Av., N. Y.

RIDGEWOOD, NEW JERSEY.
1,000 satisfied commuters; 80 daily trains; homes for rent and for sale; ask for booklet. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N. J. Fone 555.

Bungalows and cottages, artistic and complete, 6 to 10 rooms, large plots, near station; best section of New Jersey; photographs on request. Smith-Singer Company, Ridgewood, N. J.

$108, payable $5 monthly, buys 54 acres woodland; Burlington County; only $2 per acre. Appleby Estates, Spotswood, N. J.

New England—For Sale or To Let.

FOR sale or rent in Littleton, N. H., grain and feed mill, water power; the Northern Hotel furnished year round; horse and auto livery; all doing nice business. Consult I. C. Richardson, Littleton, N. H.

Connecticut—For Sale or to Let.

WATER FRONT, BLACK ROCK.
Four acres; new hollow tile house, garage, stable, and tenant; cost $75,000. Box 242, Short Hills, N. J.

Real Estate for Exchange.

WILL exchange New York City modern loft income for Long Island North Shore or Hamptons property. Now occupied by single tenant paying $3,000 yearly net. Property covered by a first approximately 60 per cent. Estate mortgage of $40,000 at 5 per cent.; net income $1,600. Appraised value, $68,000. Write Box L 79 Times.

Real Estate.

Real Estate Salesmen.—Intelligent men to learn the real estate business; will be given an exceptional opportunity and receive a thorough sales training by an old-established firm; commission. Apply Rickert-Finlay Realty Co., 1 West 34th St., New York.

Mortgage Loans.

Abundance of estates money for liberal mortgage loans. Equity, 33 Times Downtown.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—First, 5%; seconds, 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

To Let for Business Purposes.
Thirty cents a line.

69 West 9th St.—Large, light store, up to date, desirable. Telephone 4482 Bedford, Brooklyn.

Desk Room.—Light, desk, telephone, stenographer; 36th St., near Broadway. K 12 Times.

Apartments to Let
Furnished.
Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av and 2 AND 3 ROOMS.
Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

46 WEST 83D ST.
Beautiful apartment of 8 rooms and 2 baths to rent, either unfurnished, ($125,) or furnished, ($160;) every room light; northeast and southern exposure. Keys from V. K. Bracher, 2,010 B'way. Phone Columbus 861.

Exceptionally large three-room, bath, and foyer, facing Riverside Drive, in new and most attractive apartment house on the west side; rent $75 a month; immediate possession. 'Phone 2953 Gramercy.

Riverside Drive, 528.—High-class apartment, attractively furnished, piano, overlooking Hudson; outside rooms; reasonable. Apt. 29, near Subway. Call 3 to 6.

89th, 52 West.—Suite two rooms, bath; furnished, unfurnished; electric light, telephone; suitable studio, bachelor quarters; immediate possession.

Five sunny rooms; southern, eastern exposure; electricity, telephone, elevator; all outside; rent, $60 monthly, furnished. 510 West 134th St.

For desirable furnished apartments, choice locations, long, short leases, reasonable rentals, apply Clark & de Flores, 30 E. 42d.

Four rooms and bath; high-class elevator house. Apply Supt., 430 West 119th St.

456 Riverside Drive, 116th St.—Delightful small apartment; $85 month. Supt.

Apartments Wanted—Furnished
Thirty cents a line.

Wanted—Furnished apartment, four or five rooms, kitchenette, sunny exposure, east side, between 34th and 59th Sts.; about $70 per month. H 99 Times.

Two gentlemen wish to sublet three-room apartment on west side, between 80th and 116th Sts.; elevator not essential; state full particulars. X 357 Times Annex.

Apartments to Let
Unfurnished.
Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

WESTOVER COURT BACHELOR APARTMENTS.
211 W. 43d St. and 212 W. 44th St., Times Square.
Two, Three, or Four Rooms and Bath.
Apply Astor Office, 23 West 26th St., or Superintendent, on Premises.

Elevator Apartments, $35-$55; 4, 5, 6, 7 rooms, facing Highbridge Park; concessions. Corner 178th St., Amsterdam Av.

Choice apartments, six rooms and bath, all improvements. No. 1,049 Park Av.; rent, $25.00.

Six rooms, sunny, from March 1. Paterno, 440 Riverside Drive. Seen by appointment. Phone Morningside 6694. Apartment 38.

To sublet, six rooms and two baths; immediate possession. 251 West 89th.

East Side.

89th St., 146 East.—Top floor, studio apartment; two rooms and bath; excellent meal service; $55 per month.

Brooklyn.

642 HIGH-CLASS END APARTMENT $42.
6 light rooms; tiled bath; parquet floors; electric lights; walking distance Subway. Golden Realty, St. James's Pl., near Fulton.

Storage.
Thirty cents a line.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $8 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 49th. Telephone 2057 Bryant.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Preceding Page.

Lost
Thirty-five cents a line

LOST—At Metropolitan Opera House, Jan. 17, a small gold purse, top studded with rubies and diamonds; Row F, Seat 8. Return Miss Charlotte R. Stillman, 471 Park Av.; reward.

LOST.—Wednesday night, on 5th Av., 59th St., or Park Av., tan morocco handbag, containing money, keys; reward. Miss L. Porter, 35 East 62d.

LOST—Diamond brooch with pendant, silver setting, Metropolitan Museum, Remsen St., Subway, Madison Av. car, 84th St.; reward. Terry, 12 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Breast pin, size of five-cent piece, covered with half pearls, on 57th St., from Lotos Club to Madison Av. car at 59th St.; liberal reward, 24 East 63d St.

LOST—Thin gold cigarette case, initialed "P. B. R.," Sunday evening on 44th St., near 6th Av. Return to Room 1,410, 101 Park Av.; reward.

LOST.—Persian muff, Subway, between 66th-68th, Columbus; reward. Store, 148 Columbus Av.

LOST.—Feb. 18, Hotel Plaza, diamond and pearl crescent pin. Liberal reward by returning to H. E. Mason.

LOST—Vicinity St. Nicholas Av. and 172d St., coonskin muff; reward. Hanford, 590 West 172d St.

LOST.—Solid filled pearl heart shaped pin, J. A. P. inside; reward. Horton, 320 West 138th St.

Found.

FOUND.—Lady's handbag, Sunday night, telephone booths, Times Building. Apply Lost and Found Department, New York Times Annex, 229 West 43d St.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Tan colored bull terrier, 8 months old, black nose, red leather collar, brass mountings; reward. 130 West 58th St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Av. A and 24th St., where owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons desiring to secure pets should also apply. The Society conducts a free hospital for animals at the same address.

Business Opportunities.
Forty cents a line.

WANTED — PARTNER WITH SMALL AMOUNT OF READY CAPITAL TO JOIN IN PRINTING BUSINESS WHICH IS JUST PAYING EXPENSES: LIVE MAN SIMILARLY SITUATED OR WORTH A REASONABLY WELL-ESTABLISHED BUSINESS BY UNITING WITH ME CAN MAKE LARGE INCOME; CAREFUL INQUIRY INVITED. ADDRESS A 248 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Treasurer wanted in a corporation doing annual business $150,000; must be keen business man, ready to devote time to business in New York, and able to pay at least $10,000 of amount necessary to purchase interest of retiring Treasurer; good salary and retirement of investment within year if desired. Box L 78 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.
A partner with $5,000 to invest in one of the best paying propositions of amusements in United States; will give 50 per cent. of net profits and do all the work myself. Confidential, X 356 Times Annex.

A going manufacturing concern seeks the cooperation of person who can invest $25,000 for extension of business; very profitable; investment secured by first mortgage; references given and required; principals only. H 171 Times.

Associate, with office experience and capital, join me in establishing importing business; I invest equal amount; have such business connections guaranteeing $32,000 profit annually. Importation, Box 165 Times Downtown.

Partner wanted in men's hat factory; will sacrifice half interest; excellent proposition; investment required nominal. A 267 Times Downtown.

Man with capital of about $5,000 to invest in established manufacturing concern that needs additional capital; man to be active; investigation invited. X 353 Times.

Man with references and $250 control office selling patented articles; unlimited credit on stock backed by big company. Call now, Mr. Sprague, 1,204 Broadway.

COPPER—Will sell control shipping copper proposition to reliable party financing reorganization; principals only. Owner, X 311 Times.

Promoter Wanted.—An exceptional proposition by party in Florida to handle New York end; very remunerative. K 10 Times.

Partner wanted, ready capital, to back me in starting auto school. This is no get-rich-quick scheme. Box X 349 Times Annex.

$6,000 cash can buy sheet-metal goods plant worth $20,000; company liquidating. X 344 Times.

Business Notices
Forty cents a line.

Effective multiple typewritten personal appealing circular letters; one or two colors; no more expensive, but vastly more productive. Commercial, 52 New St., 2530 Broad.

Multigraph letters; 300, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. Phone Beekman 8350. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau. Room 1,018.

Dependable multigraph typewritten letters, 300, $1.50; 500, $2; 10,000, $10; delivered. Phone Cortlandt 1382. Wm. Gray, 93 Nassau.

BETTER LETTERS. — Multigraphing, 200, $1; 500, $1.35; get our prices on printing. Telephone John 1047. Nell, 30 Pine.

Rejected life insurance risks placed; principals only; out-of-town correspondence solicited; cash for names friends. B 26 Times.

TYPIST, expert, desires typewriting work. Apt. 31, 529 West 135th St.

Business Loans.

Outstanding accounts financed for merchants needing cash. Security Finance Co., 135 Broadway.

Clothing.

Mme. Naftal buys fine evening, street, and dinner costumes, diamonds, jewelry, furs; highest cash value. 69 West 45th St. Phone 670 Bryant.

Patent Attorneys.

Patents worked out, secured, disposed of. Patents purchased. We speak all languages. ALEXANDER DENES, 125 E. 23D ST.

Boarders Wanted
Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

157TH, 210 EAST.—Desirable, large rooms, every convenience; home cooking; references; telephone.

29TH ST., 38 EAST.—Rooms, with large closets; hot, cold water; parlor dining room.

34TH, 117-119 EAST.—Large and small rooms; with board.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Sunny front parlor; running water; also room and bath; 'phone.

West Side.

6TH AV., 46.—Large, small front rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

89TH STREET, 49 WEST.
One room and bath; excellent board.

54TH STREET, 54 WEST.
Large, small rooms; first-class. References.

57TH ST., 351 WEST.—Large, small rooms, southern exposure; good board; reference, $12.

49TH, 68 WEST.—Established 25 years; rooms, suites, baths, telephones; superior table.

58TH ST., 15 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms, suites; private baths; board optional; references.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private baths; Southerners accommodated.

70TH, 80 WEST.—Large sunny rooms; every convenience; board; best location; refined home.

71ST, 130 WEST.—Desirable accommodations for gentleman; refined; homelike; subway, "L"; references.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Sunny single, double rooms; parlor dining; reasonable; table guests.

77TH ST., 124 WEST.—Comfortable, well-heated double, medium, and single rooms; handsome, newly furnished house; parlor dining; reasonable; telephone; table guests.

78TH, 121 WEST.—Desirable single room; heated; connecting bath; gentleman; private family.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.
Norsee Hall and The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, homelike, unusual; Southern cooking; white maid service; steam heat; telephone in every room; booklet on request.

80TH ST., 106-108-110 WEST.
The House Richards.—A satisfactory home for permanent, refined people; all new, high-type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; parlor dining room; table guests.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Desirable, sunny rooms; electricity; generous table; ideal location; reference.

81ST, 138 WEST.—Large and small rooms; excellent table; table board.

82D, 54 WEST.—Large single room, sunny; bath; excellent table; references.

88D ST., 5 WEST.—Suite, single; steam, electricity; excellent meals; table guests; references.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Boarders Wanted
Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

55TH, 125 WEST.—Comfortable large room; reasonable; parlor dining; private house; references.

89TH ST., 276 WEST.—Unusually attractive large rooms; steam, electricity; table a specialty.

93D, 128-130 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; excellent table; parlor dining; references.

102D, 253 WEST, (Hotel La Grange.)—Outclassing everything for style and price; double rooms, (board two,) $20; single, $10.

103D, 250-252 WEST.—Excellent accommodations; dentist, bachelors; attractive rooms; unsurpassed table board.

103D, (cor. West End Av., 879.)—Bright room; excellent meals; moderate; references.

112TH-BROADWAY.—Family of two offer unusual home, delicious meals, to gentleman seeking exclusive, tasteful surroundings. H 163 Times.

113TH ST., 625 WEST.—Special attention to table guests; service quiet and efficient.

113TH ST., 560 WEST.—Elegant rooms; southern exposure; suitable one, two; excellent cuisine.

114TH ST., 526 WEST.—Single front rooms; running water; large clothes closet; exceptional table.

1218T ST., 132 WEST.—For those appreciating refined, comfortable home, cleanliness, large rooms, one unfurnished, some connecting; private bath; parlor dining room; American table; reasonable.

149TH ST., 540-558 WEST, (Broadway Subway.)—Nicest, healthiest section; Audubon; large, bright rooms, well heated, electricity, 'phones, bath; $14, $16, $18 weekly for two, including first-class meals; smaller room, $8; parlor dining rooms; separate table; every comfort. Telephone 2757 Audubon.

Charming Winter Home.
Away from city and noise,
yet within 20 minutes from Manhattan;
grand location, overlooking city, country, sea;
cool in Summer, warm in Winter;
"THE EVELYN LODGE."
Lovely, sunny rooms, suites, all outside, beautifully furnished, magnificent dining room, excellent chef and service; separate tables; everything sweet and clean; very attractive. Single, from $9; two, from $17, with meals. Take boat at Battery; fare 5 cents. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

CONVENT AV., 336.—Beautiful rooms, $13 upward, one; $18 upward, two; references.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Refined family adults will accommodate gentleman; room, with private bath; excellent table. Morningside 6645. Apartment 41.

THE NORWOOD.
174 West 126th, cor. 7th Av.—Family hotel, restaurant; every room steam heated; newly renovated; reasonable rates; refined location.

Country Board.
Thirty cents a line.

New Jersey.

LENOX MANOR,
75 LENOX AV.,
EAST ORANGE, N. J.
A large, old-fashioned country home, with the conveniences of the present day and the appointments of an excellent, small hotel; forty-five minutes from Hudson Terminal via Lackawanna Railroad. Telephone Orange 5075.

Furnished Rooms
Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

17TH ST., 108 EAST.—Large front room; private bath; also other rooms $4 up.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Nicely furnished room; select house; breakfast optional; references; telephone.

60TH ST., 143 EAST.—LARGE, COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOMS. 2354 PLAZA.

76TH ST., 45 EAST.—Desirable, sunny rooms; ideal location; every convenience; telephone.

83D ST., 144 EAST.—Large and small well-heated rooms; housekeeping conveniences; private home.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box-spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,372, (90th.)—One, two large, nicely furnished, first floor rooms, adjoining bath; near "L;" good neighborhood; physician's private residence; breakfast optional; reasonable.

Most desirable large and small rooms, physician's office, en suite. 58 East 86th St.

West Side.

16TH ST., 135 WEST.—Large parlor; conveniences for doctor; other large, small rooms.

87TH, 47 WEST.—Elegant front parlor, suitable dressmaking, any business; reasonable rent.

42D, 322 WEST.—Comfortably furnished rooms; gentlemen only; $1.50 upward; telephone. Hughes.

43D ST., 113 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large, small, warm rooms; modern conveniences; telephone; references.

44TH ST, 236 West, Apartment 6.—Luxuriously furnished front suite; telephone, steam heat, elevator, elaborate draperies, rugs.

46TH ST., 28 WEST.—Large rooms; bachelor apartments; private baths; telephone. 2295 Bryant.

47TH ST., 1 WEST.—Splendid front main floor room; steam, electricity, telephone; select.

47TH, 31 WEST.—Large, magnificently furnished room; complete private bath; steam, electricity, telephone.

47TH, 41 WEST.—Splendid full-sized single front room; steam; running water; telephone.

50TH, 65 WEST.—Large, comfortable, sunny rooms; hot and cold water. 5281 Plaza.

50TH ST., 125 WEST.—Attractively furnished parlor bedrcom and bath; every convenience; references. Gray.

50TH ST., 135 WEST.—Desirable room for business woman; bath; telephone. Bonneau.

56TH, 207 WEST.—Large room, modern apartment; all conveniences; refined home. Apt. 2, East.

57TH, 863 WEST.—Small bright room; well-arranged apartment; references exchanged. Van Name.

58TH, 15 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms, suites; private baths; board optional; references.

58TH ST., 128 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large, small, sunny rooms; modern conveniences. 2303 Columbus.

58TH, 855 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large, small, sunny rooms; conveniences; excellent location. Klinker.

65TH, 38 WEST.—Large parlor and den, elegantly furnished; piano; phone, electricity; private entrance; connecting private bath, with shower; references. Pearson. Phone 6104 Columbus.

66TH, 145 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; heat; Subway, "L" block; private. Snyder.

68TH, 70 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, small rooms, with running water; telephone; references.

71ST, 165 WEST, (off Broadway.)—Immaculately clean rooms; continuous hot water; cozy house for refined business people; telephone.

71ST ST., 104 WEST.—Large, bright, well-furnished rooms; warm house; with private family.

71ST, 280 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished double, single rooms; conveniences; central; telephone; references.

71ST, 324 WEST.—Very large, comfortably furnished room; private bath; refined home; $12.

71ST, 282 WEST.—Suite of two rooms, dressing room; small sunny room; electricity.

72D, 268 WEST.—Large room; suitable two or three; also medium room.

73D, 103 WEST.—LARGE, COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOMS; HOMELIKE; REFERENCES.

73D, 253 WEST.—Newly furnished, large rooms; single and en suite, with and without private bath; telephone; Subway express.

179 WEST 78D.
LARGE ROOM, SOUTHERN EXPOSURE.

76TH ST., 303 WEST.—Beautifully furnished back parlor; small room; electricity; owner's home.

76TH ST., 174 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms; $5 and $10 weekly; kitchenette; references.

77TH, 501 WEST.—Rooms newly furnished, large, light; convenient subway and Drive; tray breakfast if desired. Telephone Schuyler 9959.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Desirable small room; gentlemen; references; reasonable.

78TH, 217 WEST.—Newly decorated, elegantly furnished light rooms; all conveniences.

79TH, 213 WEST.—Delightful room, private bath; housekeeping privileges; small room; Subway.

82D, 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms; large, small; reasonable; private house; telephone; references.

82D, 56 WEST.—Large, well-furnished rooms; private bath, electric light; references.

83D ST., (between West End Av. and Drive.)—Lady having beautiful apartment will rent one or two rooms to desirable parties; every convenience; references exchanged. Phone Schuyler 8702. Adams.

84TH, 55 WEST.—Comfortable, heated double, single rooms; parlor dining; telephone; references.

84TH ST., 61 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable room; private bath, toilet; medium room; $5.

85TH, 120 WEST.—Elegantly furnished front room and back parlor; private bath.

86TH, 302 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; quiet, refined; desirable surroundings; all conveniences; hot water.

YALE LAND COMPANY,
Owners & Developers of
Yale Terrace,
110 West 34th Street.

New York, Feb. 19, 1914.

The New York Times:

We are pleased to state that from our advertisement of Garden Farms and Bungalows at Flushing Heights and Queensboro Hill in The New York Times, we received more answers than from any of five other newspapers. Furthermore, the majority of The Times replies were from people who really meant business.

YALE LAND COMPANY,
By Wm. T. Yale, Vice President.

Telephone advertisements to The Times—Bryant 1000.

Furnished Rooms
Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

86TH, 302 WEST.—Warm, attractively furnished rooms; quiet, refined; continuous hot water.

88TH ST., 183 WEST.—Front room; southern exposure; running water; private house; gentleman.

92D, 204 WEST.—Large front room, well heated, three windows. Possons.

94TH, 20 WEST.—Newly furnished, large room, second floor; southern aspect; gentleman or business woman; references.

94TH ST., 34 WEST.—Large, desirable rooms; private bath; quiet surroundings; owner; reference.

101ST ST., 16 WEST.—Attractive suite; telephone; electricity; housekeeping; $8; large, $4. McNamara.

103D, 145 WEST.—Large, beautiful rooms, private house; convenient neighborhood; telephone; references.

105TH, 147 WEST.—Two well-furnished rooms on first floor of apartment; terms, $3 and $4 per week; steam heat. references required. Tice.

105TH ST., 69 WEST.—Comfortably furnished room; steam heat, bath; private family; gentlemen. Burrow.

107TH, (2,783 Broadway.)—Beautiful large room, adjoining bath; view Hudson. Apt. 6-A.

111TH ST., 605 WEST.—Pleasant, light room for gentleman; modern elevator apartment. Apartment 19.

111TH ST., 605 WEST.—ELEGANT FRONT ROOM, OVERLOOKING HUDSON. APT 15.

113TH ST., 536 WEST.—Attractive room, elevator apartment; no other roomers. Smyth. 4534 Morningside.

114TH ST., 610 WEST.—A front parlor, beautifully furnished; large bedroom; modern conveniences.

115TH ST., 419 WEST, (Columbia University.)—Outside rooms; electricity; bath; shower; elevator. Lyman.

118TH ST., 405 WEST.—Attractive rooms; elevator, shower, telephone; business men preferred. Apt. 4i.

118TH ST., 430 WEST.—Large, newly furnished room, overlooking Columbia Campus; bath, electricity, telephone, elevator; good service. Reuben.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Morningside Heights; light, attractive rooms, single, double. Apartment 52.

120TH, 423 WEST.—Large, attractive outside rooms; southern exposure; new apartment house. Apt. 8S.

121ST 501 and 519, (opp. Columbia University.)—Beautifully furnished rooms; sunny front or side; light rear; 1, 2, 3 windows; single, double; $5, $6, $7 week; elevator; steam, electricity, gas, hot water, parlor; optional co-operative dining room; meals at cost; Southern and Northern cooking; Broadway Subway. Telephones, Morningside 6822 and 8790. Mrs. M. S. Young.

122D, 540 WEST.—Large, homelike corner rooms. Telephone Morningside 4880. Apartment 51.

122D, 523 WEST.—Choice two rooms, kitchen, bath; also single; $5.50. Sherman.

124TH ST., 541 WEST.—American family; elevated, Broadway Subway; gentleman; $3. Apt. 21.

124TH ST., 17 WEST.—DESIRABLE, SUNNY ROOM, FACING PARK; SUBWAY.

137TH ST., 224 WEST.—Large and small rooms; nicely furnished; in private house.

159TH ST., 549 WEST.—LARGE FRONT ROOMS; SUBWAY, TELEPHONE; REFERENCES.

178TH ST., 658 WEST.—Elegant front parlor; suitable one, two gentlemen; electricity, 'phone; Subway; breakfast optional; references; smaller rooms. De Grath.

CLAREMONT AVE., 191, Apartment 54.—Two newly furnished rooms in artistic elevator apartment; privilege kitchen.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 415.—Attractive outside room; private family; gentleman. Apartment 58.

LENOX AV., 212.—Rooms, together or separately; furnished or unfurnished.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, near Grant's Tomb.—Attractive outside rooms, suitable two; small room, with bath; board optional. Phone 9676W Morningside.

ROOM, running water, private apartment, Central Park West; particulars Lelan'es, 4 West 33d St.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 88.—Attractive outside rooms, $2.50, $4; private family; refined surroundings.

WEST END, 611.—Magnificent room, private bath; electricity; private family; 91st Subway.

Rooms Wanted—Furnished
Twenty cents a line.

YOUNG COUPLE want one or two housekeeping rooms, furnished, or board; state terms and particulars. A 265 Times Downtown.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.
Thirty cents a line.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
TYPEWRITERS RENTED
4 months for $5 and upward.
4 months for $5 and upward.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., Inc.
345 Broadway, at Leonard St. Tel. 5404 Franklin.
566 Broadway, at 22d St.
50 Nassau St., at Maiden Lane.
10 Barclay St. Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

Marvin Safe; outside measurements: Height, 54; width, 42; depth, 28 inches; also oak office and typewriter desks. Apply to Room 1,202, 1,482 Broadway.

Contents of four room flat, rent $22; good start for young couple. Call Saturday afternoon or Monday morning, Whitford, 107 West 105th St.

A Big Sale—Desks, chairs, tables, filing cabinets, hat trees, telephone booths, wardrobes, oak and mahogany. Quick & McKenna, 4 Reade St.

Office Outfit.—Sanitary desk, tables, chairs, Underwood typewriter, sundries; all new December; $110 the lot. 1,020 Woolworth Building.

SIXTY typewriters visible and others, costing $100 each new, $5 up; selling them out. Store, 427 Broadway, near Howard.

Pianos and Organs.

PIANO, good condition, $95. FISCHER PIANO FACTORY, 417 W. 28th St., nr. 9th Av.

CHICKERING upright piano; cost $500; will sell for $85. ANGUERA, 816 West 46d St.

Machinery.

WELDING automobile and machine parts, cylinders, crank shafts, aluminum work, steel cutting; largest equipment. E. W. Soleau, Division Av., Belleville, N. J.

Purchase and Exchange.
Thirty cents a line.

Full value paid for pawn tickets, diamonds, old gold, silver, and platinum; we make a specialty of purchasing Provident Loan tickets, paying from 25 to 75 per cent., whether expired or not; we save your pledges for you. H. Feingold, 645 8th Av., New York City.

WE PAY FULL VALUE FOR PAWN TICKETS, diamonds, old gold, silver, and platinum; we save your pledges for you.
H. FEINGOLD, 645 6TH AV.,
bet. 37th and 38th Sts. Phone 3415 Greeley.

A. S. BORG, 146 WEST 23D ST.
Highest prices paid for diamonds, platinum, old gold, silver, old teeth, pawn tickets; liberal percentage for Provident tickets.

Absolutely highest price paid for old sealskin, Persian lamb, and other high-grade furs. M. Naftal, 69 West 45th St.

I pay highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2298 Stuyvesant.

Diamonds, jewelry, silver, antiques, purchased. Robert Ensko, 998 Madison Av. Est. 1873.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Help Wanted Female
Fifteen cents a line.

EXPERIENCED saleslades, fitters, alteration and stock girls for dresses wanted; none but experienced, with first-class reference, need apply. Call after 2 P. M. Friday.
Orkins, 21 West 34th St.

MILLINERY IMPROVERS WANTED.—ONLY GIRLS WITH REFERENCES NEED APPLY. PEGGY HOYT, 516 5TH AV.

NURSE.—Practical; $20 monthly and maintenance. Apply Ralph Av. and Pacific St., Brooklyn.

OFFICE ASSISTANT. — EXPERIENCED, QUICK, AND ACCURATE AT FIGURES; NEAT WRITER. APPLY BY LETTER ONLY, INCLOSING REFERENCES. TIMOTHY F. CROWLEY, INC., 40-42 EAST 22D ST.

PUPIL NURSES wanted. Apply Supt. Nurses, People's Hospital, 203 Second Av.

READER of correspondence in mail order house; intelligence. State details and initial salary. L 77 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER. — RESPONSIBLE POSITION IN ADVERTISING DEPARTMENT OF MAGAZINE; POSITION HAS BEST SORT OF OPPORTUNITY FOR BRAINY, ACTIVE GIRL, NOT OVER TWENTY-THREE; WRITE FULLY, STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE, RELIGION, AND SALARY EARNED IN LAST POSITION. K 15 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER — Short hours, congenial work, at Columbia University; state experience and salary expected; give telephone number. Box L 80 Times Annex.

WILL have vacancy for two and probably three bright educated ladies Feb. 23. Educational Society, 225 5th Av.

WOMAN wanted to wash weekly, one-half day on Mondays; city reference. Call this morning, 318 West 100th St., or telephone 3502 Riverside.

YOUNG WOMEN OF REFINED, STYLISH APPEARANCE, OVER 5 FEET 7 INCHES TALL, WANTED TO POSE FOR FASHION PHOTOGRAPHS; NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY. APPLY, FASHION CAMERA, 243 WEST 39TH ST., NEW YORK CITY.

Instruction.
Thirty cents a line.

4.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES, AEOLIAN HALL, 33 WEST 42D ST. SECRETARIAL COURSES ONLY; STENOGRAPHY, SECRETARIAL, ENGLISH, ACCOUNTANCY, AND SOCIAL AMENITIES. V. M. WHEAT, DIRECTOR.

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR TRAINING SECRETARIES at a reliable school. Registered and Inspected by the Regents of the University of the State of New York. Individual instruction; monthly payments. PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Known throughout the country for thorough work.

Help Wanted, Male
Fifteen cents a line.

ACCOUNTS, &c.—For collection branch of New York publishing house, live man of some experience in handling installment accounts, credits, and salesmen; must be good on details and a hustler. Address, with reference, Box 492, Madison Square Branch, New York City.

AN energetic man may earn $100 monthly profits in the mail order business; spare time at first; send for particulars. Dept. E, Mutual Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced bookkeeper and stenographer; one with knowledge of mortgage loan business preferred; must be well recommended. Address, with full particulars, A 231 Times Downtown.

GROCERY SALESMEN.—Young men experienced in waiting on high-class retail trade; good opportunity for active men who are willing to work for advancement; salary to start, $13 weekly. K 11 Times.

MANAGER AND ASSISTANT BUYER WANTED.
SPECIALTY STORE IN WHEELING, W. VA., REQUIRES SERVICES OF CAPABLE MAN OR WOMAN AS DEPARTMENT MANAGER AND ASSISTANT BUYER FOR FOLLOWING LINES: BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS, INFANTS' AND LITTLE GIRLS' APPAREL.
ADDRESS LEO E. LEIPZIGER, 687 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

MOVING-PICTURE MAN.—Experienced; capable managing States Rights Company.

SALESMEN wanted; experience unnecessary; easy work, big pay. Write (or call) for particulars and large list of openings offering opportunities to earn $100 to $500 a month while you learn. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, Dept. 1,001-C, Candler Building, Times Square, New York.

SALESMAN wanted; one who is thoroughly acquainted with the city department stores, to represent a manufacturer of slumber slippers and rubber boots socks, on a commission basis; can be carried as a side line. Address, with references, Manufacturer, Park Avenue Hotel, city.

SALESMEN.—Men and women, alive, active, to sell Blackstone Vacuum Massagers; no experience necessary; sells on sight; big profit. Call daily, 3 to 5. John L. Rogers, General Agent, 176 West 89th St.

SALESMAN.—Wanted a real live wire salesman; one that can sell raincoats and utility coats; right man can earn from $8,000 to $10,000 yearly; reliable firm; commission basis only. X 341 Times.

SALESMAN on raincoats wanted for city and country by tarpaulin and old-established manufacturer; reply, stating experience; opportunity for proper party; commission. X 350 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Wanted expert salesman for watch importing house to sell jobbers only; one familiar with trade preferred; salary and commission. Lugerman & Morrison, 45 Maiden Lane.

SALESMAN, experienced, sell direct latest type domestic wire-drawn Tungsten lamps, any voltage; commission. X 348 Times Annex.

SALESMAN wanted, experienced in celluloid novelties; only experienced need apply; commission and salary. L 76 Times Annex.

SILKS. — FIRST-CLASS STOCK CLERK; MUST COME WELL RECOMMENDED; GOOD SALARY TO AMBITIOUS HUSTLER; CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. H 174 TIMES.

VALET, experienced, for bachelor's apartment; must also understand cooking; references required from previous city employer. Address B 43 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN as bill clerk in wholesale ribbon house; Underwood machine; rapid and accurate; unimpeachable references; salary, $10. L 76 Times.

Situations Wanted
Fifteen cents a line.

Female.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant; three years' experience; assist stenography; $10; references. A 253 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER; high school graduate; experienced; $10. Sophie Cohen, 199 Powell St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience, desires position; moderate salary. A 250 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted
Fifteen cents a line.

Female.

COMPANION to lady by young woman of excellent social standing; good disposition; can furnish best of references. X 352 Times Annex.

MASSEUSE, graduate, desires permanent position as lady's attendant. H 173 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Beginner, young lady, (23,) living with parents, high school education, good grammarian, speller, competent to assist on double-entry books, familiar with switchboard and filing, several years' clerical experience, desires permanent position; $8. Sadie Cohen, 708 Lexington Av. Telephone 1927 Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, telephone operator, billing clerk; 5 years' architectural, mercantile experience; conversant office details; quick grasping ideas; highly educated; $12. E 251 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Confid

SEEKS AN INQUIRY INTO WHEAT DEALS

Manahan Wants Chicago, Duluth, and Minneapolis Trade Boards Investigated.

GRAIN MONOPOLY CHARGED

Congressman In Resolution Says Combination Controls Prices and Manipulates Transactions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—A resolution calling for a Congressional investigation of the Chicago Board of Trade, the Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce, the Duluth Board of Trade, and the marketing of wheat was introduced in the House to-day by Representative James Manahan of Minnesota. The inquiry, if authorized, would be sweeping enough to embrace a scrutiny of the operations of "the wheat pit" in Chicago and alleged "doctoring" of wheat in warehouse and terminal elevators for speculative purposes.

Mr. Manahan in his resolution charged that the Boards of Trade and Chamber of Commerce mentioned constituted a combination in violation of the Sherman law, and that the Chicago Board of Trade was dominated by a few large operators, among them the firms of Armor, Peavey, J. Rosenbaum, J. C. Shaffer & Co., and Bartlett, Frazier & Carrington.

The resolution, which called for an investigation by a special committee of seven to be appointed by Speaker Clark, was referred to the House Rules Committee. It provides that if the investigators uncover facts warranting criminal prosecution, the committee may refer such facts to the Attorney General for action under the Sherman law.

Among the allegations made in the resolution are these:

That the price of wheat paid the farmers and the cost of flour to consumers is largely controlled by the Chicago Board of Trade, the Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce, and the Board of Trade of Duluth, acting in combination.

That each of these organizations is created under State laws that make them self-governing and enable them to exercise arbitrary and tyrannical control over all trades operating in their respective jurisdictions.

That it is the practice of these controlling members, by concerted action in these three great wheat markets, offering or withdrawing enormous quantities of wheat of the public warehouses and terminal elevators, and by concerted bidding in "the pit" on futures, to depress or raise the price of wheat to suit the purpose of their gambling operations.

That the only part of the gain of gambling in wheat not borne by the farmer or buyer of bread is borne by men tempted to speculate in "the pit," and that the number of embezzlements, bankruptcies, and wrecks caused by gambling in wheat futures is appalling.

That the members of the Chicago Board of Trade, Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce, and Duluth Board of Trade, through whom such gambling operations are made, cover and hide the record of losses sustained by speculators and refuse to exhibit their books to the State officials whose duty it is to protect the public.

That the Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce and Chicago Board of Trade, by virtue of the large membership of wealthy men closely allied with banking institutions, transportation companies, and with certain newspapers of their communities, exercise and control an unwholesome influence in local government and public opinion.

The Manahan resolution alleged that wheat arriving at these terminal markets was graded with unfair severity, and on such grading sold in large quantities by companies from whom it was consigned to terminal elevator companies owned by themselves; that the wheat thus sold to themselves was taken by commission companies to terminal elevators, and there mixed and "doctored" in such a manner as to be afterward shipped at a grade from one to two points higher in filling future orders, and that over 25,000,000 bushels of wheat were thus doctored annually.

CHICAGO, Feb. 19.—C. H. Canby, President of the Chicago Board of Trade, ridiculed the charges made in a resolution introduced in the House today by Representative James Manahan of Minnesota. In a signed statement to-night Mr. Canby said:

"Many of these charges were investigated by a committee of the Minnesota Legislature last year and the Minneapolis Exchange was fully exonerated and the charges discredited.

"The allegations of monopoly are ridiculous. The facts in this connection are that there is no trade or industry or method of doing business in the world more open, free, competitive, and beyond control of trusts and combinations than is the business in grain and products as transacted in this country on our various exchanges."

MANY AT MASONIC DANCE.

Polar Star Lodge Holds Its Annual Banquet at Hotel Astor.

More than 1,000 dancers accepted invitations to the sixty-second anniversary banquet and reception of Polar Star Lodge No. 245, F. and A. M., at the Hotel Astor last night, and the banquet part of the affair was participated in by more than 600 women and men.

Among the guests were Charles Smith, Grand Master of the State of New York; Robert Judson Kenworthy, Past Grand Master; Col. Edward M. L. Ehlers, Grand Secretary; Edward M. Fethers, Grand Marshal; Charles Schenck, Grand Master of Ceremonies; George Freifeld, Deputy Grand Master; Judge Alfred R. Page, Deputy Grand Master; William Homan, State Deputy of Scottish Rites, and the Rev. De Witt Pelton. The Chairman of arrangements was William H. Miller, Grand Treasurer, and President of the Masonic Club.

Among those who danced were Miss May Adams, Miss Frances Bedford, Miss Jeanette Beiderblick, Miss Ethel Burnette, Donald M. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. Earl Christie, Mr. and Mrs. Albert C. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. William J. Dalzell, Countess de San Marzano, Mr. and Mrs. Albert De Cernea, Thomas P. De Graffenried, Dr. and Mrs. Edward C. Ehlers, Mr. and Mrs. John Gerken, Mrs. W. Hart, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur King, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Nolte, Mrs. Lillian Niemeyer, Miss C. A. Wilkins, William Charles Graham, Miss Anita M. Graham, William Hetherington, and Miss Ethel Edith Hetherington.

ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE.

Some of the Passengers on Three Steamships—Departures.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

KRONPRINZESSIN CECILIE (Bremen)—Mrs. A. M. Abbett, G. Allen, J. M. Aspinwall, Mrs. W. D. Chase, Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Clinton, Miss K. Covington, Mrs. G. Cumming, Mrs. F. G. Daniels, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Fee, Miss A. J. Flood, Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Hale, J. H. Howley, Mr. and Mrs. J. Lamb, Mr. and Mrs. Herbuth, H. Lehmann, Rev. G. Napier-Whittinghame, Mrs. Minnie Rider, Miss Lucy Taylor, Miss D. Elliot, Miss S. J. Henderson, A. L. Johnson.

NIEUW AMSTERDAM (Rotterdam)—Miss L. F. Abbott, R. H. Adams, W. H. Drant, Mrs. M. E. Horne, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Scott, J. R. Deacon, Mrs. M. A. Egan.

FRANCONIA (Naples)—F. Almy, Miss E. G. Blanchard, Mrs. Metcalf Bliss, Capt. G. Ellis Baker, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Beach, Miss Lucy Crocker, Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Dubois, R. S. Foster, J. W. Grant, the Rev. and Mrs. H. B. Helsey, B. W. Leigh, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Matthews, H. G. Overholt, Miss L. G. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Chester D. Tripp, E. G. Vaill, and the Rev. C. R. Webb.

Among those sailing to-day for Southampton on the St. Louis are:

Gerald Baker, Charles Clien, M. B. Downs, W. B. Griffin, J. E. Judson, C. E. Lambert, J. R. Melson, G. W. Scott, Miss Lillian Scott, and Miss O. Stratton.

Tourists from Bermuda.

Some of the tourists arriving yesterday from Bermuda on the Arcadian were:

H. C. Bard, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Belknap, R. B. Douglas, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Emslie, Percy Gordon, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Halsey, Collin Kelly, Mr. and Mrs. Felix Lyon, Miss H. [illegible], Mr. and Mrs. J. Sadler, F. K. Wh[illegible]pson, and Mr. and Mrs. [illegible].

FIGHTING BUNNY BITES POET

Haworth's Laureate the Latest Victim of Parson's MHitant Rabbit.

Special to The New York Times.

HAWORTH, N. J., Feb. 19.—While persons living in this place are grateful to "Peter," the Rev. Dr. Charles Jones's fighting rabbit, for having brought the town from obscurity into fame, there are those who fear that the indulgence under which he now carries on his depredations may lead him to become as great a nuisance as a sacred bullock in India. Then there is danger involved in allowing this new element in animal psychology to go unchecked. Peter is seemingly absolutely without fear, and the people of Haworth are wondering whether in view of the preconceived notion that rabbits are harmless, timorous beasts, it is fair to allow this marauding animal to wander at will.

This aspect of the situation has been brought to the front by Josiah Dwight Whitney, the noted poet of Haworth. Mr. Whitney is not alone Haworth's laureate, but he is the arbiter elegantiarum of the place, and no social function in the town is complete without his presence. Mr. Whitney is justly proud of his ability as a tangoist, and this demands agility. No tenor is more careful of his voice than Mr. Whitney is of his legs. Two or three nights ago, as Mr. Whitney was on his way home from the railroad station he was bitten in the leg while he was in the vicinity of the parsonage, and he thinks Peter did it. Mr. Whitney is a just man, and he realizes the benefit that Peter has conferred on Haworth, but as he told his associates in the Town Council, human beings must be respected, even by a rabbit.

There is one animal in Haworth that every one hopes devoutly Peter will chasten. That is the pointer pup that steals the balls at the sixteenth hole on the golf course. John Barron was about to make the sixteenth hole in three the other day, which is the best he has ever done, when the pup ran out from his master's front yard and grabbed the ball. Mr. Barron knows the ball would have made the hole, for it was headed for it, but, of course, he can't prove it now. The owner of the pup has added insult to injury by calling him "Bogey."

Another aspect of the sudden fame which has come to Haworth and is affording those living there deep satisfaction, is the chagrin which has come to the neighboring town of Cresskill. In former days every time the newspapers recounted how Squire John A. Moroso of Cresskill went to fires in his evening clothes or performed some other up-to-date stunt, the people of Haworth gnashed their teeth in impotent rage. Now the tables are turned and Peter is sure of indulgence if for no other reason than that he has scored one on Cresskill.

There is a strong undercurrent of feminism in Haworth, and some persons pretend to see in Peter manifestations of a leaning toward those principles. Some say may be that is why he bit Mr. Whitney. Friends of the laureate point out, though, that granting an animal power to reason, which, of course, no one does, as Mr. Whitney has avoided taking sides on the suffrage question, it is reasonable to suppose that any such motive could have been back of Peter's antipathy.

GOVERNORS ISLAND DINNER.

Capt. and Mrs. Woodward Entertain for Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Barry.

Capt. and Mrs. John E. Woodward gave a large dinner at their home on Governors Island last night in honor of Major Gen. Thomas H. Barry and Mrs. Barry, who are to sail on March 5 for the Philippines. The dinner was followed by a reception and dance at the Corbin Memorial Hall.

A feature of the programme was a suite of poetic and interpretative dances by Paul Swan. Many of the guests came from Washington and Philadelphia. Among those invited were Col. and Mrs. John S. Mallory, Col. and Mrs. William G. Haan, Col. and Mrs. John D. Bellinger, Col. and Mrs. William M. Black, Col. and Mrs. L. M. Maus, Col. and Mrs. L. Mervin, Col. and Mrs. Orin B. Mitcham, Col. and Mrs. J. B. White, Lieut Col. and Mrs. A. E. Bradley, Capt. James A. Moss, Gen. and Mrs. Alison, Col. and Mrs. Charles Hahn, Col. and Mrs. Oliver Bridgman, Capt. and Mrs. Vidmer, and Dr. Louis Livingston Seaman and Mrs. Seaman.

EDISON WON'T SEEK RADIUM.

Inventor Has No Plan to Study Deposits in Ozarks.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST ORANGE, N. J., Feb. 19.—Thousands of letters have been received by Thomas A. Edison recently, inquiring if there was any truth in the reports published in the West to the effect that the inventor was going to the Ozark Mountains in Missouri to study their deposit of radium ore.

Two extra stenographers have been employed to answer the letters. William H. Meadowcroft, Mr. Edison's representatives, said to-day:

"There is nothing in the report that Mr. Edison is going to the West to study radium-bearing ore. He is in no way actively interested in the matter any more than any other intelligent man."

Bishop Kennedy's Condition Better.

Special to The New York Times.

NORRISTOWN, Penn., Feb. 19.—Bishop Thomas F. Kennedy's condition to-night is favorable, according to Dr. Hall, his attending physician, who says there was a change for the better during the day. The congestion of the lungs is somewhat relieved, and pneumonia is not expected to develop.

FOLDER RACK FAKER LATEST HOTEL PEST

When You're Looking at the Time Tables He Sidles Up to You.

NEEDS FARE TO NEW HAVEN

Tall, Thin, with Closely Cropped, Pointed Sandy Beard, He Was Exposed at the Manhattan Desk.

Tall, thin men who affect closely cropped, pointed, sandy beards must not necessarily feel offended if hotel clerks closely scrutinize their features during the next few weeks. Any such unusual attention will simply mean that the men behind the desks are on the lookout for the latest style in grafters that has struck the hotels. This one was shown up only Wednesday night, it was learned yesterday. Already he has been christened the Folder Rack Faker.

A little after dinner time a man who is a frequent patron of the grill room at the Hotel Manhattan approached the desk holding by the arm a well-dressed man whom the clerks at first took to be one of the numerous school superintendents who have been abundant in the lobby of the hotel this week, while their convention is in session.

The second man was about five feet eleven inches tall, and he wore a light Vandyke beard. His age might have been thirty-eight or forty. His clothes were well-cut, and his linen clean. His face was pale.

In astonishment the clerks listened as the man who held him, a heavily built citizen with a Southern accent, thus addressed them:

"I grabbed this rascal downstairs and brought him up for you to look at," he said. "Take a good look at him, because I want you to be able to recognize him should he set foot in the hotel again. Call the house detective and everybody who would be interested."

Then as a miniature line-up of employes of the hotel formed, the captor, keeping a tight grip on the arm of his prisoner, continued:

"About a month ago I happened to step by the time table rack in the Grand Union Hotel, when this man, who was standing near, came up and spoke to me. His appearance and accent were those of a gentleman. He begged my pardon, and then went on to say with apparent embarrassment that he lived in New Haven, and that he had planned to take an early train back to that town, and had discovered only a short while before that his pocket had been picked. He asked me if I would be so kind as to advance him the price of a ticket to New Haven.

"Sizing him up as telling the truth, and naturally feeling sympathetic, I did so. He carefully wrote down my address, and promised to return the small loan the very first thing, when he got back to New Haven. It is useless to add, now, that the money never came.

"To-night, after I had left my dinner table downstairs, I happened to stop by your railroad folder rack to get a time table. Almost immediately I heard the same voice that had addressed me a month ago at the folder rack in the Grand Union. I looked up to behold the same face I had seen on that occasion, and as I stood listening, exactly the same tale was poured into my ears that I had heard on that other occasion.

"So I just grabbed the man by the arm and brought him up here for you to look at. I may tell you I have been looking for this big stiff for almost four weeks. Every time I have entered a hotel lobby I have looked about for my sandy-whiskered friend, but it was not until to-night that I came up with him.

"I have no intention of trying to punish him, though I will admit that had I not remembered when I first caught sight of him to-night that I was in a respectable hotel, I should have smashed his face. However, take a good look at him, and don't let him get near any of your guests, after this."

The clerks, the detective, and the bellboys took a good look at the bearded man, who had been gaining pallor as the other went on denouncing him. When his captor released his grip, he made a dart for the front door, which revolved so fast after him it almost caught the tails of his brown overcoat.

"This region hereabouts seems to be overrun with panhandlers," remarked the strong-armed citizen, who could not repress a chuckle at the manner of the other's departure. "Why, only a week or two ago, in the Grand Central Terminal, I was approached by a young man who told me a hard luck tale about his being a graduate pharmacist out of a job. I took his address and gave him a little assistance, and so much impressed was I by his story that I made a point of hunting up a friend of mine in the drug business and obtaining a position for the unfortunate young man. When I tried to get in touch with the latter, I found that not only was he unknown at the address he had given, but at the institution from which he told me he had been graduated."

TEACHERS GET LICENSES.

Temporary Permits Issued for Use in the High Schools.

City Superintendent Maxwell announces that temporary licenses to act as teachers in training in high schools have been granted to the following applicants:

MEN.

Drawing—Ely M. Behar.
English—George L. Bradlee.
German—Louis Brown, Irving W. Fern, and Milton M. Lorentz.
History—Philip Cohen, Herman P. Levine, Jacques C. Rosenblum, and William G. Steinmetz.
Latin—Solomon Bluhm and Jacob Munn.
Mathematics—Julius M. Rosenthal and Sinclair J. Wilson.

WOMEN.

Biology—Jeannette Frank and Mildred Woodhull.
English—Theresa Lint, Helen E. Brady, Annie B. Brand, Florence E. Brown, Helen J. Burrows, Katharine Duntze, Ruth S. Hessey, Lavinia Morse, Frances E. Napier, Ethel MacP. Thackray, Veni A. Warwick, and Rose Zertlin.
French—Rita Hilborn and Suzanne Roth.
German—Lillie Reilly.
History—Dorothy M. Andrews, Ethel K. Artis, Julia L. Foote, Marguerite J. McGuire, Jane Olwell, and Edith Younghim.
Latin—Rose M. Bennett, Hannah C. Falk, Matilda Schuster, Emilia F. Binepoli, and Magna J. Gray.
Mathematics—Anna Anderson, Elsie E. Buechner, Celia Gerschanek, and Matilda Goertz.

AN ARROW Notch COLLAR

They have the same domestic laundry finish that is the distinguishing quality mark of the higher-priced collars.

2 for 25 cents

CLUETT, PEABODY & CO., INC., TROY, N. Y.
Makers of ARROW SHIRTS

THE Steinway is supreme—no piano of any other make compares with it in sweetness and strength of tone. Every time you are told that another piano is "just as good" or "almost as good" as a Steinway, it is an acknowledgment of the fact that the

STEINWAY

is the ideal piano by which all others are judged.

When you choose a Steinway you give preference to the Standard Piano of the World. Its purchase carries the assurance that money can buy nothing better.

STEINWAY & SONS
Steinway Hall
107-109 East 14th Street, New York
Subway Express Station at the Door

MRS. BOND TO APPEAL.

Senator Gore Deluged with Congratulations on His Acquittal.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., Feb. 19.—Scores of messages congratulating Thomas P. Gore, United States Senator from Oklahoma, on his exoneration yesterday of charges of improper conduct made by Mrs. Minnie E. Bond in a suit for $50,000 damages were received by the Senator to-day.

Notice of appeal from the verdict was given to-day by attorneys for Mrs. Bond. Mrs. Bond announced that she and her husband would move to Dallas, Texas.

JACKSON, Miss., Feb. 19.—The lower house of the Mississippi Legislature today adopted a resolution congratulating United States Senator Thomas P. Gore of Oklahoma "upon his happy deliverance from the snares of political enemies and the triumphant vindication of his spotless name." Senator Gore is a native of Mississippi, and was at one time a page in the lower house of the Legislature.

BIG SUFFRAGE RALLIES

To be Held on May 2 in Place of the Annual Parade.

There will be no big suffrage parade in New York in May, as has been the custom for the past few years. This was decided yesterday at a meeting of the Central Parade Committee, composed of members of the different big suffrage organizations. In place of the parade a big demonstration will be given, beginning at Union Square at noon on May 2. The different organizations will meet in the Square, and from there at a given signal will disperse to hold open air meetings in different parts of the city.

The College League will cover the universities of the city, and the Men's League the financial section. The Political Equality Association and the Women's Political Union will unite to hold a country fair in Riverside Park. The meetings will go on late into the night with fireworks in different places.

SHARKEY SHOVELS SNOW.

He's Kept in Tombs Yard While Other Prisoners Clear Walks.

Thomas J. Sharkey, the former pugilist, who was sentenced last week to spend thirty days in the City Prison and to pay a fine of $500 after he was convicted of running a disorderly house, was busily engaged yesterday shoveling snow in the back yard of the Tombs Prison.

Several squads of prisoners under the watchful eyes of keepers yesterday cleaned the sidewalks of the Tombs on Centre, Lafayette, and Franklin Streets.

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats

$14, $17.50, $22.

THOUGH the reductions from original prices are not as great as some other shops are advertising, we honestly believe that the *values* are far greater. Almost every suit and overcoat in our stock is now $14, $17.50 or $22, and you get the same guarantee of satisfaction or your money back whether you pay $14 for a $30 garment, $17.50 for one that was $40, or $22 for one that was $50.

Wallach Bros.

Third Ave., cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings)
Broadway at 29th St. (Open till 6 P. M.)
246-248 W. 125th St. (Open Evenings)

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

Important to Theatre-Goers!

These theatres and attractions have no dealings whatever with THE TYSON CO. and NO TICKETS will be found on sale at any of their agencies or hotel stands. The best seats for all performances at these theatres can be obtained at the Box Office at regular box office prices.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. T'm'w, Mon. & Wed., 2:20. MAUDE ADAMS IN J. M. BARRIE'S FANTASTIC COMEDY, THE LEGEND OF LEONORA By the author of "PETER PAN."

LYCEUM 45th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:30. MISS. BURKE WILL CONTINUE AT THE LYCEUM Until Feb. 28. Seats now for all remaining performances. MISS BILLIE BURKE in W. S. Maugham's Greatest Success. THE LAND OF PROMISE

KNICKERBOCKER. B'way & 38th St. Evs. 8 MATINEE TO-MORROW AT 2. THE MUSICAL COMEDY WITH A PUNCH. The "A Tango Mania." —Alan Dale. Laughing Husband

FULTON 46th St., nr. B'way. THE MISLEADING LADY Mats. To-morrow, Monday & Wed.

HUDSON 44th St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:20. Mats. To-m'w, Mon. & Wed. LAST TWO WEEKS. WM. COLLIER A LITTLE WATER ON THE SIDE

HARRIS 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:25. Mats. To-m'w, Mon. & Wed. "Sparkles like a new dollar."—Eve. Mail. The New Farcical Comedy. THE RULE OF 3

QUEEN OF THE MOVIES Best Singing and Dancing Chorus in Town.

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Mats. To-mor'w, Mon. & Wed. Patriotic Washington's Birthday Mat. Next Mon. Klaw & Erlanger's New Musical Comedy, The Little Cafe By Ivan Caryll and C. M. S. McLellan. Overflow Souvenir Mat. Wed., Feb. 25. Beautiful Imported "Little Cafe" Fruit and Salad Bowls to Every Lady in Audience.

LIBERTY 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-m'w, Mon. & Wed. HENRY W. SAVAGE offers SARI THE INTERNATIONAL OPERETTA SENSATION

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:20. Last Matinee To-m'w, 2:30. LAST 2 NIGHTS—LAST MAT. TO-M'W. MABEL & EDITH TALIAFERRO in Rachel Crothers' New Comedy, A YOUNG WISDOM.

NEXT MONDAY NIGHT—Seats NOW. HENRY W. SAVAGE OFFERS A COMEDY OF ATMOSPHERE AND ACTION, ALONG CAME RUTH

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. T'm'w, Mon. & Wed. CYRIL MAUDE in the tremendously successful comedy drama, "GRUMPY" the famous English actor

GEO. COHAN'S M. B'way & 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. T'm'w, Mon. & Wed. POTASH & PERLMUTTER

BELASCO 44th St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:25. Mats. To-m'w, Mon. & Thurs. Frances Starr in "THE SECRET."

GRAND OPERA HOUSE, 23d St., 8th Ave. 25c. to $1 Mats. To-m'w & Mon. CHAUNCEY OLCOTT in "Shameen Dhu."

COHAN & HARRIS ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed., Sat. & Mon., 2:20. EXTRA HOLIDAY MAT. NEXT MON. COHAN'S BEST PLAY. Laughs Mystery Melodrama Thrills 7 KEYS TO BALDPATE

ELTINGE 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs., 8:15. Mats. T'm'w, Mon. & Wed., 2:15. THE YELLOW TICKET

LONGACRE W. 48 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. Sat. & Next Mon. DOROTHY DONNELLY with LOU-TELLEGEN in MARIA ROSA

Adolf Philipp THEATRE, 57th St. nr. 3d Av. Tel. Plaza 812. Evs. 8:20. Sat. Mat. 2:20. Extra Mat. Next Mon. Sensational Military Comedy Drama. ZABERN

BRONX Opera House, 149 St., E. of 3d Av. Mat. T'm'w. J. K. Hackett "THE GRAIN OF DUST." Next Wk.—Richard Bennett, "Damaged Goods."

OPERA & THEATRE TICKETS Seats for KAISERHOF Ticket Office, (Downstairs,) opp. Met. Op. House. 1418 B'way. Tel. 3663-3627 Bryant. IRVING PLACE THEATRE. To-night, at 8 P. M., FAUST. Sat. Mat. & Ev., WIE DIE ALTEN SUNGEN;

NEWARK, N. J.

NEWARK'S $1,000,000 AUTOMOBILE SHOW FIRST REGIMENT ARMORY Feb. 21 to 28 10 A. M. to 11 P. M. Mammoth display of Cycleears, Passenger Cars, Commercial Vehicles and Accessories. CONCERTS AFTERNOON & EVE. ADMISSION 50 CENTS Central, Roseville or Clifton Cars to Armory, Sussex Ave. and Jay St.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

DE KALB De Kalb Ave. and Broadway. Telephone 4200 Bushwick. Bargain Matinees Wed. & Sat., 25c. & 50c. Evening Prices 25c. to $1. Next Week.....LITTLE MISS BROWN

MAJESTIC PRUNELLA Last Matinee Saturday. With Mary Ellis Next Week—De Wolf Hopper—Gilbert & Sullivan Op.

HIPPODROME 6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mat. 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8. Biggest spectacle on the world's largest stage. A—M—E—R—I—C—A amplified by the cleverest, most sensational circus acts of two hemispheres.

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th. Matinee To-morrow and Monday at 2. GREATEST OF ALL WINTER GARDEN SHOWS. THE WHIRL OF THE WORLD LYDIA KYASHT Sunday Night Concert. Best Bill in New York.

Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39, nr. B'y. Ev. 8:30. Mats. T'm'w, Mon. & Wed. A Drama of the Present HELP WANTED

LYRIC Evs. 8. Last Mat. To-m'w at 2. WILLIAM FAVERSHAM TO-NIGHT & TO-MORROW. Julius Caesar Spectacular Production BLANCHE RING in "When Claudia Smiles." BEGINNING NEXT MON. MAT.

44th ST. THEATRE, W. of B'way. LAST WEEK Lee Fields ... Proprietor Evs. 8. Last Matinee To-morrow at 2. London Gaiety Theatre Co. and Production, THE GIRL IN THE FILM

Beginning Mat. Washington's Birthday. THE MIDNIGHT GIRL With GEORGE MACFARLANE. (By the authors of ADELE.) Seats Now.

Bernard Granville's Phone 7392 Bryant. DOROTHY TOYE. FOLIES MARIGNY Atop 44th St. Thea. 11 to Closing Time. Adm., $1.00 Variete Dancing Restaurant. Oy-Ra, & Dorna Leigh, &c. THURSDAY, FEB. 26. Arabian Nights Ball Get Tickets Now. $5 a Person. Supper a la Carte.

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. T'm'w, Mon. & Wed. THE THINGS THAT COUNT Great plays which are also clean may be hard to find, but this is one of them. If you haven't heard, ask.

SHUBERT THE... 44 W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15 Mats. T'm'w, Mon. & Wed. A THOUSAND YEARS AGO

Little 44th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:45 Mats. T'm'w, Mon. & Wed., 2:30. The Unique Theatre of America Housing Plays by Authors of International Reputation BERNARD SHAW'S Amazing Comedy, "The Philanderer" All Seats for All Performances, $2.00.

Booth 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15 Mats. To-morrow, Mon., Thurs. OMAR The Tentmaker. GUY BATES POST in

COMEDY Thea., 41st, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. 2:15. "A love tale written in laughter." KITTY MACKAY Regular Mat. To-morrow. Pop. Mat. Monday and Tuesday.

CASINO B'way and 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. T'm'w, Mon., (Pop.) & Wed. (Pop.) HIGH JINKS With STELLA MAYHEW and TOM LEWIS. Souvenir High Jinks Perfume Given to Every Lady at Wednesday, Saturday & Monday Matinees.

39TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Evs. 8:20. Matinee To-morrow, 2:20. LAST WEEK AT THIS THEATRE. Moves to LYRIC Monday Matinee. BLANCHE RING In "WHEN CLAUDIA SMILES." Supported by HARRY CONOR

39TH ST. THEA. BEGINNING Next Tues. Eve. Too Many Cooks New Comedy by FRANK CRAVEN. Mr. Craven will play one of the principal characters.

PRINCESS THEATRE OF THRILLS 39th St. nr. B'way. Every Evg. 8:30. Mats. To-morrow, Monday & Wednesday, 2:30. Emotional Explosions 5 Dynamic Dramas Next Sunday, at 3. SAPIRSTEIN, President.

48TH ST. Thea. Evs. 8:20. Mats. T'm'w & Thur. SEASON'S BIGGEST SUCCESS. TODAY Extra Matinee Monday.

Manhattan OP. HO., 34th St. & 8 Av. Evs. 8:15. Mats. T'm'w, Mon. & Wed. The World's Greatest Melodrama. THE WHIP

WEST END. 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-m'w, Mon. MAY ROBSON in "THE CLEVER WOMAN" Bgg. Mon. Mat., Doris Keane in Romance

Cort 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. at 8:20. Mts. T'm'w, Mon. & Wed. at 2:20. Laurette Taylor "Peg o' My Heart."

Royal 1 blk from 149 St. & 3 Av. Ev. 8:15 25c. to $1. Mat. To-morrow, 2:15. WITHIN THE LAW. Mon. Mat. "The Family Cupboard"

BURTON HOLMES CARNEGIE HALL SUNDAY at 8:15 MON. MAT. at 2:30 50c. to $1.50 "THE PHILIPPINES" 3 IN 1. A COMBINATION OF THE BEST COLORED VIEWS "MOVIES" and TRAVELTALK. FROM HIS "MANILA," "LUZON" & "CRUISE." SUNDAY EVE., MAR. 1st, "EGYPT."

HAMMERSTEIN'S — 18 BIG ACTS. CURTAIN 1:40 & 7:40 SHARP. Emma Carus, assisted by Carl Randall, Eva Davenport, Lydia Barry, Stunting Mohr, "Just Half Way," Howard's Ponies, Violinsky, Cartmell & Harris, & 10 others.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th Burlesque Mat. To-day. SOCIAL MAIDS

Carnegie Lyceum. Daily mat'd'g Sun., 2:15-8:15. VICTOR HUGO'S LES MISERABLES Mats. 25c-50c. Nights 25c-$1.

SUBSCRIBER WILL SELL theatre centre orchestra seats [illegible] Casino next Monday night. [illegible]

Princess Theatre, next Sun. Aft., 3. Piano Recital SAPIRSTEIN

JARDIN DE DANSE Matinee Teas 3:30 to 6:30 8:30 TO CLOSING "LA FURLANA" Europe's Dance Sensation. ADELAIDE and OTHER STARS. MONDAY NIGHT "QUATZ-ARTS" COSTUME BALL $2,500 IN PRIZES.

VITAGRAPH THEATRE, B'WAY & 46TH ST. 11 A. M., 2:30, 5:30, & 8:30 P. M. MOTION PICTURE CLASSICS "A MILLION BID," BUNNY (himself) and "GOODNESS GRACIOUS."

WEBER'S, B'way & 29th St. ALL SEATS 25c. SMASHING THE VICE TRUST Based on the disclosures during District Attorney Whitman's fight on the vice interests.

NEW YORK THEA., Bgg. Next Mon., 2 P. M. Every Day, 2, 4, 7, & 9. Prices 10, 25 & 50c. THE THREE MUSKETEERS. The Huge Farce & London Sensation. 7 Acts, 270 Scenes. Special Orch. Music.

HURTIG & SEAMON'S NEW THEATRE West 125th St. Mat. Daily. Smoking Permitted. Burlesque de Luxe. Belles of Beauty Row.

SPORTSMEN'S SHOW—MADISON SQ. GARDEN, Feb. 21 to 27. Indoor Trap Shooting, Water Sports Carnival. Sportsmen's Equipment, Adm., 50c. Open Sun.

REPUBLIC 42d St., W. of B'way. ADM. 25c Daily, 2-4-7-9 P. M. Universal Film Co. presents TRAFFIC IN SOULS

EDEN MUSEE. WORLD IN WAX. 53 West 23d St. (Dunninger, Magic, CINEMATOGRAPH. The Bomb Throwers. People Talked of

MURRAY HILL Evs. 8:15. BURLESQUE Mat. To-day. Next Week—Ben Welch & Ben Yun Glok.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. JOSEF STRANSKY, CONDUCTOR. Next Sunday Afternoon at 3. Gretry-Mottl, Schubert, Grieg, Charpentier. Soloist, MME. TERESA CARRENO Pianist. CARNEGIE HALL. Tickets at Box Office.

Belasco Theatre at Popular Prices. Sunday Ev., Feb. 22—Washington's Birthday. TRIO DE LUTECE Barrere, flute; Salzedo, harp; Kefer, 'cello. Assisted by MME. GERVILLE-REACHE Seats $1.50 to 50 cts. Direction C. A. Bamman.

HIPPODROME—Sunday Eve., Mar. 1 FAREWELL JOINT RECITAL MELBA & KUBELIK SEAT SALE OPENS MONDAY. 75c. to $2.50. Mgt. Loudon Charlton.

Aeolian Hall, To-m'w (Sat.) Eve., at 8:15. VIOLIN RECITAL ALBERT Cornfeld Tickets, 50c. to $1.50, at Box Office.

EDITH CLINE FORD Dramatic interpretation of Strindberg's LUCKY PEHR. MacDowell Club, 108 West 55th St. To-night, 8:15. Management Bureau Associated Authors and Artists. Tickets $1.00.

CARNEGIE HALL, Tues. Aft., Feb. 24, at 3. JULIA CULP COENRAAD V. BOS at the Piano (Knabe) Seats on sale. Management Antonia Sawyer.

CENTURY OPERA HOUSE | CENTRAL PARK WEST 62D ST. This Week and Next Monday, "MANON." Extra Mat. Washington Day (Monday), "HANSEL AND GRETEL." BALLET and "CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA." Week Beginning next Tues., "PAGLIACCI" and "SECRET OF SUZANNE." Popular Concert Every Sunday Night.

Aeolian Hall, Thurs. Eve., Feb. 26th, at 8:30 3d Lecture in N. Y. Peace Society's Course by Ex-President Taft Subject: "The U. S. Senate and General International Arbitration." Seats at Box Office.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE To-night at 8:15, Manon Lescaut. Bori: Caruso, Scotti, Segurola, Reiss. Cond., Polacco. Sat. at 2, Boris Godunow. Ober, Braslau; Didur, Althouse, Rothier, Bada, Segurola, Reiss. Conductor, Hasselmans. Sat. at 7:45, Popular Prices. Walkuere. Gadski, Fremstad, Robeson; Jorn, Well, Ruysdael. Con., Hertz. Sun. at 8:30, Concert, 50c. to $1.50. Elman, Russian violinist; Case; Martin and entire orch. Next Mon., Sp'l Wag. Night, at 8. La Boheme. Farrar, Alten; Caruso, Gilly, Didur, Rothier. Cond., Polacco. Mon. at 8, Double Bill. Madeleine, Alda; Althouse, Segurola. Cond., Polacco. Jon Pasquale, Bori; Cristalli, Scotti, Pini-Corsi. Cond., Toscanini. Tues. at 8, Philis.-Ch'go Opera Co. Jewels of the Madonna. Wolfe, Beat. Riegelman; Bassi, Polese, Warnery. Cond., Campanini. Wed. at 7:45, Lohengrin. Gadski, Homer; Berger, Weil, Witherspoon, Schlegel. Cond., Hertz. Thurs. at 8 (First Time), Charpentier's Opera, Julien. Farrar; Caruso, Gilly. Cond., Polacco. Fri. at 8, Magic Flute. Destinn, Hempel, Alten; Jorn, Witherspoon, Goritz, Reiss, Well. Cond., Hertz.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Next Tues. at 8, Tosca. Fremstad, Braslau; Martin, Scotti, Rossi. Cond., Polacco. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

SYMPHONY